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#### MR. JAMES THOMSON.

through the rudeness of young Thomson's puerile essays, a fund of genius well deserving culture and encouragement. He undertook therefore, with the father's approbation, the chief direction of his studies, furnished him with the proper books, corrected his performances; and was daily rewarded with the pleasure of seeing his labour so happily employed.

THE other reverend gentleman, Mr. Gusthart, one of the ministers of Edinburgh, and senior of the Chapel Royal, was no less serviceable to Mrs. Thomson in the management of her little affairs; which, after the decease of her husband, burdened as she was with a family of nine children, required the prudent counsels and assistance of that faithful and generous friend.

Sir William Bennet likewise, well known for his gay humour and ready poetical wit, was highly delighted with our young poet, and used to invite him to pass the summer vacation at his country seat: a scene of life which Mr. Thomson always remembered with particular pleasure. But what he wrote during that time, either to entertain Sir William and Mr. Riccarton, or for his own amusement, he destroyed every new year's day; committing his little pieces to the slames, in their due order; and crowning the solemnity with a copy of verses, in which were humorously recited the several grounds of their condemnation.

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AFTER the usual course of school education, under an able master at Jedburgh, Mr. Thomson was sent to the University of Edinburgh. But in the second year of his admission, his studies were for some time interrupted by the death of his father; who was carried off so suddenly, that it was not possible for Mr. Thomson, with all the diligence he could use, to receive his last blessing. This affected him to an uncommon degree; and his relations still remember some extraordinary instances of his grief and silial duty on that occasion.

MRS. Themson, whose maiden name was Hume, and who was co-heiress of a small estate in the country, did not sink under this missortune. She consulted her friend Mr. Gusthart; and having, by his advice, mortgaged her moiety of the farm, repaired with her family to Edinburgh; where she lived in a decent frugal manner, till her favourite son had not only sinished his academical course, but was even distinguished and patronized as a man of genius. She was, herself, a person of uncommon natural endowments; possessed of every social and domestic virtue; with an imagination, for vivacity and warmth, scarce inferior to her son's, and which raised her devotional exercises to a pitch bordering on enthusiasm.

Bur whatever advantage Mr. Thom/on might derive from the complexion of his parent, it is certain he owed much to a religious education; and that his early

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carly acquaintance with the facred writings contributed greatly to that fubline, by which his works will be for ever diffinguished. In his first pieces, the Seafons, we see him at once assume the majestic freedom of an Eastern writer; seizing the grand images as they rise, cloathing them in his own expressive language, and preserving, throughout, the grace, the variety, and the dignity which belong to a just composition; unhurt by the stiffness of formal method.

About this time, the fludy of poetry was become general in Scetland, the best English authors being universally read, and imitations of them attempted. Addison had lately displayed the beauties of Milton's immortal work; and his remarks on it, together with Mr. Pope's celebrated Essay, had opened the way to an acquaintance with the best poets and critics.

But the most learned critic is not always the best judge of poetry; taste being a gift of nature, the want of which, Aristotle and Bossu cannot supply; nor even the study of the best originals, when the reader's faculties are not tuned in a certain consonance to those of the poet: and this happened to be the case with certain learned gentlemen, into whose hands a few of Mr. Thomson's first essays had fallen. Some inaccuracies of stile, and those luxuriancies which a young writer can hardly avoid, lay open to their cavils and censure; so far indeed they might be competent

judges: but the fire and enthusiasm of the poet had entirely escaped their notice. Mr. Thomson, however, conscious of his own strength, was not discouraged by this treatment; especially as he had some friends on whose judgment he could better rely, and who thought very differently of his performances. Only, from that time, he began to turn his views towards London; where works of genius may always expect a candid reception and due encouragement; and an accident soon after entirely determined him to try his fortune there.

THE divinity chair at Edinburgh was then filled by the reverend and learned Mr. Hamilton; a gentleman univerfally respected and beloved; and who had particularly endeared himself to the young divines under his care, by his kind offices, his candor and affability. Our author had attended his lectures for about a year, when there was prescribed to him for the subject of an exercise, a Psalm, in which the power and majefty of God are celebrated. Of this pfalm he gave a paraphrase and illustration, as the nature of the exercise required; but in a stile so highly poetical as furprized the whole audience. Hamilton, as his custom was, complimented the orator upon his performance, and pointed out to the fludents the most masterly striking parts of it; but at last, turning to Mr. Thomson, he told him, smiling, that if he thought of being useful in the ministry, he muit

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must keep a stricter rein upon his imagination, and express himself in language more intelligible to an ordinary congregation.

This gave Mr. Thomson to understand, that his expectations from the study of theology might be very precarious; even though the Church had been more his free choice than probably it was. So that having, soon after, received some encouragement from a lady of quality, a friend of his mother's, then in London, he quickly prepared himself for his journey. And although this encouragement ended in nothing beneficial, it served for the present as a good pretext, to cover the imprudence of committing himself to the wide world, unfriended and unpatronized, and with the slender stock of money he was then possessed

But his merit did not long lie concealed. Mr. Forbes, afterwards Lord President of the Session, then attending the service of Parliament, having seen a specimen of Mr. Thomson's poetry in Sociland, received him very kindly, and recommended him to some of his friends: particularly to Mr. Aikman, who lived in great intimacy with many persons of distinguished rank and worth. This gentleman, from a connoisseur in painting, was become a prosess'd painter; and his taste being no less just and delicate in the kindred art of descriptive poetry, than in his own, no wonder that he soon conceived a friendship for our authors.

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What a warm return he met with, and how Mr. Thomson was affected by his friend's premature death, appears in the copy of verses which he wrote on that occasion.

In the mean time, our author's reception, whereever he was introduced, emboldened him to rifque the publication of his Winter: in which, as himfelf was a mere novice in fuch matters, he was kindly affifted by Mr. Mallet, then private tutor to his Grace the Duke of Montrofe, and his brother the Lord George Graham, so well known afterwards as an able and gallant sea officer. To Mr. Mallet he likewife owed his first acquaintance with several of the wits of that time; an exact information of their characters, personal and poetical, and how they stood affected to each other.

THE Poem of Winter, published in March 1726. was no fooner read than univerfally admired: those only excepted who had not been used to feel, or to look for, any thing in poetry, beyond a point of fatirical or epigrammatic wit, a smart antithesis richly trimmed with rhime, or the foftness of an elegiac complaint. To fuch his manly classical spirit could not readily recommend itself; till after a more attentive perufal, they had got the better of their prejudices, and either acquired or affected a truer taste. A few others flood aloof, merely because they had long be-

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fore fixed the articles of their poetical creed, and refigned themselves to an absolute despair of ever seeing any thing new and original. These were somewhat mortisted to find their notions disturbed by the appearance of a poet, who seemed to owe nothing but to nature and his own genius. But, in a short time, the applause became unanimous; every one wondering how so many pictures, and pictures so familiar, should have moved them but faintly to what they selt in his descriptions. His digressions too, the overslowings of a tender benevolent heart, charm'd the reader no less; leaving him in doubt, whether he should more admire the *Poet*, or love the *Man*.

FROM that time Mr. Thomson's acquaintance was courted by all men of taste; and several ladies of high rank and distinction became his declared patronesses: the Countess of Hertford, Miss Drelincourt, afterwards Viscountess Primrose, Mrs. Stanley, and others. But the chief happiness which his Winter procured him was, that it brought him acquainted with Dr. Rundle, afterwards Lord Bishop of Derry: who, upon conversing with Mr. Thomson, and finding in him qualities greater still, and of more value, than those of a poet, received him into his intimate confidence and friend-ship; promoted his character every where; introduced him to his great friend the Lord Chancellor Talbot; and, some years after, when the eldest son of that nobleman was to make his tour of travel-

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ling, recommended Mr. Thomson as a proper companion for him. His affection and gratitude to Dr. Rundle, and his indignation at the treatment that worthy prelate had met with, are finely expressed in his poem to the memory of Lord Taibot. The true cause of that undeserved treatment has been secreted from the public, as well as the dark managuvres that were employed: but Mr. Thomson, who had access to the best information, places it to the account of

> - Slanderous zeal, and politics infirm, Tealous of worth .-

MEANWHILE, our poet's chief care had been, in return for the public favour, to finish the plan which their wishes laid out for him; and the expectations which his Winter had raised, were fully satisfied by the fuccessive publication of the other Seasons: of Summer, in the year 1727; of Spring, in the beginning of the following year; and of Autumn, in a quarto edition of his works, printed in 1730.

In that edition, the Seasons are placed in their natural order: and crown'd with that inimitable Hymn; in which we view them in their beautiful fuccession, as one whole, the immediate effect of infinite Power and Goodness. In imitation of the Hebrew Bard, all nature is called forth to do homage to the Creator, and the reader

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Besides these, and his tragedy of Sophonisha, written, and acted with applause, in the year 1729, Mr. Thomson had, in 1727, published his poem to the Memory of Sir Isaac Newton, then lately deceased; containing a deserved encomium of that incomparable man, with an account of his chief discoveries; sublimely poetical; and yet so just, that an ingenious foreigner, the Count Algaretti, takes a line out of it for the text of his philosophical dialogues, Il Neutonianismo per le dame: this was in part owing to the assistance he had of his friend Mr. Gray, a gentleman well versed in the Newtonian Philosophy, who, on that occasion, gave him a very exact, though general, abstract of its principles.

THAT same year, the resentment of our merchants, for the interruption of their trade by the Spaniards in America, running very high, Mr. Thomson zealously took part in it; and wrote his poem Britannia, to rouse the nation to revenge. And although this piece is the less read that its subject was but accidental and temporary; the spirited generous sentiments that enrich it, can never be out of season: they will at least remain a monument of that love of his country, that devotion to the public, which he is ever inculcating as

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the perfection of virtue, and which none ever felt more pure, or more intense, than himself.

Our author's poetical studies were now to be interrupted, or rather improved, by his attendance on the honourable Mr. Charles Talbet in his travels. A delightful task indeed! endowed as that young nobleman was by nature, and accomplished by the care and example of the best of fathers, in whatever could adorn humanity: graceful of person, elegant in manners and address, pious, humane, generous; with an exquisite taste in all the finer arts.

With this amiable companion and friend, Mr. Thomson visited most of the courts and capital cities of Europe; and returned with his views greatly enlarged; not of exterior nature only, and the works of art, but of human life and manners, of the constitution and policy of the feveral states, their connexions, and their religious institutions. How particular and judicious his observations were, we see in his poem of Liberty, begun soon after his return to England. We fee, at the same time, to what a high pitch his love of his country was raised, by the comparisons he had all along been making of our happy well-poifed government with those of other nations. To inspire his fellow-subjects with the like sentiments; and to shew them by what means the precious freedom we enjoy

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enjoy may be preferved, and how it may be abused or lost; he employed two years of his life in composing that noble work: upon which, conscious of the importance and dignity of the subject, he valued himfelf more than upon all his other writings.

WHILE Mr. Thomson was writing the First Part of Liberty, he received a severe shock by the death of his noble friend and fellow traveller: which was foon followed by another that was feverer still. and of more general concern; the death of Lord Talbot himself; which Mr. Thomson so pathetically and so justly laments in the poem dedicated to his memory. In him, the nation faw itself deprived of an uncorrupted patriot, the faithful guardian of their rights, on whose wisdom and integrity they had founded their hopes of relief from many tedious vexations: and Mr. Thomson, besides his share in the general mourning, had to bear all the affliction which a heart like his could feel, for the person whom, of all mankind, he most revered and loved. At the same time, he found himself, from an easy competency, reduced to a state of precarious dependance, in which he passed the remainder of his life; excepting only the two last years of it, during which he enjoyed the place of Surveyor-General of the Leeward Islands, procured for him by the generous friendship of my Lord Lyttelton.

#### EVI WT HE LIFE OF BY

IMMEDIATELY upon his return to England with Mr. Talbot, the Chancellor had made him his fecretary of Briefs; a place of little attendance, fuiting his retired indolent way of life, and equal to all his wants. This place fell with his patron; and although the noble Lord, who fucceeded to Lord Talbot in office, kept it vacant for fome time, probably till Mr. Thomson should apply for it, he was so dispirited, and so listless to every concern of that kind, that he never took one step in the affair: a neglect which his best friends greatly blamed in him.

YET could not his genias be depressed, or his temper hurt, by this reverse of fortune. He resumed, with time, his usual chearfulness, and never abated one article in his way of living; which, though simple, was genial and elegant. The profits arising from his works were not inconsiderable; his tragedy of Agamennon, acted in 1738, yielded a good sum; Mr. Millar was always at hand, to answer, or even to prevent, his demands; and he had a friend or two besides, whose hearts, he knew, were not contracted by the ample fortunes they had acquired; who would, of themselves, interpose, if they saw any occasion for it.

But his chief dependance, during this long interval, was on the protection and bounty of His Royal Highness FREDERIC Prince of Wales; who,

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upon the recommendation of Lord Lyttelton, then his chief favourite, fettled on him a handsome allowance. And afterwards, when he was introduced to his Royal Highness, that excellent prince, who truly was what Mr. Thomson paints him, the friend of mankind and of merit, received him very graciously, and ever after honoured him with many marks of particular favour and considence. A circumstance, which does equal honour to the patron and the poet, ought not here to be omitted; that my Lord Lyttelton's recommendation came altogether unfollicited, and long before Mr. Thomson was personally known to him.

It happened, however, that the favour of his Royal Highness was in one instance of some prejudice to our author; in the resusal of a licence for his tragedy of Edward and Eleonora, which he had prepared for the stage in the year 1739. The reader may see that this play contains not a line which could justly give offence; but the ministry, still fore from certain pasquinades, which had lately produced the stage-act; and as little satisfied with some parts of the prince's political conduct, as he was with their management of the public affairs; would not risque the representation of a piece written under his cye, and, they might probably think, by his command.

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This refusal drew after it another; and in a way which, as it is related, was rather ludicrous. Mr. Paterson, a companion of Mr. Thomson, afterwards his deputy and then his successor in the general-surveyorship, used to write out fair copies for his friend, when such were wanted for the press or for the stage. This gentleman likewise courted the tragic muse; and had taken for his subject, the story of Arminius the German hero. But his play, guiltless as it was, being presented for a licence, no sooner had the censor cast his eyes on the hand-writing in which he had seen Edward and Eleonora, than he cried out, Away with it! and the author's profits were reduced to what his bookseller could afford for a tragedy in distress.

MR. Thomson's next dramatic performance was the Masque of Alfred; written, jointly with Mr. Mallet, by command of the Prince of Wales, for the entertainment of His Royal Highness's court, at his summer-residence. This piece, with some alterations, and the music new, has since been brought upon the stage by Mr. Mallet: but the edition we give is from the original, as it was acted at Clifden, in the year 1740, on the birth-day of Her Royal Highness the Princess Augusta.

In the year 1745, his Tancred and Sigismunda, taken from the novel in Gil Blas, was performed with applause; and from the deep romantic distress of the lovers.

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lovers, continues to draw crowded houses. The success of this piece was indeed ensured from the first, by Mr. Garrick and Mrs. Cibber, their appearing in the principal characters; which they heightened and adorned with all the magic of their never-failing art.

He had, in the mean time, been finishing his Castle of Indolence, in two Canto's. It was, at first, little more than a few detached stanzas, in the way of raillery on himself, and on some of his friends, who would reproach him with indolence; while he thought them, at least, as indolent as himself. But he saw very soon, that the subject deserved to be treated more seriously, and in a form fitted to convey one of the most important moral lessons.

The stanza which he uses in this work is that of Spenser, borrowed from the Italian poets; in which he thought rhimes had their proper place, and were even graceful: the compass of the stanza admitting an agreeable variety of sinal sounds; while the sense of the poet is not cramped or cut short, nor yet too much dilated: as must often happen, when it is parcelled out into rhimed couplets; the usual measure, indeed, of our elegy and satire; but which always weakens the higher poetry, and, to a true ear, will sometimes give it an air of the burlesque.

This was the last piece Mr. Thomson himself published; his tragedy of Coriolanus being only prepared

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pared for the theatre, when a fatal accident robbed the world of one of the best men, and best poets, that lived in it.

He had always been a timorous horseman; and more fo, in a road where numbers of giddy or unskilful riders are continually passing: so that when the weather did not invite him to go by water, he would commonly walk the distance between London and Richmond, with any acquaintance that offered; with whom he might chat and rest himself, or perhaps dine, by the way. One fummer evening, being alone, in his walk from town to Hammersmith, he had overheated himself, and in that condition, imprudently took a boat to carry him to Kew; apprehending no bad confequence from the chill air on the river, which his walk to his house, at the upper end of Kervlone, had always hitherto prevented. But, now, the cold had so seized him, that next day he found himfelf in a high fever, so much the more to be dreaded that he was of a full habit. This however, by the use of proper medicines, was removed, so that he was thought to be out of danger: till the fine weather having tempted him to expose himself once more to the evening dews, his fever returned with vio-Ience, and with fuch fymptoms as left no hopes of a cure. Two days had passed before his relapse was known in town; at last Mr. Mitchell and Mr. Reid, with Dr. Armftrong, being informed of it, posted out at midnight to his assistance: but alas! came only

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only to endure a fight of all others the most shocking to nature, the last agonies of their beloved friend. This lamented death happened on the 27th day of August, 1748.

His testamentary executors were, the Lord Lyttelson, whose care of our poet's fortune and fame ceased not with his life; and Mr. Mitchell, a gentleman equally noted for the truth and constancy of his private friendships, and for his address and spirit as a public minister. By their united interest, the orphan play of Coriolanus was brought on the stage to the best advantage: from the profits of which, and the fale of manuscripts, and other effects, all demands were duly fatisfied, and a handsome sum remitted to his fifters. My Lord Lyttelton's prologue to this piece was admired as one of the best that had ever been written: the best spoken it certainly was. The sympathizing audience faw that, then indeed, Mr. Quin was no after; that the tears he shed, were those of real friendship and grief.

Ma. Thomson's remains were deposited in the church of Richmond, under a plain stone, without any inscription: nor did his brother poets at all exert themselves on the occasion, as they had lately done for one who had been the terror of poets all his lifetime. This silence furnished matter to one of his friends for an excellent satirical epigram, which we

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are forry we cannot give the reader. Only one gentleman, Mr. Collins, who had lived some time at Richmond, but forsook it when Mr. Thomson died, wrote an Ode to his memory. This, for the dirgelike melancholy it breathes, and the warmth of affection that seems to have dictated it, we shall subjoin to the present account.

Our author himself hints, somewhere in his works, that his exterior was not the most promising; his make being rather robust than graceful: though it is known that in his youth he had been thought handsome. His worst appearance was, when you saw him walking alone, in a thoughtful mood: but let a friend accost him, and enter into conversation, he would instantly brighten into a most amiable aspect, his features no longer the same, and his eye darting a peculiar animated fire. The case was much alike in company; where, if it was mixed, or very numerous, he made but an indifferent figure: but with a few felect friends, he was open, sprightly, and entertaining. His wit flowed freely, but pertinently, and at due intervals, leaving room for every one to contribute his share. Such was his extreme sensibility, so perfect the harmony of his organs with the fentiments of his mind, that his looks always announced. and half expressed, what he was about to say; and his voice corresponded exactly to the manner and degree in which he was affected. This fenfibility had

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one inconvenience attending it, that it rendered him the very work reader of good poetry: a famet, or a copy of tame veries, he could manage pretty well; or even improve them in the reading of but, a paffage of Virgit, Milton, or Shake pears, would fometimes quite oppress him, that you could hear little else than fome ill-articulated founds, rising as from the bottom of his breatt.

His had improved his taste upon the best originals, ancient and modern; but could not bear to write what was not strictly his own, what had not more immediately struck his imagination, or touched his heart: so that he is not in the least concerned in that question about the merit or demerit of imitators. What he borrows from the ancients, he gives us in an avowed faithful paraphrase or translation; as we see in a few passages taken from Virgil, and in that beautiful picture from Pliny the elder, where the course, and gradual increase of the Nile, are sigured by the stages of man's life.

The autumn was his favourite feason for poetical composition, and the deep silence of the night, the time he commonly chose for such studies; so that he would often be heard walking in his library, till near morning, humming over, in his way, what he was to correct and write out next day.

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THE amusements of his leifure hours were civil and natural history, voyages, and the relations of travellers, the most authentic he could procure: and had his fituation favoured it. he would certainly have excelled in gardening, agriculture, and every rural improvement and exercise. Although he performed on no instrument, he was passionately fond of music, and would fometimes liften a full hour at his window to the nightingales in Richmond gardens. While abroad, he had been greatly delighted with the regular Italian drama, fuch as Metastasio writes; as it is there heightened by the charms of the best voices and instruments; and looked upon our theatrical entertainments as, in one respect, naked and imperfect, when compared with the ancient, or with those of Italy; wishing fometimes that a chorus, at least, and a better recitative, could be introduced.

Non was his taste less exquisite in the arts of painting, sculpture, and architesture. In his travels, he had seen all the most celebrated monuments of antiquity, and the best productions of modern art; and studied them so minutely, and with so true a judgment, that in some of his descriptions, in the poem of Liberty, we have the master-pieces there mentioned placed in a stronger light perhaps than if we saw them with our eyes; at least more justly delineated than in any other account extant: so superior is a natural taste of the grand and beautiful, to the traditional lessons

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of a common virtuofo. His collection of prints, and fome drawings from the antique, are now in the poffession of his friend Mr. Gray of Richmond Hill.

As for his more distinguishing qualities of mind and beart, they are better represented in his writings, than they can be by the pen of any biographer. There, his love of mankind, of his country and friends; his devotion to the Supreme Being, founded on the most elevated and just conceptions of his operations and providence, shine out in every page. So unbounded was his tenderness of heart, that it took in even the brute creation: judge what it must have been towards his own species. He is not indeed known, through his whole life, to have given any person one moment's pain, by his writings or otherwife. He took no part in the poetical squabbles which happened in his time; and was respected and left undisturbed by both sides. He would even refuse to take offence when he justly might; by interrupting any personal story that was brought him, with some jest, or some humorous apology for the offender. Nor was he ever feen ruffled or discomposed, but when he read or heard of some flagrant instance of injustice, oppression, or cruelty: then, indeed, the strongest marks of horror and indignation were visible in his countenance.

THESE amiable virtues, this divine temper of mind, did not fail of their due reward. His friends loved

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him with an enthusiastic ardor, and lamented his untimely fate in the manner that is still fresh in every one's memory; the best and greatest men of his time honoured him with their friendship and protection; the applause of the public attended every appearance he made: the actors, of whom the more eminent were his friends and admirers, grudging no pains to. do justice to his tragedies. At present indeed, if we except Tancred, they are feldom called for; the fimplicity of his plots, and the models he worked after, not fuiting the reigning tafte, nor the impatience of an English theatre. They may hereafter come to be in vogue: but we hazard no comment or conjecture upon them, or upon any part of Mr. Thomson's works; neither need they any defence or apology, after the reception they have had at home, and in the foreign languages into which they have been translated. We shall only say, that, to judge from the imitations of his manner, which have been following him close, from the very first publication of Winter, he seems to have fixed no inconsiderable æra. of the English poetry.

# O D E

#### ONTHE

DEATH of MR. THOMSON.

By Mr. COLLINS.

The scene of the following stanzas is supposed to lie on the Thames near Richmond.

T.

IN yonder grave a Druid lies
Where flowly winds the stealing wave!
The year's best sweets shall duteous rise
To deck its Poet's sylvan grave!

#### II.

In you deep bed of whisp'ring reeds.

His airy harp \* shall now be laid,

That he, whose heart in forrow bleeds.

May love thro' life the soothing shade.

\* The harp of Æolus, of which fee a description in the Castle of Indolence.

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III.

Then maids and youths shall linger here, And while its sounds at distance swell, Shall sadly seem in Pity's ear, To hear the Woodland Pilgrim's knell.

Remembrance oft shall haunt the shore
When Thames in summer wreaths is drest,
And oft suspend the dashing oar
To bid his gentle spirit rest!

V.

And oft as Ease and Health retire

To breezy lawn, or forest deep,
The friend shall view yon whitening \* spire,
And 'mid the varied landscape weep.

VI.

But Thou, who own'st that earthy bed, Ah! what will every dirge avail? Or tears, which Love and Pity shed That mourn beneath the gliding fail!

\* RICHMOND Church.

#### VII.

Yet lives there one, whose heedless eye
Shall scorn thy pale shrine glimm'ring near?
With him, sweet bard, may Fancy die,
And Joy desert the blooming year.

#### VIII.

But thou, lorn stream, whose sullen tide No sedge-crown'd Sisters now attend, Now wast me from the green hill's side Whose cold turf hides the buried friend!

#### IX.

And fee, the fairy valleys fade,
Dun Night has veil'd the folemn view!
Yet once again, dear parted shade,
Meek Nature's Child, again adieu!

#### X.

The genial meads affign'd to bless
Thy life, shall mourn thy early doom,
Their hinds, and shepherd-girls shall dress
With simple hands thy rural tomb.

XI.

Long, long, thy stone, and pointed clay,
Shall melt the musing Briton's eyes,
O! vales, and wild woods, shall He say,
In yonder grave Your Druid lies!



T'H.E

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Spring

SPRING.

## The ARGUMENT.

The subject proposed. Inscribed to the Counters of Hartford. The Season is described as it affects the various parts of Nature, ascending from the lower to the higher; with digressions arising from the subject. Its instuence on inanimate Matter, on Vegetables, on brute Animals, and last on Man; concluding with a dissussive from the wild and irregular passion of Love, opposed to that of a pure and happy kind.



OME, gentle Spring, ethereal Mildness, come; And from the bosom of you dropping cloud, While music wakes around, veil'd in a shower Of shadowing roses, on our plains descend.

O HARTFORD, fitted or to shine in courts With unaffected grace, or walk the plain With innocence and meditation join'd In foft affemblage, liften to my fong, Which thy own Season paints; when Nature all Is blooming and benevolent, like thee. OI

AND see where furly WINTER passes off, Far to the north, and calls his ruffian blafts: His blafts obey, and quit the howling hill, The shattered forest, and the ravag'd vale; While fofter gales fucceed, at whose kind touch, Diffolving fnows in livid torrents loft, The mountains lift their green heads to the sky.

As yet the trembling year is unconfirm'd, And WINTER oft at eve resumes the breeze, Chills the pale morn, and bids his driving fleets Deform the day delightless: so that scarce The bittern knows his time, with bill ingulpht

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To shake the sounding marsh; or from the shore The plovers when to scatter o'er the heath, And sing their wild notes to the listening waste.

Ar last from Aries rolls the bounteous sun, And the bright Bull receives him. Then no more Th' expansive atmosphere is cramp'd with cold; But, sull of life and vivising soul, Lists the light clouds sublime, and spreads them thin, 30 Fleecy and white, o'er all-surrounding heaven.

FORTH fly the tepid airs; and unconfin'd,
Unbinding earth, the moving foftness strays.
Joyous, th' impatient husbandman perceives
Relenting Nature, and his lusty steers 35
Drives from their stalls, to where the well-us'd plough
Lies in the surrow, loosened from the frost.
There, unresusing, to the harness'd yoke
They lend their shoulder, and begin their toil,
Chear'd by the simple song and soaring lark.
Meanwhile incumbent o'er the shining share
The master leans, removes th' obstructing clay,
Winds the whole work, and sidelong lays the glebe.

WHITE thro' the neighbouring fields the fower stalks, With measur'd step; and liberal throws the grain 45 Into the faithful bosom of the ground:
The harrow follows harsh, and shuts the scene.

BE gracious, HEAVEN! for now laborious Man Has done his part. Ye fostering breezes blow!

Ye

Ye fostening dews, ye tender showers, descend! 50 And temper all, thou world-reviving fun, Into the perfect year! Nor ye who live In luxury and ease, in pomp and pride, Think these lost themes unworthy of your ear: Such themes as these the rural MARO fung To wide-imperial ROME, in the full height Of elegance and tafte, by GREECE refin'd. In antient times, the facred plough employ'd The kings, and awful fathers of mankind: And some, with whom compar'd your insect-tribes 60 Are but the beings of a fummer's day, Have held the scale of empire, rul'd the storm Of mighty war; then, with unwearied hand, Disdaining little delicacies, seiz'd The plough, and greatly independent liv'd.

YE generous BRITONS, venerate the plough;
And o'er your hills, and long withdrawing vales,
Let Autumn spread his treasures to the sun,
Luxuriant and unbounded: as the sea,
Far thro' his azure turbulent domain,
Your empire owns, and from a thousand shores
Wasts all the pomp of life into your ports;
So with superior boon may your rich soil,
Exuberant, Nature's better blessings pour
O'er every land, the naked nations cloathe,
And be th' exhaustless granary of a world!

Non

Nor only thro' the lenient air this change, Delicious, breathes; the penetrative sun, His force deep-darting to the dark retreat Of vegetation, sets the steaming Power At large, to wander o'er the verdant earth, In various hues; but chiefly thee, gay Green! Thou smiling Nature's universal robe! United light and shade! where the sight dwells With growing strength, and ever-new delight.

FROM the moist meadow to the withered hill, Led by the breeze, the vivid verdure runs, And fwells, and deepens, to the cherish'd eye. The hawthorn whitens; and the juicy groves. Put forth their buds, unfolding by degrees, Till the whole leafy forest stands display'd, It's In full luxuriance to the fighing gales; Where the deer ruftle thro' the twining brake, And the birds fing conceal'd. At once, array'd In all the colours of the flushing year, By Nature's swift and secret-working hand, The garden glows, and fills the liberal air With lavish fragrance; while the promis'd fruit Lies yet a little embryo, unperceiv'd, Within its crimson folds. Now from the town Buried in smoke, and sleep, and noisom damps, Oft let me wander o'er the dewy fields, Where freshness breathes, and dash the trembling drops From the bent bush, as thro' the verdant maze

OF

Of fweet-briar hedges I pursue my walk;
Or taste the smell of dairy; or ascend
Some eminence, Augusta, in thy plains,
And see the country, far diffus'd around,
One boundless blush, one white-empurpled shower
Of mingled blossoms; where the raptur'd eye
Hurries from joy to joy, and, hid beneath
The fair prosusion, yellow Autumn spies:

IF, brush'd from Russian wilds, a cutting gale Rise not, and scatter from his humid wings The clammy mildew; or, dry-blowing, breathe Untimely frost; before whose baleful blast The full-blown Spring thro' all her foliage shrinks, Joyless and dead, a wide-dejected waste. For oft, engender'd by the hazy north, Myriads on myriads, infect armies warp Keen in the poison'd breeze; and wasteful eat, Thro' buds and bark, into the blackened core, Their eager way. A feeble race! yet oft The facred fons of vengeance; on whose course Corrofive famine waits, and kills the year. To check this plague the skilful farmer chaff, And blazing straw, before his orchard buins; Till, all involv'd in smoke, the latent foe From every cranny suffocated falls: Or scatters o'er the blooms the pungent dust 120 Of pepper, fatal to the frosty tribe: Or, when th' envenom'd leaf begins to curl,

With

With sprinkled water drowns them in their nest; Nor, while they pick them up with busy bill, The little trooping birds unwisely scares.

BE patient, swains; these cruel-seeming winds Blow not in vain. Far hence they keep repress'd Those deepening clouds on clouds, surcharg'd with rain, That o'er the vast Atlantic hither borne, In endless train, would quench the summer-blaze, 140-And, chearless, drown the crude unripen'd year.

THE north-east spends his rage; he now shut up. Within his iron cave, th' effusive south Warms the wide air, and o'er the void of heaven Breathes the big clouds with vernal showers distent. At first a dusky wreath they seem to rise, Scarce staining ether; but by swift degrees, In heaps on heaps, the doubling vapour fails Along the loaded fky, and mingling deep Sits on th' horizon round a fettled gloom: Not fuch as wintry-storms on mortals shed, Oppressing life; but lovely, gentle, kind, And full of every hope and every joy, The wish of Nature. Gradual finks the breeze Into a perfect calm; that not a breath 155 Is heard to quiver thro' the clofing woods, Or ruftling turn the many-twinkling leaves Of aspin tall. 'Th' uncurling floods, diffus'd In glassy breadth, feem thro' delusive lapse Forgetful

Forgetful of their course. Tis silence all, 160 And pleafing expectation. Herds and flocks Drop the dry fprig, and mute-imploring eye The falling verdure. Hush'd in short suspense, The plumy people streak their wings with oil, To throw the lucid moisture trickling off; And wait th' approaching fign to strike, at once, Into the general choir. Even mountains, vales, And forests feem, impatient, to demand The promis'd sweetness. Man superior walks Amid the glad creation, musing praise, And looking lively gratitude. At last, The clouds confign their treasures to the fields: And, foftly shaking on the dimpled pool Prelufive drops, let all their moisture flow, In large effusion, o'er the freshened world. The stealing shower is scarce to patter heard, By fuch as wander thro' the forest walks, Beneath the umbrageous multitude of leaves. But who can hold the shade, while Heaven descends In universal bounty, shedding herbs, 180 And fruits, and flowers, on Nature's ample lap? Swift fancy fir'd anticipates their growth; And, while the milky nutriment distils, Beholds the kindling country colour round.

Thus all day long the full-distended clouds 185 Indulge their genial stores, and well-shower'd earth Is deep enrich'd with vegetable life;

B

Till.

Till, in the western sky, the downward sun little Looks out, effulgent, from amid the flush with I but Of broken clouds, gay-shifting to his beam. 190 The rapid radiance instantaneous strikes Th' illumin'd mountain, thro' the forest streams, Shakes on the floods, and in a yellow mift, Far fmoaking o'er the interminable plain, In twinkling myriads lights the dewy gems. 195 Moist, bright, and green, the landskip laughs around. Full swell the woods; their every music wakes, and Mix'd in wild concert with the warbling brooks Increas'd, the distant bleatings of the hills, And hollow lows responsive from the vales, Whence blending all the fweetened zephyr fprings. Mean time refracted from you eastern cloud, Bestriding earth, the grand ethereal bow Shoots up immense; and every hue unfolds, In fair proportion running from the red, 205; To where the voilet fades into the sky. Here, awful NEWTON, the dissolving clouds Form, fronting on the fun, thy showery prism; And to the fage-instructed eye unfold The various twine of light, by thee disclos'd From the white mingling maze. Not so the boy; He wondering views the bright enchantment bend, Delightful, o'er the radiant fields, and runs To catch the falling glory; but amaz'd Beholds th' amusive arch before him fly, 215 Then vanish quite away. Still night succeeds,

A foftened

A foftened shade, and saturated earth and a Awaits the morning-beam, to give to light, Rais'd thro' ten thousand different plastic tubes, The balmy treasures of the former day.

THEN fpring the living herbs, profufely wild, O'er all the deep-green earth, beyond the power Of botanist to number up their tribes: Whether he steals along the lonely dale, In filent fearch; or thro' the forest, rank With what the dull incurious weeds account, Bursts his blind way; or climbs the mountain-rock, Fir'd by the nodding verdure of its brow. With fuch a liberal hand has Nature flung Their feeds abroad, blown them about in winds, 230 Innumerous mix'd them with the nurfing mold, The moistening current, and prolific rain.

But who their virtues can declare? who pierce. With vision pure, into these secret stores Of health, and life, and joy? the food of Man, 235 While yet he liv'd in innocence, and told A length of golden years; unflesh'd in blood,... A stranger to the savage arts of life. Death, rapine, carnage, surfeit, and disease; The lord, and not the tyrant, of the world ... 240

THE first fresh dawn then wak'd the gladdened race Of uncorrupted Man, nor blush'd to see

The fluggard fleep beneath its facred beam! 498 1 For their light flumbers gently fum'd away; And up they rose as vigorous as the sun, 245. Or to the culture of the willing glebe, " I' Or to the chearful tendance of the flock. Meantime the fong went round; and dance and sport, Wisdom and friendly talk, successive, stole Their hours away: while in the rosy vale 250 Love breath'd his infant fighs, from anguish free, And full replete with bliss; save the sweet pain, That, inly thrilling, but exalts it more. Nor yet injurious act, nor furly deed, Was known among those happy sons of HEAVEN; 255 For reason and benevolence were law. Harmonious Nature too look'd smiling on. Clear shone the skies, cool'd with eternal gales, And balmy spirit all. The youthful sun Shot his best rays, and still the gracious clouds 260 Drop'd fatness down; as o'er the swelling mead, The herds and flocks, commixing, play'd fecure. This when, emergent from the gloomy wood, The glaring lion faw, his horrid heart Was meekened, and he join'd his fullen joy. For music held the whole in perfect peace: Soft figh'd the flute; the tender voice was heard, Warbling the varied heart; the woodlands round-Apply'd their quire; and winds and waters flow'd In consonance. Such were those prime of days. 270

But now those white unblemish'd manners, whence The fabling poets took their golden age, Are found no more amid these iron times, These dregs of life! Now the distemper'd mind Has lost that concord of harmonious powers, 275 Which forms the foul of happiness; and all Is off the poise within: the passions all Have burst their bounds; and reason half extinct. Or impotent, or elfe approving, fees The foul diforder. Senseless, and deform'd. 280 Convulfive anger forms at large; or pale, And filent, fettles into fell revenge. Base envy withers at another's joy, And hates that excellence it cannot reach: Desponding fear, of feeble fancies full, 1 285 Weak and unmanly, loosens every power. Even love itself is bitterness of soul, A penfive anguish pining at the heart: Or, funk to fordid interest, feels no more That noble wish, that never cloy'd defire, Which, felfish joy disdaining, seeks alone To bless the dearer object of its flame. Hope fickens with extravagance; and grief, Of life impatient, into madness swells; Or in dead filence wastes the weeping hours. 295 These, and a thousand mixt emotions more, From ever-changing views of good and ill, Form'd infinitely various, vex the mind With endless form: whence, deeply rankling, grows The

The partial thought, a liftless unconcern, Cold, and averting from our neighbour's good; Then dark disgust, and hatred, winding wiles, Coward deceit, and russian violence:

At last, extinct each social feeling, fell
And joyless inhumanity pervades
And petrifies the heart. Nature disturb'd
Is deem'd, vindictive; to have chang'd her course.

When the deep-cleft disparting orb, that arch'd
The central waters round, impetuous rush'd,
With universal burst, into the gulph,
And o'er the high-pil'd hills of fractur'd earth
Wide dash'd the waves, in undulation vast;
Till, from the center to the streaming clouds,
A shoreless ocean tumbled round the globe.

THE Seasons since have, with severer sway,
Oppress'd a broken world: the Winter keen
Shook forth his waste of snows; and Summer shot.
His pestilential heats. Great Spring, before,
Green'd all the year; and fruits and blossoms blush'd,
In social sweetness, on the felf-same bough.
Pure was the temperate air; an even calm
Perpetual reign'd, save what the zephyrs bland
Breath'd o'er the blue expanse: for then nor storms
Were taught to blow, nor hurricanes to rage;
Sound slept the waters; no sulphureous glooms

Swell'd in the fky, and fent the lightning forth;
While fickly damps, and cold autumnal fogs,
Hung not, relaxing, on the fprings of life.
But now, of turbid elements the fport,
From clear to cloudy toft, from hot to cold,
And dry to moift, with inward-eating change,
Our drooping days are dwindled down to nought,
Their period finish'd ere 'tis well begun.

AND yet the wholesome herb neglected dies: Though with the pure exhilarating foul Of nutriment and health, and vital powers, Beyond the fearch of art, 'tis copious bleft. For, with hot ravine fir'd, enfanguin'd Man Is now become the lion of the plain, And worse. The wolf, who from the nightly fold Fierce drags the bleating prey, ne'er drunk her milk, Nor wore her warming fleece: nor has the fleer, At whose strong chest the deadly tyger hangs, E'er plow'd for him. They too are tempered high. With hunger flung and wild necessity, 346 Nor lodges pity in their shaggy breast. But Man, whom Nature form'd of milder clay, With every kind emotion in his heart, And taught alone to weep; while from her lap She pours ten thousand delicacies, herbs, And fruits, as numerous as the drops of rain Or beams that gave them birth : shall he, fair form! Who wears fweet fmiles, and looks erect on Heaven.

E'er

E'er floop to mingle with the prowling herd, 355 And dip his tongue in gore? The beaft of prey, Blood-stain'd, deserves to bleed : but you, ye flocks, What have you done; ye peaceful people, what, To merit death? you, who have given us milk on In luscious streams, and lent us your own coat 360 Against the winter's cold? And the plain ox, That harmless, honest, guileless animal, In what has he offended? he, whose toil, Patient and ever ready, clothes the land With all the pomp of harvest; shall he bleed, And firuggling groan beneath the cruel hands Even of the clown he feeds? and that, perhaps, To fwell the riot of th' autumnal feast, Won by his labour? Thus the feeling heart. Would tenderly fuggest : but 'tis enough, In this late age, adventurous, to have touch'd Light on the numbers of the Samian fage. High HEAVEN forbids the bold presumptuous strain, Whose wifest will has fix'd us in a state That must not yet to pure perfection rise. 375

Now when the first foul torrent of the brooks, Swell'd with the vernal rains, is ebb'd away; And, whitening, down their mosfly-tinctur'd stream Descends the billowy foam: now is the time, While yet the dark-brown water aids the guile, 380 To tempt the trout. The well-dissembled fly, The rod fine-tapering with elastic spring,

Late . The state of the state of

Snatch'd

Snatch'd from the hoary fleed the floating line, And all thy flender watry flores prepare. But let not on thy hook the tortur'd worm, 385 Convultive, twist in agonizing folds; Which, by rapacious hunger swallow'd deep, Gives, as you tear it from the bleeding breast Of the weak helpless uncomplaining wretch, Harsh pain and horror to the tender hand.

WHEN with his lively ray the potent fun Has pierc'd the streams, and rous'd the finny race, Then, issuing chearful, to thy sport repair; Chief should the western breezes curling play, And light o'er ether bear the shadowy clouds. High to their fount, this day, amid the hills, And woodlands warbling round, trace up the brooks; The next, pursue their rocky-channel'd maze, ashad Down to the river, in whose ample wave Their little naiads love to sport at large. Just in the dubious point, where with the pool Is mix'd the trembling stream, or where it boils 34 1 Around the stone; or from the hollow'd bank if bo A Reverted plays in undulating flow, There throw, nice-judging, the delusive fly; And as you lead it round in artful curve, With eye attentive mark the springing game. Strait as above the furface of the flood They wanton rife, or urg'd by hunger leap, Then fix, with gentle twitch, the barbed hook: 410 Some

Some lightly toffing to the graffy bank, And to the shelving shore slow-dragging some, With various hand proportion'd to their force. If yet too young, and eafily deceiv'd, A worthless prey scarce bends your pliant rod, Him, piteous of his youth and the short space He has enjoy'd the vital light of Heaven, Soft difengage, and back into the stream and The speckled captive throw. But should you lure From his dark haunt, beneath the tangled roots 420 Of pendant trees, the monarch of the brook, Behoves you then to ply your finest art. Long time he, following cautious, scans the fly; And oft attempts to feize it, but as oft The dimpled water speaks his jealous fear. 1 0 425 At last, while haply o'er the shaded fun-Passes a cloud, he desperate takes the death, With fullen plungel At once he darts along, Deep-struck, and runs out all the lengthened line; Then feeks the farthest ooze, the sheltering weed, The cavern'd bank, his old fecure abode; And flies aloft, and flounces round the pool, Indignant of the guile. With yielding hand, That feels him fill, yet to his furious course Gives way, you, now retiring, following now Across the stream, exhaust his idle rage: Till floating broad upon his breathless fide, And to his fate abandon'd, to the shore You gaily drag your unrefifting prize. 439 THUS 22100

THUS pass the temperate hours: but when the sun Shakes from his noon-day throne the scattering clouds, Even shooting listless languor thro' the deeps; 1979 1 Then feek the bank where flowering elders croud, Where fcatter'd wild the lilly of the vale Its balmy effence breathes, where cowflips hang 445 The dewy head, where purple violets lurk, With all the lowly children of the shade: Or lie reclin'd beneath yon spreading ash, Hung o'er the steep; whence, borne on liquid wing, The founding culver shoots; or where the hawk, 450 High, in the beetling cliff, his airy builds. There let the classic page thy fancy lead it is Thro' rural feenes, fuch as the Mantuan fwain Paints in the matchless harmony of fong, I wanted Ur catch thyfelf the landskip, gliding swift Athwart imagination's vivid eye: Or by the vocal woods and waters full'd, And loft in lonely musing, in the dream, Confus'd, of careless solitude, where mix Ten thousand wandering images of things, Soothé every guft of passion into peace; I de of T All but the swellings of the softened heart, That waken, not disturb, the tranquil mind.

Benold you breathing prospect bids the Muse Throw all her beauty forth. But who can paint 465 Like Nature? Can imagination boast, Amid its gay creation, hues like hers?

- 3

Or can it mix them with that matchless skill,

And lose them in each other, as appears
In every bud that blows? If fancy then
Unequal fails beneath the pleasing task,
Ah what shall language do? ah where find words
Ting'd with so many colours; and whose power,
To life approaching, may perfume my lays
With that fine oil, those aromatic gales,

475
That inexhaustive flow continual round?

YET, the fuccessless, will the toil delight.

Come then, ye virgins and ye youths, whose hearts
Have felt the raptures of refining love;
And thou, AMANDA, come, pride of my song! 480
Form'd by the Graces, loveliness itself!

Come with those downcast eyes, sedate and sweet, Those looks demure, that deeply pierce the soul, where, with the light of thoughtful reason mix'd, Shines lively fancy and the seeling heart:

Oh come! and while the rosy-footed May
Steals blushing on, together let us tread
The morning dews, and gather in their prime of the second states of the second

SEE, where the winding vale its lavish stores, Irriguous, spreads. See, how the lily drinks
The latent rill, scarce oozing thro' the grass,
Of growth luxuriant; or the humid bank,

In fair profusion, decks. Long let us walk, 495 Where the breeze blows from you extended field Of bloffom'd beans. Arabia cannot boaft A fuller gale of joy, than, liberal, thence Breathes thro' the fenfe, and takes the ravish'd foul. Nor is the mead unworthy of thy foot, 500 Full of fresh verdure, and unnumber'd flowers, The negligence of Nature, wide, and wild; Where, undifguis'd by mimic Art, she spreads Unbounded beauty to the roving eye. Here their delicious task the fervent bees, - 505 In fwarming millions, tend: around, athwart, Thro' the foft air, the busy nations fly, Cling to the bud, and, with inferted tube, Suck its pure effence, its ethereal foul; in 1 And oft, with bolder wing, they foaring dare 510 The purple heath, or where the wild thyme grows, And yellow load them with the luscious fpoil.

At length the finish'd garden to the view
Its vistas opens, and its alleys green.
Snatch'd thro' the verdant maze; the hurried eye 515
Distracted wanders; now the bowery walk
Of covert close, where scarce a speck of day
Falls on the lengthen'd gloom, protracted sweeps:
Now meets the bending sky; the river now
Dimpling along, the breezy russed lake,
The forest darkening round, the glittering spire,
Th' ethereal mountain, and the distant main.

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Rut

But why fo far excursive? when at hand, Along these blushing borders, bright with dew, And in you mingled wilderness of flowers, Fair-handed Spring unbosoms every grace; 2 75 1 1 Throws out the fnow-drop, and the crocus first; " 3 The daify, primrofe, violet darkly blue, social ov. And polyanthus of unnumber'd dyes; project is dell The yellow wall-flower, flain'd with iron-brown; 530 And lavish stock that scents the garden round: From the foft wing of vernal breezes shed, Anemonies; auriculas, enrich'd With shining meal o'er all their velvet leaves; and so And full ranunculas, of glowing red. Then comes the tulip-race, where Beauty plays Her idle freaks; from family diffus'd To family, as flies the father-dust, The varied colours run; and, while they break On the charm'd eye, th' exulting florist marks, 540 With fecret pride, the wonders of his hand. No gradual bloom is wanting; from the bud, First-born of Spring, to Summer's musky tribes: Nor hyacinths, of purest virgin white, Low-bent, and blushing inward; nor jonquils, Of potent fragrance; nor Narcissus fair, As o'er the fabled fountain hanging still; Nor broad carnations, nor gay-spotted pinks; Nor, shower'd from ev'ry bush, the damask rose. Infinite numbers, delicacies, fmells, 550 With hues on hues expression cannot paint, The breath of Nature, and her endless bloom.

HAIL, SOURCE OF BEING! UNIVERSAL SOUL Of Heaven and earth! Essential Presence, hail! To THEE I bend the knee; to THEE my thoughts, Continual, climb; who, with a master-hand, Hast the great whole into perfection touch'd. By THEE the various vegetative tribes, Wrapt in a filmy net, and clad with leaves, Draw the live ether, and imbibe the dew: By THEE dispos'd into congenial soils, Stands each attractive plant, and fucks and fwells The juicy tide; a twining mass of tubes. At THY command the vernal fun awakes The torpid fap, detruded to the root By wintry winds; that now in fluent dance, And lively fermentation, mounting, spreads All this innumerous-coloured scene of things.

As rifing from the vegetable world

My theme ascends, with equal wing ascend,

My panting Muse; and hark, how loud the woods

Invite you forth in all your gayest trim.

Lend me your song, ye nightingales! oh pour

The mazy-running soul of melody

Into my varied verse! while I deduce,

From the first note the hollow cuckoo sings,

The symphony of Spring, and touch a theme

Unknown to same, the Passion of the groves.

WHEN first the foul of love is sent abroad, Warm thro' the vital air, and on the heart 580 Harmonious feizes, the gay troops begin, In gallant thought, to plume the painted wing; And try again the long-forgotten strain, At first faint-warbled. But no fooner grows The foft profusion prevalent, and wide, 585 Than, all alive, at once their joy o'erflows In music unconfin'd. Up-springs the lark, Shrill-voic'd, and loud, the messenger of morn; Ere yet the shadows fly, he mounted sings Amid the dawning clouds, and from their haunts 590 Calls up the tuneful nations. Every copfe Deep-tangled, tree irregular, and bush Bending with dewy moisture, o'er the heads Of the coy quiristers that lodge within, Are prodigal of harmony. The thrush 595 And wood-lark, or the kind-contending throng Superior heard, run through the sweetest length Of notes; when listening Philomela deigns To let them joy, and purposes, in thought Elate, to make her night excel their day. 600 The black-bird whiftles from the thorny brake; The mellow bullfinch answers from the grove: Nor are the linnets, o'er the flowering furze Pour'd out profusely, filent. Join'd to these Innumerous fongsters, in the freshening shade 605 Of new-fprung leaves, their modulations mix Mellifluous. The jay, the rook, the daw, And

And each harsh pipe, discordant heard alone,
Aid the full concert: while the stock-dove breathes
A melancholy murmur thro' the whole.

'Tis love creates their melody, and all This waste of music is the voice of love; That even to birds, and beafts, the tender arts Of pleasing teaches. Hence the glossy kind Try every winning way inventive love 615 Can dictate, and in courtship to their mates Pour forth their little fouls. First, wide around. With distant awe, in airy wings they rove, Endeavouring by a thousand tricks to catch The cunning, conscious, half-averted glance 620 Of their regardless charmer. Should she seem Softening the least approvance to bestow, Their colours burnish, and by hope inspir'd, They brisk advance; then, on a sudden struck, Retire disorder'd; then again approach; 625 In fond rotation spread the spotted wing, And shiver every feather with defire.

CONNUBIAL leagues agreed, to the deep woods
They haste away, all as their fancy leads,
Pleasure, or food, or secret safety prompts;
630
That NATURE's great command may be obey'd:
Nor all the sweet sensations they perceive
Indulg'd in vain. Some to the holly-hedge
Nestling repair, and to the thicket some;

C

Some

Some to the rude protection of the thorn 635 Commit their feeble offspring: The cleft tree Offers its kind concealment to a few. Their food its infects, and its moss their nests. Others apart far in the graffy dale, Or roughening waste, their humble texture weave. 640 But most in woodland folitudes delight, In unfrequented glooms, or shaggy banks, Steep, and divided by a babbling brook, Whose murmurs soothe them all the live-long day, When by kind duty fix'd. Among the roots 645 Of hazel, pendant o'er the plaintive stream, They frame the first foundation of their domes; Dry sprigs of trees, in artful fabric laid, And bound with clay together. Now 'tis nought But reftless hurry thro' the busy air, 650 Beat by unnumber'd wings. The fwallow fweeps The flimy pool, to build his hanging house Intent. And often, from the careless back Of herds and flocks, a thousand tugging bills Pluck hair and wool; and oft, when unobserv'd, 655 Steal from the barn a straw: till foft and warm, Clean, and complete, their habitation grows.

As thus the patient dam assiduous sits,
Not to be tempted from her tender task,
Or by sharp hunger, or by smooth delight,
660
Tho' the whole loosened Spring around her blows,
Her sympathizing lover takes his stand

High

High on th' opponent bank, and ceaseless sings The tedious time away; or elfe supplies Her place a moment, while she sudden slits 66; To pick the scanty meal. Th' appointed time With pious toil fulfill'd, the callow young, Warm'd and expanded into perfect life, Their brittle bondage break, and come to light, A helples family, demanding food 670 With constant clamour: O what passions then, What melting fentiments of kindly care, On the new parents feize! Away they fly Affectionate, and undefiring bear The most delicious morfel to their young: 675 Which equally distributed, again The fearch begins. Even so a gentle pair, By fortune funk, but form'd of generous mold, And charm'd with cares beyond the vulgar breaft, In some lone cott amid the distant woods. 680 Sustain'd alone by providential HEAVEN. Oft, as they weeping eye their infant train, Check their own appetites, and give them all.

Nor toil alone they fcorn: exalting love,
By the great FATHER OF THE SPRING inspir'd, 685
Gives instant courage to the fearful race,
And to the fimple art. With stealthy wing,
Should some rude foot their woody haunts molest,
Amid a neighbouring bush they filent drop,
And whirring thence, as if alarm'd, deceive 690

Th' unfeeling school-boy. Hence, around the head Of wandering swain, the white-wing'd plover wheels Her sounding slight, and then directly on In long excursion skims the level lawn, To tempt him from her nest. The wild-duck, hence, O'er the rough moss, and o'er the trackless waste 696 The heath-hen slutters, pious fraud! to lead The hot pursuing spaniel far astray.

BE not the Muse asham'd, here to bemoan
Her brothers of the grove, by tyrant Man
Thuman caught, and in the narrow cage
From liberty confin'd, and boundless air.
Dull are the pretty slaves, their plumage dull,
Ragged, and all its brightening lustre lost;
Nor is that sprightly wildness in their notes,
Which, clear and vigorous, warbles from the beech.
O then, ye friends of love and love-taught song,
Spare the soft tribes, this barbarous art forbear;
If on your bosom innocence can win,
Music engage, or piety persuade.

But let not chief the nightingale lament Her ruin'd care, too delicately fram'd To brook the harsh confinement of the cage. Oft when, returning with her loaded bill, Th' astonish'd mother finds a vacant nest, By the hard hand of unrelenting clowns Robb'd, to the ground the vain provision falls;

715

Her

Her pinions ruffle, and low-drooping scarce
Can bear the mourner to the poplar shade;
Where, all abandon'd to despair, she sings 720
Her forrows thro' the night; and, on the bough,
Sole-sitting, still at every dying fall
Takes up again her lamentable strain
Of winding woe; till, wide around, the woods
Sigh to her song, and with her wail resound. 725

Bur now the feather'd youth their former bounds, Ardent, difdain; and, weighing oft their wings, Demand the free possession of the sky: This one glad office more, and then dissolves Parental love at once, now needless grown. Unlavish Wisdom never works in vain. 'Tis on some evening, sunny, grateful, mild, When nought but balm is breathing thro' the woods, With yellow lustre bright, that the new tribes Visit the spacious heavens, and look abroad 735 On Nature's common, far as they can fee, Or wing, their range and pasture. O'er the boughs Dancing about, still at the giddy verge Their resolution fails; their pinions still, In loose libration stretch'd, to trust the void Trembling refuse: till down before them fly The parent-guides, and chide, exhort, command, Or push them off. The surging air receives Its plumy burden; and their felf-taught wings Winnow the waving element. On ground 745 C 3 Alighted, Alighted, bolder up again they lead,
Farther and farther on, the lengthening flight;
Till vanish'd every fear, and every power
Rous'd into life and action, light in air
Th' acquitted parents fee their foaring race,
And once rejoicing never know them more.

750

High from the summit of a craggy cliff,
Hung o'er the deep, such as amazing frowns
On utmost \* Kilda's shore, whose lonely race
Resign the setting sun to Indian worlds,
The royal eagle draws his vigorous young,
Strong-pounc'd, and ardent with paternal sire.
Now sit to raise a kingdom of their own,
He drives them from his fort, the towering seat,
For ages, of his empire; which, in peace,
Unstain'd he holds, while many a league to sea
He wings his course, and preys in distant isses.

Should I my steps turn to the rural seat,
Whose lofty elms, and venerable oaks,
Invite the rook, who high amid the boughs,
In early Spring, his airy city builds,
And ceaseless caws anusive; there, well-pleas'd,
I might the various polity survey
Of the mixt houshold kind. The careful hen
Calls all her chirping family around,
Fed and desended by the searless cock;

Whofe

<sup>\*</sup> The farthest of the western islands of Scotland,

Whose breast with ardour flames, as on he walks, Graceful, and crows defiance. In the pond, The finely-checker'd duck, before her train, Rows garrulous. The stately-failing swan 775 Gives out his fnowy plumage to the gale; And, arching proud his neck, with oary feet Bears forward fierce, and guards his ofier-ifle, Protective of his young. The turkey nigh, Loud-threatening, reddens; while the peacock spreads His every-colour'd glory to the fun, 781 And fivims in radiant majesty along. O'er the whole homely scene, the cooing dove Flies thick in amorous chace, and wanton rolls The glancing eye, and turns the changeful neck. 785

WHILE thus the gentle tenants of the shade Indulge their purer loves, the rougher world Of brutes, below, rush furious into slame, And fierce defire. Thro' all his lufty veins The bull, deep-scorch'd, the raging passion feels. 790 Of pasture fick, and negligent of food, Scarce feen, he wades among the yellow broom, While o'er his ample fides the rambling sprays Luxuriant shoot; or thro' the mazy wood Dejected wanders, nor th' inticing bud 795 Crops, tho' it presses on his careless sense. And oft, in jealous madning fancy rapt, He feeks the fight; and, idly-butting, feigns His rival gor'd in every knotty trunk.

C 4

Him

Him should he meet, the bellowing war begins: 800 Their eyes flash fury; to the hollow'd earth, Whence the fand flies, they mutter bloody deeds, And groaning deep, th' impetuous battle mix: While the fair heifer, balmy-breathing, near, Stands kindling up their rage. The trembling fleed, With his hot impulse seiz'd in every nerve, Nor hears the rein, nor heeds the founding thong; Blows are not felt; but toffing high his head, And by the well-known joy to diftant plains Attracted strong, all wild he bursts away; 810 O'er rocks, and woods, and craggy mountains flies; And, neighing, on the aërial fummit takes Th' exciting gale; then, steep-descending, cleaves The headlong torrents foaming down the hills, Even where the madness of the straiten'd stream 815 Turns in black eddies round: fuch is the force With which his frantic heart and finews swell.

Nor undelighted by the boundless Spring
Are the broad monsters of the foaming deep:
From the deep ooze and gelid cavern rous'd,
They stounce and tumble in unwieldy joy.
Dire were the strain, and dissonant, to sing
The cruel raptures of the savage kind:
How by this stame their native wrath sublim'd,
They roam, amid the sury of their heart,
825
The far-resounding waste in stercer bands,
And growl their horrid loves. But this the theme

I fing, enraptur'd, to the BRITISH FAIR, Forbids, and leads me to the mountain-brow, Where fits the shepherd on the grassy turf, 830 Inhaling, healthful, the descending sun. Around him feeds his many-bleating flock, Of various cadence; and his sportive lambs, This way and that convolv'd, in frifkful glee, Their frolicks play. And now the fprightly race 822 Invites them forth; when swift, the fignal given, They start away, and sweep the massy mound That runs around the hill; the rampart once Of iron war, in ancient barbarous times, When disunited BRITAIN ever bled, 840 Lost in eternal broil: ere yet she grew To this deep-laid indisfoluble state, Where Wealth and Commerce lift their golden heads : And o'er our labours, Liberty and Law, Impartial, watch; the wonder of a world! 845

What is this mighty Breath, ye fages, fay,
That, in a powerful language, felt not heard,
Instructs the sowls of heaven; and thro' their breast
These arts of love diffuses? What, but Gon?
Inspiring God! who boundless Spirit all,
And unremitting Energy, pervades,
Adjusts, sustains, and agitates the whole.
He ceaseless works alone; and yet alone
Seems not to work: with such perfection fram'd.
Is this complex stupendous scheme of things,

C 5

But.

But, tho' conceal'd, to every purer eye
Th' informing Author in his works appears:
Chief, lovely Spring, in thee, and thy foft scenes,
The SMILING God is seen; while water, earth,
And air attest his bounty; which exalts
The brute-creation to this finer thought,
And annual melts their undesigning hearts
Profusely thus in tenderness and joy.

STILL let my fong a nobler note affume, And fing th' infusive force of Spring on Man; 865 When heaven and earth, as if contending, vye To raise his being, and serene his soul. Can he forbear to join the general smile Of Nature? Can fierce passions vex his breast, While every gale is peace, and every grove 870 Is melody? Hence! from the bounteous walks Of flowing Spring, ye fordid fons of earth, Hard, and unfeeling of another's woe; Or only lavish to yourselves; away! But come, ye generous minds, in whose wide thought, Of all his works, CREATIVE BOUNTY burns 876 With warmest beam; and on your open front And liberal eye, fits, from his dark retreat Inviting modest Want. Nor, till invok'd Can reftless goodness wait; your active search 880 Leaves no cold wintry corner unexplor'd; Like filent-working HEAVEN, furprizing oft The lonely heart with unexpected good.

For you the roving spirit of the wind Blows Spring abroad; for you the teeming clouds 885 Descend in gladsome plenty o'er the world; And the fun sheds his kindest rays for you, Ye flower of human race! In these green days, Reviving Sickness lifts her languid head; Life flows afresh; and young-ey'd Health exalts 800 The whole creation round. Contentment walks The funny glade, and feels an inward blifs Spring o'er his mind, beyond the power of kings To purchase. Pure serenity apace Induces thought, and contemplation still. 895 By swift degrees the love of Nature works, And warms the bosom; till at last sublim'd To rapture, and enthusiastic heat, We feel the present DEITY, and taste The joy of God to fee a happy world! 900

THESE are the facred feelings of thy heart,
Thy heart inform'd by reason's purer ray,
O LYTTELTON, the friend! thy passions thus
And meditations vary, as at large,
Courting the Muse, thro' Hagley Park thou strayest;
Thy British Tempe! There along the dale, 906
With woods o'er-hung, and shagg'd with mossy rocks,
Whence on each hand the gushing waters play,
And down the rough cascade white-dashing fall,
Or gleam in lengthened vista thro' the trees,
You silent steal; or sit beneath the shade

C 6

Of folemn oaks, that tuft the fwelling mounts Thrown graceful round by Nature's careless hand, And penfive listen to the various voice Of rural peace: the herds, the flocks, the birds, o15 The hollow-whispering breeze, the plaint of rills, That, purling down amid the twifted roots Which creep around, their dewy murmurs shake On the footh'd ear. From these abstracted oft. You wander thro' the philosophic world; 920 Where in bright train continual wonders rife, Or to the curious or the pious eye. And oft, conducted by historic truth, You tread the long extent of backward time: Planning, with warm benevolence of mind, 925 And honest zeal unwarp'd by party-rage, BRITANNIA's weal; how from the venal gulph To raise her virtue, and her arts revive. Or, turning thence thy view, these graver thoughts The Muses charm: while, with sure taste refin'd, 930 You draw th' inspiring breath of ancient song; Till nobly rifes, emulous, thy own. Perhaps thy lov'd LUCINDA shares thy walk, With foul to thine attun'd. Then Nature all Wears to the lover's eye a look of love; 935 And all the tumult of a guilty world, Tost by ungenerous passions, finks away. The tender heart is animated peace; And as it pours its copious treasures forth, In varied converse, softening every theme, 940 You, frequent-pauling, turn, and from her eyes, Where

Where meekened fense, and amiable grace, And lively sweetness dwell, enraptur'd, drink That nameless spirit of ethereal joy, Unutterable happiness! which love, 945 Alone, bestows, and on a favour'd few. Meantine you gain the height, from whose fair brow The burfting prospect spreads immense around: And fnatch'd o'er hill and dale, and wood and lawn. And verdant field, and darkening heath between, 050 And villages embosom'd foft in trees, And spiry towns by furging columns mark'd Of houshold smoak, your eye excursive roams: Wide-stretching from the Hall, in whose kind haunt The Hospitable Genius lingers still, 955 To where the broken landskip, by degrees, Ascending, roughens into rigid hills; O'er which the Cambrian mountains, like far clouds That skirt the blue horizon, dusky rife.

FLUSH'd by the spirit of the genial year,
Now from the virgin's cheek a fresher bloom
Shoots, less and less, the live carnation round;
Her lips blush deeper sweets; she breathes of youth;
The shining moisture swells into her eyes,
In brighter slow; her wishing bosom heaves,
With palpitations wild; kind tumults seize
Her veins, and all her yielding soul is love.
From the keen gaze her lover turns away,
Full of the dear exstatic power, and sick
With sighing languishment. Ah then, ye fair!

Be greatly cautious of your sliding hearts:
Dare not th' infectious sigh; the pleading look,
Down-cast, and low, in meek submission drest,
But sull of guile. Let not the servent tongue,
Prompt to deceive, with adulation smooth,
Gain on your purpos'd will. Nor in the bower,
Where woodbines slaunt, and roses shed a couch,
While Evening draws her crimson curtains round,
Trust your soft minutes with betraying Man.

And let th' afpiring youth beware of love,
Of the smooth glance beware; for 'tis too late,
When on his heart the torrent-softness pours.
Then wisdom prostrate lies, and fading same
Dissolves in air away; while the fond soul,
Wrapt in gay visions of unreal bliss,
Still paints th' illusive form; the kindling grace;
Th' inticing smile; the modest-seeming eye,
Beneath whose beauteous beams, belying heaven,
Lurk searchless cunning, cruelty, and death:
And still salse-warbling in his cheated ear,
Her syren voice, enchanting, draws him on
To guileful shores, and meads of statal joy.

EVEN present, in the very lap of love
Inglorious laid; while music flows around,
Persumes, and oils, and wine, and wanton hours;
Amid the roses sierce Repentance rears

996
Her snaky crest: a quick-returning pang
Shoots thro' the conscious heart; where honour still,
And

And great design, against the oppressive load Of luxury, by fits, impatient heave.

000

Bur absent, what fantastic woes, arous'd, Rage in each thought, by restless musing fed, Chill the warm cheek, and blaft the bloom of life? Neglected fortune flies; and fliding swift, Prone into ruin, fall his fcorn'd affairs. 'Tis nought but gloom around: The darkened fun Loses his light. The rosy-bosom'd Spring To weeping Fancy pines; and you bright arch, Contracted, bends into a dufky vault. An Nature fades extinct; and she alone 1010 Heard, felt, and feen, possesses every thought, Fills every sense, and pants in every vein. Books are but formal dulness, tedious friends; And fad amid the focial band he fits. Lonely, and unattentive. From his tongue 1015 Th' unfinish'd period falls: while, borne away On swelling thought, his wasted spirit flies To the vain bosom of his distant fair: And leaves the femblance of a lover, fix'd In melancholy fite, with head declin'd, 1020 And love-dejected eyes. Sudden he starts, Shook from his tender trance, and reftless runs To glimmering shades, and sympathetic glooms; Where the dun umbrage o'er the falling stream, Romantic, hangs; there thro' the pensive dusk 1025 Strays, in heart-thrilling meditation loft, Indulging all to love: or on the bank

Thrown,

Thrown, amid drooping lilies, swells the breeze With fighs unceasing, and the brook with tears. Thus in foft anguish he consumes the day, 1030 Nor quits his deep retirement, till the Moon Peeps thro' the chambers of the fleecy east, Enlightened by degrees, and in her train-Leads on the gentle hours; then forth he walks. Beneath the trembling languish of her beam, 1035. With foftened foul, and wooes the bird of eve To mingle woes with his: or, while the world And all the fons of Care lie hush'd in sleep, Affociates with the midnight shadows drear; And, fighing to the lonely taper, pours. OKOI His idly-tortur'd heart into the page. Meant for the moving messenger of love; Where rapture burns on rapture, every line With rifing frenzy fir'd. But if on bed Delirious flung, fleep from his pillow flies. 1045 All night he toffes, nor the balmy power In any posture finds; till the grey morn Lifts her pale luftre on the paler wretch, Examinate by love: and then perhaps Exhausted Nature finks a while to rest. 1050 Still interrupted by distracted dreams, That o'er the fick imagination rife, And in black colours paint the mimic fcene. Oft with the enchantress of his soul he talks: Sometimes in crouds distress'd; or if retir'd 1055. To fecret-winding flower-enwoven bowers, Far from the dull impertinence of Man, Just

Just as he, credulous, his endless cares
Begins to lose in blind oblivious love,
Snatch'd from her yielded hand, he knows not how,
Thro' forests huge, and long untravel'd heaths 1061
With desolation brown, he wanders waste,
In night and tempest wrapt; or shrinks aghast,
Back, from the bending precipice; or wades
The turbid stream below, and strives to reach 1065
The farther shore; where succourses, and sad,
She with extended arms his aid implores;
But strives in vain: borne by th' outrageous shood
To distance down, he rides the ridgy wave,
Or whelm'd beneath the boiling eddy sinks. 1070

THESE are the charming agonies of love, Whose misery delights. But thro' the heart Should jealoufy its venom once diffuse, 'Tis then delightful misery no more, But agony unmix'd, incessant gall, 1075 Corroding every thought, and blafting all Love's paradife. Ye fairy prospects, then, Ye beds of roses, and ye bowers of joy, Farewel! Ye gleamings of departed peace, Shine out your last! the yellow-tinging plague 1080 Internal vision taints, and in a night Of livid gloom imagination wraps. Ah then! instead of love-enlivened cheeks, Of funny features, and of ardent eyes With flowing rapture bright, dark looks fucceed, Suffus'd and glaring with untender fire; 1086 A clouded

A clouded aspect, and a burning cheek, Where the whole poison'd foul, malignant, fits," And frightens love away. Ten thousand fears Invented wild, ten thousand frantic views 1000 Of horrid rivals, hanging on the charms For which he melts in fondness, cat him up With fervent anguish, and consuming rage. In vain reproaches lend their idle aid, Deceitful pride, and resolution frail, 1095 Giving false peace a moment. Fancy pours, Afresh, her beauties on his bufy thought. Her first endearments twining round the foul, With all the witchcraft of enfnaring love. Straight the fierce from involves his mind anew, 1100 Flames thro' the nerves, and boils along the veins; While anxious doubt distracts the tortur'd heart : For even the fad affurance of his fears Were ease to what he feels. Thus the warm youth, Whom love deludes into his thorny wilds, 1105 Thro' flowery-tempting paths, or leads a life Of fevered rapure, or of cruel care; His brightest aims extinguish'd all, and all His lively moments running down to waste.

But happy they! the happiest of their kind! 1110
Whom gentler stars unite, and in one fate
Their hearts, their fortunes, and their beings blend.
'Tis not the coarser tie of human laws,
Unnatural oft, and foreign to the mind,
That binds their peace, but harmony itself,
Attuning

Attuning all their passions into love; Where friendship full-exerts her softest power, Perfect esteem enlivened by desire Ineffable, and fympathy of foul; Thought meeting thought, and will preventing will, With boundless confidence: for nought but love 1121 Can answer love, and render bliss secure. Let him, ungenerous, who, alone intent To blefs himfelf, from fordid parents buys The loathing virgin, in eternal care, Well-merited, confume his nights and days: Let barbarous nations, whose inhuman love Is wild defire, fierce as the funs they feel: Let eastern tyrants, from the light of Heaven Seclude their bosom-slaves, meanly posses'd Of a meer, lifeless, violated form: While those whom love cements in holy faith, And equal transport, free as Nature live, Disdaining fear. What is the world to them, Its pomp, its pleasure, and its nonsense all! 1135 Who in each other clasp whatever fair High fancy forms, and lavish hearts can wish; Something than beauty dearer, should they look Or on the mind, or mind-illumin'd face; Truth, goodness, honour, harmony, and love, 1140 The richest bounty of indulgent HEAVEN. Meantime a fmiling offspring rifes round, And mingles both their graces. By degrees, The human bloffom blows; and every day, Soft as its rolls along, shews some new charm, 1145 The

The father's lustre, and the mother's bloom. Then infant reason grows apace, and calls For the kind hand of an affiduous care. Delightful task! to rear the tender thought, To teach the young idea how to shoot, To pour the fresh instruction o'er the mind, To breathe th' enlivening spirit, and to fix The generous purpose in the glowing breast. Oh speak the joy! ye, whom the sudden tear Surprizes often, while you look around, 1155 And nothing strikes your eye but fights of bliss, All various Nature pressing on the heart: An elegant fusiciency, content, Retirement, rural quiet, friendship, books, Ease and alternate labour, useful life, 1160 Progressive virtue, and approving HEAVEN. These are the matchless joys of virtuous love; And thus their moments fly. The Seasons thus, As ceaseless round a jarring world they roll, Still find them happy; and confenting SPRING 1165 Sheds her own rofy garland on their heads: Till evening comes at last, ferene and mild; When after the long vernal day of life, Enamour'd more, as more remembrance swells With many a proof of recollected love, 1170 Together down they fink in focial fleep; Together freed, their gentle spirits fly To scenes where love and blis immortal reign.



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## SUMMER.

## The ARGUMENT.

The subject proposed. Invocation. Address to Mr. DODINGTON. An introductory reflection on the motion of the heavenly bodies; whence the succession of the -feasons. As the face of Nature in this season is almost uniform, the progress of the poem is a description of a summer's day. The dawn. Sun-rising. Hymn to the sun. Forenoon. Summer insects described. Hay-making. Sheep-shearing. Noon-day. A woodland retreat. Group of herds and flocks. A solemn grove: how it affects a contemplative mind. A cataract, and rude scene. View of Summer in the torrid zone. Storm of thunder and lightning. A tale. The form over, a serene afternoon. Bathing. Hour of walking. Transition to the prospect of a rich wellcultivated country; which introduces a panegyric on GREAT BRITAIN. Sun-fet. Evening. Night. Summer meteors. A comet. The whole concluding with the praise of philosophy.

## SUMMER.

ROM brightening fields of ether fair disclos'd, Child of the Sun, refulgent Summer comes, In pride of youth, and felt thro' Nature's depth: He comes attended by the sultry hours, And ever-fanning breezes, on his way;
While, from his ardent look, the turning Spring Averts her blushful face; and earth, and skies, All-smiling, to his hot dominion leaves.

Hence, let me haste into the mid-wood shade, Where scarce a sun-beam wanders thro' the gloom; 10 And on the dark-green grass, beside the brink Of haunted stream, that by the roots of oak Rolls o'er the rocky channel, lie at large, And sing the glories of the circling year.

Come, Inspiration! from thy hermit-seat,
By mortal seldom found: may Fancy dare,
From thy fix'd serious eye, and raptur'd glance
Shot on surrounding Heaven, to steal one look
Creative of the Poet, every power
Exalting to an ecstasy of soul.

40

And thou, my youthful Muse's early friend,
In whom the human graces all unite:
Pure light of mind, and tenderness of heart;
Genius, and wisdom; the gay social sense,
By decency chastis'd; goodness and wit,
In seldom-meeting harmony combin'd;
Unblemish'd honour, and an active zeal
For Britain's glory, Liberty, and Man:
O Dodington! attend my rural song,
Stoop to my theme, inspirit every line,
And teach me to deserve thy just applause.

WITH what an awful world revolving-power
Were first the unwieldy planets launch'd along
Th' illimitable void! Thus to remain,
Amid the flux of many thousand years,
That oft has swept the toiling race of Men,
And all their labour'd monuments away,
Firm, unremitting, matchless, in their course;
To the kind-temper'd change of night and day,
And of the seasons ever stealing round,
And of the seasons ever stealing round,
Minutely faithful: Such TH' ALL-PERFECT HAND!
That pois'd, impels, and rules the steady Whole.

When now no more th' alternate Twins are fir'd,
And Cancer reddens with the folar blaze,
Short is the doubtful empire of the night;
And foon, observant of approaching day,
The meek-ey'd Morn appears, mother of dews,

At

25

30

At first faint-gleaming in the dappled east : Till far o'er ether spreads the widening glow; And, from before the lustre of her face, White break the clouds away. With quickened step, Brown night retires: Young Day pours in apace, And opens all the lawny prospect wide. The dripping rock, the mountain's mifty top Swell on the fight, and brighten with the dawn. Blue, thro' the dusk, the smoaking currents shine; And from the bladed field the fearful hare Limps, aukward: while along the forest glade The wild deer trip, and often turning gaze At early passenger. Music awakes 60 The native voice of undissembled joy; And thick around the woodland hymns arise. Rous'd by the cock, the foon-clad shepherd leaves His mosfy cottage, where with Peace he dwells; And from the crouded fold, in order, drives 65 His flock, to tafte the verdure of the morn.

Falsely luxurious, will not Man awake;
And, springing from the bed of sloth, enjoy
The cool, the fragrant, and the silent hour,
To meditation due and sacred song?

For is there aught in sleep can charm the wise?
To lie in dead oblivion, losing half
The fleeting moments of too short a life;
Total extinction of th' enlightened soul!
Or else to severish vanity alive,

Wildered, and tossing thro' distemper'd dreams?

D

Who

Who would in such a gloomy state remain Longer than Nature craves; when every Muse And every blooming pleasure wait without, To bless the wildly-devious morning-walk?

80

But yonder comes the powerful King of Day, Rejoicing in the east. The lessening cloud, The kindling azure, and the mountain's brow Illum'd with fluid gold, his near approach Betoken glad. Lo; now, apparent all, 85 Aslant the dew-bright earth, and coloured air, He looks in boundless majesty abroad: And fineds the shining day, that burnish'd plays On rocks, and hills, and towers, and wandering streams, High-gleaming from afar. Prime chearer Light! 90 Of all material beings first, and best ! Efflux divine! Nature's resplendent robe! Without whose vesting beauty all were wrapt In unessential gloom; and thou, O Sun! Soul of furrounding worlds! in whom best feen 95 Shines out thy Maker! may I fing of thee?

'Trs by thy fecret, strong, attractive force, As with a chain indissoluble bound,
Thy System rolls entire; from the far bourne
Of utmost Saturn, wheeling wide his round
Of thirty years; to Mercury, whose disk
Can scarce be caught by philosophic eye,
Lost in the near effulgence of thy blaze.

INFORMER

100

INFORMER of the planetary train!
Without whose quickening glance their cumbrous
orbs

Were brute unlovely mass, inert and dead,
And not, as now, the green abodes of life!
How many forms of being wait on thee!
Inhaling spirit; from th' unsettered mind,
By thee sublim'd, down to the daily race,
The mixing myriads of thy setting beam.

110

THE vegetable world is also thine. Parent of Seasons! who the pomp precede That waits thy throne, as thro' thy vast domain. Annual, along the bright ecliptic road, 115 In world-rejoicing state, it moves sublime. Mean-time, th' expecting nations, circled gay With all the various tribes of foodful earth, Implore thy bounty, or fend grateful up A common hymn: while, round thy beaming car, 120 High-seen, the Seasons lead, in sprightly dance Harmonious knit, the rofy-finger'd Hours, The Zephyrs floating loofe, the timely Rains, Of bloom ethereal the light-footed Dezus, And fostened into joy the furly Storms. 125 These, in successive turn, with lavish hand, Shower every beauty, every fragrance shower, Herbs, flowers, and fruits; till, kindling at thy touch. From land to land is flush'd the vernal year.

Nor to the surface of enlivened earth,
Graceful with hills and dales, and leafy woods,
Her liberal tresses, is thy force confin'd:
But, to the bowel'd cavern darting deep,
The mineral kinds confess thy mighty power.
Essugent, hence the veiny marble shines;
Hence Labour draws his tools: hence burnish'd War Gleams on the day; the nobler works of Peace
Hence bless mankind, and generous Commerce binds
The round of nations in a golden chain.

THE unfruitful rock itself, impregn'd by thee, 140 In dark retirement forms the lucid stone. The lively Diamond drinks thy purest rays, Collected light, compact; that, polish'd bright, And all its native luftre let abroad. Dares, as it sparkles on the fair one's breaft. 145 With vain ambition emulate her eyes. At thee the Ruby lights its deepening glow, And with a waving radiance inward flames. From thee the Sapphire, folid ether, takes Its hue cerulean; and, of evening tinct, 150 The purple-streaming Amethyst is thine. With thy own fmile the yellow Topaz burns. Nor deeper verdure dyes the robe of Spring, When first she gives it to the southern gale, Than the green Emerald shows. But, all combin'd. Thick thro' the whitening Opal play thy beams; 156 Or, flying feveral from its furface, form A trembling

A trembling variance of revolving hues, As the fite varies in the gazer's hand.

THE very dead creation, from thy touch, 160 Assumes a mimic life. By thee refin'd, In brighter mazes the relucent stream Plays o'er the mead. The precipice abrupt, Projecting horror on the blackened flood, Softens at thy return. The defart joys 165 Wildly, thro' all his melancholy bounds. Rude ruins glitter; and the briny deep, Seen from some pointed promontory's top, Far to the blue horizon's utmost verge, Reftless, reflects a floating gleam. But this, And all the much-transported Muse can fing, Are to thy beauty, dignity, and use, Unequal far; great delegated fource Of light, and life, and grace, and joy below!

How shall I then attempt to sing of Him! 175
Who, LIGHT HIMSELF, in uncreated light
Invested deep, dwells awfully retir'd
From mortal eye, or angel's purer ken;
Whose single smile has, from the first of time,
Fill'd, overslowing, all those lamps of Heaven, 180
That beam for ever thro' the boundless sky:
But, should he hide his face, th' astonish'd sun,
And all th' extinguish'd stars, would loosening reel
Wide from their spheres, and Chaos come again.

And yet was every faultering tongue of Man, 185
ALMIGHTY FATHER! filent in thy praise;
Thy works themselves would raise a general voice,
Even in the depth of solitary woods
By human foot untrod; proclaim thy power,
And to the quire celestial Thee resound,
Th' eternal cause, support, and end of all!

To me be Nature's volume broad-display'd;
And to peruse its all-instructing page,
Or, haply catching inspiration thence,
Some easy passage, raptur'd, to translate,
My sole delight; as thro' the falling glooms
Pensive I stray, or with the rising dawn
On Fancy's eagle-wing excursive soar.

Now, flaming up the heavens, the potent fun Melts into limpid air the high-rais'd clouds, 200 And morning fogs, that hovered round the hills In party-colour'd bands; till wide unveil'd The face of Nature shines, from where earth seems, Far-stretch'd around, to meet the bending sphere.

HALF in a blush of clustering roses lost,
Dew-dropping Coolness to the shade retires;
There, on the verdant turf, or slowery bed,
By gelid sounts and careless rills to muse;
While tyrant Heat, dispreading thro' the sky,
With rapid sway, his burning instuence darts
On Man, and beast, and herb, and tepid stream.

WHO

Who can unpitying fee the flowery race,
Shed by the morn, their new-flush'd bloom refign,
Before the parching beam? So fade the fair,
When fevers revel thro' their azure veins.

215
But one, the lofty follower of the sun,
Sad when he sets, shuts up her yellow leaves,
Drooping all night; and, when he warm returns,
Points her enamour'd bosom to his ray.

HOME, from his morning task, the swain retreats; His flock before him stepping to the fold: While the full-udder'd mother lows around The chearful cottage, then expecting food, The food of innocence, and health! The daw, The rook and magpie, to the grey-grown oaks That the calm village in their verdant arms, Sheltering, embrace, direct their lazy flight; Where on the mingling boughs they fit embower'd, All the hot noon, till cooler hours arife. Faint, underneath, the houshold fowls convene; 230 And, in a corner of the buzzing shade, The house-dog, with the vacant greyhound, lies, Out-stretch'd, and sleepy. In his slumbers one Attacks the nightly thief, and one exults O'er hill and dale; till, waken'd by the wasp, 235 They starting snap. Nor shall the Muse disdain To let the little noify fummer-race Live in her lay, and flutter thro' her fong: Not mean tho' fimple; to the fun ally'd, From him they draw their animating fire. 240 WAK'D D A

WAK'D by his warmer ray, the reptile young Come wing'd abroad: by the light air upborn, Lighter, and full of foul. From every chink, And fecret corner, where they flept away The wintry storms; or rising from their tombs, 245 To higher life; by myriads, forth at once. Swarming they pour; of all the varv'd hues Their beauty-beaming parent can disclose. Ten thousand forms! ten thousand different tribes! People the blaze. To funny waters fome 250 By fatal instinct fly; where on the pool They, sportive, wheel; or, failing down the stream, Are fnatch'd immediate by the quick-ey'd trout, Or darting falmon. Thro' the green-wood glade Some love to ftray; there lodg'd, amus'd and fed, 255 In the fresh leaf. Luxurious, others make The meads their choice, and visit every flower, And every latent herb: for the sweet task, To propagate their kinds, and where to wrap, In what foft beds, their young yet undisclos'd, 260 Employs their tender care. Some to the house. The fold, and dairy, hungry, bend their flight; Sip round the pail, or taste the curdling cheese: Oft, inadvertent, from the milky stream They meet their fate; or, weltering in the bowl, 265 With powerless wings around them wrapt, expire.

But chief to heedless flies the window proves A constant death; where, gloomily retir'd,

The

The villain spider lives, cunning, and sierce,
Mixture abhor'd! Amid a mangled heap
Of carcasses, in eager watch he sits,
O'erlooking all his waving snares around.
Near the dire cell the dreadless wanderer oft
Passes, as oft the russian shows his front;
The prey at last ensnar'd, he dreadful darts,
With rapid glide, along the leaning line;
And, fixing in the wretch his cruel fangs,
Strikes backward grimly pleas'd: the suttering wing,
And shriller sound declare extreme distress,
And ask the helping hospitable hand.
280

RESOUNDS the living surface of the ground:
Nor undelightful is the ceaseless hum,
To him who muses thro' the woods at noon;
Or drowsy shepherd, as he lies reclin'd,
With half-shut eyes, beneath the floating shade 285
Of willows grey, close-crouding o'er the brook.

Gradual, from these what numerous kinds descend, Evading even the microscopic eye!

Full Nature swarms with life; one wondrous mass Of animals, or atoms organiz'd, 290

Waiting the wital Breath, when PARENT-HEAVEN

Shall bid his spirit blow. The hoary sen, In putrid steams, emits the living cloud

Of pessilence. Thro' subterranean cells, Where searching sun-beams scarce can find a way, 295

Earth animated heaves. The flowery leaf Wants not its foft inhabitants. Secure. Within its winding citadel, the stone Holds multitudes. But chief the forest-boughs, That dance unnumber'd to the playful breeze, 300 The downy orchard, and the melting pulp Of mellow fruit, the nameless nations feed Of evanescent insects. Where the pool Stands mantled o'er with green, invisible, Amid the floating verdure millions ftray. 305 Each liquid too, whether it pierces, fooths, Inflames, refreshes, or exalts the taste, With various forms abounds. Nor is the stream Of purest crystal, nor the lucid air, Tho' one transparent vacancy it seems, 310 Void of their unseen people. These, conceal'd By the kind art of forming HEAVEN, escape The groffer eye of Man: for, if the worlds In worlds inclos'd should on his senses burst, From cates ambrofial, and the nectar'd bowl. He would abhorrent turn; and in dead night, When filence fleeps o'er all, be flunn'd with noise.

LET no prefuming impious railer tax

CREATIVE WISDOM, as if aught was form'd

In vain, or not for admirable ends.

Shall little haughty ignorance pronounce

His works unwife, of which the smallest part

Exceeds the narrow vision of her mind?

As

320

As if upon a full proportion'd dome, On swelling columns heav'd, the pride of art! 325 A critic-fly, whose feeble ray scarce spreads An inch around, with blind prefumption bold, Should dare to tax the structure of the whole. And lives the Man, whose universal eye Has fwept at once th' unbounded scheme of things; Mark'd their dependance so, and firm accord, 33I. As with unfaultering accent to conclude That This availeth nought? Has any feen The mighty chain of beings, lessening down From INFINITE PERFECTION to the brink 335. Of dreary Nothing, defolate abysis! From which astonish'd thought, recoiling, turns? Till then alone let zealous praise ascend, And hymns of holy wonder, to that POWER, Whose wisdom shines as lovely on our minds, As on our fmiling eyes his fervant-fun.

THICK in yon stream of light, a thousand ways, Upward, and downward, thwarting, and convolv'd, The quivering nations sport; till, tempest-wing'd, Fierce Winter sweeps them from the face of day. 345 Even so luxurious Men, unheeding, pass An idle summer life in fortune's shine, A season's glitter! Thus they slutter on From toy to toy, from vanity to vice; 'Till, blown away by death, oblivion comes 350 Behind, and strikes them from the book of life.

D 6

Now swarms the village o'er the jovial mead: The rustic youth, brown with meridian toil. Healthful and strong; full as the summer-rose Blown by prevailing-funs, the ruddy maid, Half naked, swelling on the fight, and all Her kindled graces burning o'er her cheek. Even stooping age is here; and infant-hands Trail the long rake, or, with the fragrant load O'ercharg'd, amid the kind oppression roll. Wide flies the tedded grain; all in a row Advancing broad, or wheeling round the field, They spread the breathing harvest to the sun, That throws refreshful round a rural smell: Or, as they rake the green-appearing ground, 365 And drive the dusky wave along the mead, The ruffet hay-cock rifes thick behind, In order gay. While heard from dale to dale, Waking the breeze, refounds the blended voice Of happy labour, love, and focial glee. 370

Or rushing thence, in one diffusive band, They drive the troubled flocks, by many a dog Compell'd, to where the mazy-running brook Forms a deep pool; this bank abrupt and high, And That fair-spreading in a pebbled shore. 375 Urg'd to the giddy brink, much is the toil, The clamour much, of men, and boys, and dogs, Ere the foft fearful people to the flood Commit their woolly fides. And oft the fwain,

Others

On fome impatient feizing, hurls them in: 380 Embolden'd then, nor hefitating more, Fast, fast, they plunge amid the flashing wave, And panting labour to the farthest shore. Repeated this, till deep the well-wash'd fleece Has drunk the flood, and from his lively haunt The trout is banish'd by the fordid stream; Heavy, and dripping, to the breezy brow Slow move the harmless race: where, as they spread Their swelling treasures to the funny ray, Inly disturb'd, and wondering what this wild Outrageous tumult means, their loud complaints The country fill; and, toss'd from rock to rock. Incessant bleatings run around the hills. At last, of snowy white, the gather'd flocks Are in the wattled pen innumerous press'd, 395 Head above head; and, rang'd in lufty rows, The shepherds sit, and whet the founding shears. The housewife waits to roll her fleecy stores, With all her gay-drest maids attending round. One, chief, in gracious dignity inthron'd, 400 Shines o'er the rest, the pastoral queen, and rays Her smiles, sweet-beaming, on her shepherd-king; While the glad circle round them yield their fouls To festive mirth, and wit that knows no gall. Meantime, their joyous talk goes on apace: Some mingling, stir the melted tar, and some, Deep on the new-shorn vagrant's heaving side, To stamp the master's cypher ready stand:

Others the unwilling wether drag along; And, glorying in his might, the flurdy boy 410 Holds by the twisted horns th' indignant ram. Behold where bound, and of its robe bereft. By needy Man, that all-depending lord, How meek, how patient, the mild creature lies! What foftness in its melancholy face, What dumb complaining innocence appears! Fear not, ye gentle tribes, 'tis not the knife Of horrid flaughter that is o'er you wav'd; No, 'tis the tender fwain's well-guided shears, Who having now, to pay his annual care, Borrowed your fleece, to you a cumbrous load, Will fend you bounding to your hills again.

A SIMPLE scene! yet hence BRITANNIA fees Her folid grandeur rife: hence she commands Th' exalted stores of every brighter clime, The treasures of the Sun, without his rage: Hence, fervent all, with culture, toil, and arts, Wide glows her land: her dreadful thunder hence Rides o'er the waves fublime, and now, even now, Impending hangs o'er Gallia's humbled coast; 430 Hence rules the circling deep, and awes the world.

2Tis raging Noon; and, vertical, the Sun Darts on the head direct his forceful rays. O'er heaven and earth, far as the ranging eye Can fweep, a dazzling deluge reigns; and all. 435. sin ti From

From pole to pole is undiffinguish'd blaze. In vain the fight, dejected to the ground, Stoops for relief; thence hot-ascending steams And keen reflection pain. Deep to the root Of vegetation parch'd, the cleaving fields And flippery lawn an arid hue disclose, Blast Fancy's blooms, and wither even the Soul. Echo no more returns the chearful found Of sharpening scythe: the mower finking heaps O'er him the humid hay, with flowers perfum'd; 445 And scarce a chirping grass-hopper is heard Thro' the dumb mead. Distressful Nature pants. The very streams look languid from afar; Or, thro' th' unshelter'd glade, impatient, seem To hurl into the covert of the grove. 450

ALL-CONQUERING Heat, oh intermit thy wrath!

And on my throbbing temples potent thus

Beam not so fierce! Incessant still you flow,

And still another fervent flood succeeds,

Pour'd on the head profuse. In vain I sigh,

And restless turn, and look around for Night;

Night is far off; and hotter hours approach.

Thrice happy he! who on the sunless side

Of a romantic mountain, forest-crown'd,

Beneath the whole collected shade reclines:

Or in the gelid caverns, woodbine-wrought,

And fresh-bedew'd with ever-spouting streams,

Sits coolly calm; while all the world without,

Un-

## 64 SUMMER.

Unfatisfied, and fick, toffes in noon.

Emblem instructive of the virtuous Man, 465
Who keeps his temper'd mind serene, and pure,
And every passion aptly harmoniz'd,

Amid a jarring world with vice instam'd.

Welcome, ye shades! ye bowery thickets, hail!
Ye losty pines! ye venerable oaks!
Ye ashes wild, resounding o'er the steep!
Delicious is your shelter to the soul,
As to the hunted hart the fallying spring,
Or stream full-slowing, that his swelling sides
Laves, as he floats along the herbag'd brink.
475
Cool, thro' the nerves, your pleasing comfort glides;
The heart beats glad; the fresh-expanded eye
And ear resume their watch; the sinews knit;
And life shoots swift thro' all the lightened limbs.

AROUND th' adjoining brook, that purls along 480 The vocal grove, now fretting o'er a rock,
Now scarcely moving thro' a reedy pool,
Now starting to a sudden stream, and now
Gently diffus'd into a limpid plain;
A various groupe the herds and slocks compose, 485
Rural consusting lie; while others stand
Half in the flood, and often bending sip
The circling surface. In the middle droops
The strong laborious ox, of honest front, 490
Which

Which incompos'd he shakes; and from his sides. The troublous insects lashes with his tail, Returning still. Amid his subjects safe, Slumbers the monarch-swain; his careless arm Thrown round his head, on downy moss sustain'd; 495 Here laid his scrip, with wholesome viands fill'd; There, listening every noise, his watchful dog.

LIGHT fly his flumbers, if perchance a flight
Of angry gad-flies fasten on the herd;
That startling scatters from the shallow brook, 500
In search of lavish stream. Tossing the foam,
They scorn the keeper's voice, and scour the plain,
Thro' all the bright severity of noon;
While, from their labouring breasts, a hollow moan
Proceeding, runs low-bellowing round the hills. 505

Orr in this feason too the horse, provok'd,
While his big sinews full of spirits swell,
Trembling with vigour, in the heat of blood,
Springs the high sence; and, o'er the sield essue'd,
Darts on the gloomy slood, with stedsast eye,
And heart estrang'd to sear: his nervous chest,
Luxuriant, and erect, the seat of strength!
Bears down th' opposing stream: quenchless his thirst;
He takes the river at redoubled draughts;
And with wide nostrils, snorting, skims the wave. 515

STILL let me pierce into the midnight depth Of yonder grove, of wildest largest growth:

That

That, forming high in air a woodland quire, Nods o'er the mount beneath. At every step, Solemn, and flow, the shadows blacker fall, 520 And all is awful listening gloom around.

THESE are the haunts of Meditation, these The scenes where ancient bards th' inspiring breath, Extatic, felt: and from this world retir'd, Convers'd with angels, and immortal forms, - 525 On gracious errands bent: to fave the fall Of virtue flruggling on the brink of vice; In waking whispers, and repeated dreams, To hint pure thought, and warn the favour'd foul For future trials fated to prepare; To prompt the poet, who devoted gives His muse to better themes; to soothe the pangs Of dying worth, and from the patriot's breaft, (Backward to mingle in detefted war, But foremost when engag'd) to turn the death; 535 And numberless such offices of love. Daily, and nightly, zealous to perform.

SHOOK sudden from the bosom of the sky, A thousand shapes or glide athwart the dusk, Or stalk majestic on. Deep-rous'd I feel A facred terror, a fevere delight, Creep thro' my mortal frame; and thus, methinks, A voice, than human more, th' abstracted ear Of fancy strikes. "Be not of us afraid,

" Poor

- " Poor kindred Man! thy fellow-creatures, we 545
- " From the same PARENT-Power our beings drew,
- " The fame our Lord, and laws, and great pursuit.
- " Once some of us, like thee, thro' stormy life,
- " Toil'd, tempest-beaten, ere we could attain
- "This holy calm, this harmony of mind, 550
- " Where purity and peace immingle charms.
- " Then fear not us; but with responsive song,
- " Amid these dim recesses, undisturb'd
- " By noify folly and discordant vice,
- " Of Nature fing with us, and Nature's Gon. 555
- " Here frequent, at the visionary hour,
- " When musing midnight reigns or filent noon,
- " Angelic harps are in full concert heard,
- " And voices chaunting from the wood-crown'd hill,
- "The deepening dale, or inmost sylvan glade: 560
- " A privilege bestow'd by us, alone,
- " On Contemplation, or the hallow'd ear
- " Of Poet, swelling to seraphic strain."

And art thou, \* STANLEY, of that facred band?
Alas, for us too foon! Tho' rais'd above
The reach of human pain, above the flight
Of human joy; yet, with a mingled ray
Of fadly pleas'd remembrance, must thou feel
A mother's love, a mother's tender woe:
Who seeks thee still, in many a former scene; 570

<sup>\*</sup> A young lady, well known to the author, who died at the age of eighteen, in the year 1738.

Seeks

Seeks thy fair form, thy lovely-beaming eyes,
Thy pleasing converse, by gay lively sense
Inspir'd: where moral wisdom mildly shone,
Without the toil of art; and virtue glow'd,
In all her smiles, without forbidding pride.
But, O thou best of parents! wipe thy tears;
Or rather to Parental Nature pay
The tears of grateful joy, who for a while
Lent thee this younger self, this opening bloom
Of thy enlightened mind and gentle worth.
Believe the Muse: the wintry blast of death
Kills not the buds of virtue; no, they spread,
Beneath the heavenly beam of brighter suns,
Thro' endless ages, into higher powers.

Thus up the mount, in airy vision rapt, 585 I stray, regardless whither; till the sound Of a near fall of water every sense [back, Wakes from the charm of thought: swift-shrinking I check my steps, and view the broken scene.

SMOOTH to the shelving brink a copious flood 590 Rolls fair, and placid; where collected all, In one impetuous torrent, down the steep It thundering shoots, and shakes the country round. At first, an azure sheet, it rushes broad; Then whitening by degrees, as prone it falls, 595 And from the loud-resounding rocks below Dash'd in a cloud of foam, it sends alost

A hoary

A hoary mist, and forms a ceaseless shower. Nor can the tortur'd wave here find repole: But, raging still amid the shaggy rocks, Now flashes o'er the scatter'd fragments. Aslant the hollow channel rapid darts; And falling fast from gradual slope to slope, With wild infracted course, and lessened roar, It gains a fafer bed, and steals, at last, Along the mazes of the quiet vale.

600

605

INVITED from the cliff, to whose dark brow He clings, the steep-ascending eagle soars, With upward pinions thro' the flood of day; And, giving full his bosom to the blaze, 610 Gains on the fun; while all the tuneful race, Smit by afflictive noon, disorder'd droop, Deep in the thicket; or, from bower to bower Responsive, force an interrupted strain. The stock-dove only thro' the forest cooes, Mournfully hoarse; oft ceasing from his plaint, Short interval of weary woe! again The fad idea of his murder'd mate, Struck from his fide by favage fowler's guile, Across his fancy comes; and then resounds A louder fong of forrow thro' the grove. 1 1-

BESIDE the dewy border let me fit, All in the freshness of the humid air; There in that hollowed rock, grotefque and wild, An ample chair moss-lin'd, and over head 625

By

By flowering umbrage shaded; where the bee Strays diligent, and with th' extracted balm Of fragrant woodbine loads his little thigh.

Now, while I taste the sweetness of the shade, While Nature lies around deep-lull'd in Noon, 630 Now come, bold Fancy, spread a daring slight, And view the wonders of the torrid Zone: Climes unrelenting! with whose rage compar'd, Yon blaze is feeble, and yon skies are cool.

See, how at once the bright effulgent fun, 635
Rising direct, swift chases from the sky
The short-liv'd twilight; and with ardent blaze
Looks gaily sierce o'er all the dazzling air:
He mounts his throne; but kind before him sends,
Issuing from out the portals of the morn, 640
The \*general Breeze, to mitigate his sire,
And breathe refreshment on a fainting world.
Great are the scenes, with dreadful beauty crown'd
And barbarous wealth, that see, each circling year,
Returning suns + and double scasons pass: 645
Rocks rich in gems, and mountains big with mines,
That on the high equator ridgy rise,

Whence

<sup>\*</sup> Which blows constantly between the tropics from the east, or the collateral points, the north-east and south-east: caused by the pressure of the rarefied air on that before it, according to the diurnal motion of the sun from east to west.

<sup>†</sup> In all climates between the tropics, the sun, as he passes and repasses in his annual motion, is twice a year vertical, which produces this effect.

Whence many a bursting stream auriferous plays:
Majestic woods, of every vigorous green,
Stage above stage, high waving o'er the hills; 650
Or to the far horizon wide disfus'd,
A boundless deep immensity of shade.
Here lofty trees, to ancient song unknown,
The noble sons of potent heat and sloods 654
Prone-rushing from the clouds, rear high to Heaven
Their thorny stems, and broad around them throw
Meridian gloom. Here, in eternal prime,
Unnumber'd fruits, of keen delicious taste
And vital spirit, drink amid the cliss,
And burning sands that bank the shrubby vales, 660
Redoubled day, yet in their rugged coats
A friendly juice to cool its rage contain.

BEAR me, Pomona! to thy citron groves;
To where the lemon and the piercing lime,
With the deep orange, glowing thro' the green, 665
Their lighter glories blend. Lay me reclin'd
Beneath the fpreading tamarind that shakes,
Fann'd by the breeze, its sever-cooling fruit.
Deep in the night the massy locust sheds,
Quench my hot limbs; or lead me thro' the maze, 670
Embowering endless, of the Indian sig;
Or thrown at gayer ease, on some fair brow,
Let me behold, by breezy murmurs cool'd,
Broad o'er my head the verdant cedar wave,
And high palmetos lift their graceful shade.

Offretch'd

O stretch'd amid these orchards of the sun, Give me to drain the cocoa's milky bowl, And from the palm to draw its freshening wine! More bounteous far than all the frantic juice Which Bacchus pours. Nor, on its slender twigs 680 Low-bending, be the full pomegranate scorn'd; Nor, creeping thro' the woods, the gelid race Of berries. Oft in humble station dwells Unboastful worth, above sastidious pomp. Witness, thou best Anâna, thou the pride 685 Of vegetable life, beyond whate'er The poets imag'd in the golden age: Quick let me strip thee of thy tusty coat, Spread thy ambrosial stores, and feast with Jove!

FROM these the prospect varies. Plains immense Lie stretch'd below, interminable meads, 691 And vast savannahs, where the wandering eye, Unfixt, is in a verdant ocean lost.

Another Flora there, of bolder hues, And richer sweets, beyond our garden's pride, 695 Plays o'er the fields, and showers with sudden hand Exuberant spring: for oft these valleys shift Their green-embroider'd robe to stery brown, And swift to green again, as scorching suns, Or streaming dews and torrent rains, prevail. 700

Along these lonely regions, where retir'd, From little scenes of art, great Nature dwells

In awful folitude, and nought is feen
But the wild herds that own no master's stall,
Prodigious rivers roll their fatning seas:
On whose luxuriant herbage, half-conceal'd,
Like a fallen cedar, far distard his train,
Cas'd in green scales, the crocodile extends.
The flood disparts: behold! in plaited mail,
Behemoth rears his head. Glanc'd from his side, 710
The darted steel in idle shivers slies:
He fearless walks the plain, or seeks the hills;
Where, as he crops his varied fare, the herds,
In widening circle round, forget their food,
And at the harmless stranger wondering gaze.
715

Peaceful, beneath primeval trees, that cast Their ample shade o'er Niger's yellow stream, And where the Ganges rolls his sacred wave; Or mid the central depth of blackening woods, High-rais'd in solemn theatre around, 720 Leans the huge elephant: wisest of brutes! O truly wise! with gentle might endow'd, Tho' powerful, not destructive! Here he sees Revolving ages sweep the changeful earth, And empires rise and fall; regardless he 721 Of what the never-resting race of Men Project: thrice happy! could he 'scape their guile, Who mine, from cruel avarice, his steps; Or with his towery grandeur swell their state,

The Hippopotamus, or river-horse.

The pride of kings! or else his strength pervert, 73• And bid him rage amid the mortal fray, Assonish'd at the madness of mankind.

WIDE o'er the winding umbrage of the floods, Like vivid bloffoms glowing from afar, Thick swarm the brighter birds. For Nature's hand, That with a sportive vanity has deck'd 736 The plumy nations, there her gayest hues Profusely pours. \* But, if the bids them thine, Array'd in all the beauteous beams of day, Yet frugal still, she humbles them in song. 740 Nor envy we the gaudy robes they lent Proud Montezuma's realm, whose legions cast A boundless radiance waving on the fun. While Philomel is ours; while in our shades, Thro' the foft filence of the liftening night, The fober-fuited fongstress trills her lay.

Bur come, my Muse, the desart-barrier burst, A wild expanse of lifeless fand and sky:
And, swifter than the toiling caravan,
Shoot o'er the vale of Sennar; ardent climb
The Nubian mountains, and the secret bounds
Of jealous Abyssina boldly pierce.
Thou art no russian, who beneath the mask

<sup>\*</sup> In all the regions of the torrid zone, the birds, tho' more beautiful in their plumage, are observed to be less melodious than ours.

Of focial commerce com'ft to rob their wealth; No holy Fury thou, blaspheming HEAVEN. 755 With confecrated steel to stab their peace, And thro' the land, yet red from civil wounds, To spread the purple tyranny of Rome. Thou, like the harmless bee, may'st freely range, From mead to mead bright with exalted flowers, 760 From jasmine grove to grove, may'st wander gay, Thro' palmy shades and aromatic woods, That grace the plains, invest the peopled hills, And up the more than Alpine mountains wave. There on the breezy fummit, spreading fair, For many a league; or on stupendous rocks, That from the fun-redoubling valley lift, Cool to the middle air, their lawny tops; Where palaces, and fanes, and villas rife; And gardens smile around, and cultur'd fields; And fountains gush; and careless herds and flocks Securely stray; a world within itself, Disdaining all assault: there let me draw Ethereal foul, there drink reviving gales, Profusely breathing from the spicy groves, And vales of fragrance; there at distance hear The roaring floods, and cataracts, that sweep From disembowel'd earth the virgin gold; And o'er the varied landskip, reffless, rove, Fervent with life of every fairer kind: 780 A land of wonders! which the fun still eyes With

How chang'd the scene! In blazing height of noon, The fun, oppress'd, is plung'd in thickest gloom. 785 Still Horror reigns, a dreary twilight round, Of struggling night and day malignant mix'd. For to the hot equator crouding fast, Where, highly rarefy'd, the yielding air Admits their stream, incessant vapours roll, 790 Amazing clouds on clouds continual heap'd; Or whirl'd tempestuous by the gusty wind, Or filent borne along, heavy, and flow, With the big stores of steaming oceans charg'd. Meantime, amid these upper seas condens'd in Around the cold aërial mountain's brow. And by conflicting winds together dash'd, The Thunder holds his black tremendous throne: From cloud to cloud the rending Lightnings rage; Till, in the furious elemental war 800 Dissolv'd, the whole precipitated mass. Unbroken floods and folid torrents pours.

The treasures these, hid from the bounded search Of ancient knowledge; whence, with annual pomp, Rich king of floods! o'erflows the swelling Nile. 805 From his two springs, in Gojam's sunny realm, Pure-welling out, he thro' the lucid lake Of sair Dambea rolls his infant-stream.

There,

There, by the Naiads nurs'd, he sports away
His playful youth, amid the fragrant isles,
That with unfading verdure smile around.
Ambitious, thence the manly river breaks;
And gathering many a slood, and copious sed
With all the mellowed treasures of the sky,
Winds in progressive majesty along:
Thro' splendid kingdoms now devolves his maze,
Now wanders wild o'er solitary tracts
Of life-deserted fand; till, glad to quit
The joyless desart, down the Nubian rocks
From thundering steep to steep, he pours his urn, 320
And Egypt joys beneath the spreading wave.

His brother Niger too, and all the floods.

In which the full-form'd maids of Afric lave.

Their jetty limbs; and all that from the tract.

Of woody mountains stretch'd thro' gorgeous Ind 825.

Fall on Cormandel's coast, or Malabar;

From \* Menam's orient stream, that nightly shines.

With insect-lamps, to where Aurora sheds.

On Indus' smiling banks the rosy shower:

All, at this bounteous season, ope their urns, 830.

And pour untoiling harvest o'er the land.

Nor less thy world, Columbus, drinks, refresh'd, The lavish moisture of the melting year.

<sup>\*</sup> The river that runs thro' Siam; on whose banks a vast multitude of those infects called Fire-flies make a beautiful appearance in the night.

Wide o'er his isles, the branching Oronoque Rolls a brown deluge; and the native drives 835 To dwell aloft on life-fufficing trees, At once his dome, his robe, his food, and arms. Swell'd by a thousand streams, impetuous hurl'd From all the roaring Andes, huge descends The mighty \* Orellana. Scarce the Muse 840 Dares stretch her wing o'er this enormous mass Of rushing water; scarce she dares attempt The fea-like Plata; to whose dread expanse, Continuous depth, and wondrous length of course, Our floods are rills. With unabated force. In filent dignity they fweep along, And traverse realms unknown, and blooming wilds, And fruitful defarts, worlds of folitude, Where the fun fmiles, and feafons teem in vain. Unfeen, and unenjoy'd. Forfaking thefe, O'er peopled plains they fair-diffusive flow, And many a nation feed, and circle fafe, In their foft bosom, many a happy isle; The seat of blameless Pan, yet undiflurb'd By christian crimes and Europe's cruel sons. 855 Thus pouring on they proudly feek the deep, Whose vanquish'd tide, recoiling from the shock, Yields to this liquid weight of half the globe; And Ocean trembles for his green domain.

#### \* The river of the Amazons.

Bur what avails this wondrous waste of wealth? This gay profusion of luxurious bliss? This pomp of Nature? what their balmy meads, Their powerful herbs, and Ceres void of pain? By vagrant birds dispers'd, and wasting winds, What their unplanted fruits? what the cool draughts, Th' ambrofial food, rich gums, and spicy health, 866 Their forests yield? Their toiling insects what, Their filky pride, and vegetable robes? Ah! what avail their fatal treasures, hid Deep in the bowels of the pitying earth, 870 Golconda's gems, and fad Potofi's mines; Where dwelt the gentlest children of the fun? What all that Afric's golden rivers roll, Her odorous woods, and shining ivory stores? Ill-fated race! the foftening arts of Peace. 875 Whate'er the humanizing Muses teach; The godlike wisdom of the tempered breast; Progressive truth, the patient force of thought; Investigation calm, whose filent powers Command the world; the LIGHT that leads to HEAVEN; Kind equal rule, the government of laws, And all-protecting FREEDOM, which alone Sustains the name and dignity of Man: These are not theirs. The parent-sun himself Seems o'er this world of flaves to tyrannize; 885 And, with oppressive ray, the roseat bloom Of beauty blafting, gives the gloomy hue, And feature gross: or worse, to ruthless deeds,

Mad

Mad jealousy, blind rage, and fell revenge,
Their fervid spirit fires. Love dwells not there, 890
The soft regards, the tenderness of life,
The heart-shed tear, th' inestable delight
Of sweet humanity: these court the beam
Of milder climes; in selfish fierce desire,
And the wild sury of voluptuous sense,
There lost. The very brute-creation there
This rage partakes, and burns with horrid sire.

Lo! the green ferpent, from his dark abode, Which even Imagination fears to tread, 371, 100 At noon forth-iffuing, gathers up his train of at 900 In orbs immense, then, darting out anew. Seeks the refreshing fount; by which diffus'd, He throws his folds: and while, with threatning tongue, And deathful jaws erect, the monster curls about div His flaming creft, all other thirst, appall'd, how gos Or shivering flies, or check'd at distance stands, out Nor dares approach. But still more direful he, will The small close-lurking minister of fate, Whose high-concocted venom thro' the veins A rapid lightning darts, arresting swift of 1 010 The vital current. Form'd to humble Man, This child of vengeful Nature! There, fublim'd of To fearless lust of blood, the savage race Roam, licens'd by the shading hour of guilt, And foul misdeed, when the pure day has shut 915 His facred eye. The tyger darting fierce Impetuous

Impetuous on the prey his glance has doom'd: 12 15 The lively-shining leopard, speckled o'er and seems With many a fpot, the beauty of the waste; 1919 1 And, fcorning all the taming arts of Man, 200 The keen hyena, fellest of the fell. These, rushing from th' inhospitable woods Of Mauritania, or the tufted isles, That verdant rise amid the Lybian wild, Innumerous glare around their shaggy king, Majestic, stalking o'er the printed fand; And, with imperious and repeated roars, the sale of the Demand their fated food. The fearful flocks Croud near the guardian swain; the nobler herds, Where round their lordly bull, in rural ease, They ruminating lie, with horror hear The coming rage. Th' awakened village starts; And to her fluttering breast the mother strains and Her thoughtless infant. From the Pyrate's den, Or stern Morocco's tyrant fang escap'd, The wretch half-wishes for his bonds again: While, uproar all, the wilderness resounds, From Atlas eastward to the frighted Nile.

UNHAPPY he! who from the first of joys,
Society, cut off, is left alone
Amid this world of death. Day after day,
Sad on the jutting eminence he fits,
And views the main that ever toils below;
Still fondly forming in the farthest verge;

8.7

Where the round ether mixes with the wave, Ships, dim-discover'd, dropping from the clouds; At evening, to the fetting fun he turns A mournful eye, and down his dying heart Sinks helpless; while the wonted roar is up, And hiss continual thro' the tedious night. 950 Yet here, even here, into these black abodes Of monsters, unappall'd, from stooping Rome, And guilty Cafar, LIBERTY retir'd, Her CATO following thro' Numidian wilds: Disdainful of Campania's gentle plains, 955 And all the green delights Ausonia pours; When for them she must bend the servile knee. And fawning take the splendid robber's boon.

Nor stop the terrors of these regions here. Commission'd demons oft, angels of wrath, 960 Let loofe the raging elements. Breath'd hot. From all the boundless furnace of the sky, And the wide glittering wafte of burning fand. A fuffocating wind the pilgrim fmites With instant death. Patient of thirst and toil, 965 Son of the defart! even the camel feels. Shot thro' his wither'd heart, the fiery blaff. Or from the black-red ether, bursting broad. Sallies the sudden whirlwind. Strait the fands. Commov'd around, in gathering eddies play : 970 Nearer and nearer still they darkening come: Till, with the general all-involving florm

Swept

Swept up, the whole continuous wilds arife;
And by their noon-day fount dejected thrown,
Or funk at night in fad difastrous sleep,
975
Beneath descending hills, the caravan
Is buried deep. In Cairo's crouded streets
Th' impatient merchant, wondering, waits in vain,
And Mecca saddens at the long delay.

But chief at fea, whose every flexile wave Obeys the blaft, the aërial tumult swells. In the dread ocean, undulating wide, Beneath the radiant line that girts the globe, The circling + Typhon, whirl'd from point to point, Exhausting all the rage of all the sky, And dire + Ecnephia reign. Amid the heavens, Falfely ferene, deep in a cloudy I speck Compress'd, the mighty tempest brooding dwells: Of no regard, fave to the skilful eye, Fiery and foul, the fmall prognostick hangs 990 Aloft, or on the promontory's brow Musters its force. A faint deceitful calm, A fluttering gale, the demon fends before, To tempt the spreading fail. Then down at once. Precipitant, descends a mingled mass 995 Of roaring winds, and flame, and rushing floods.

<sup>†</sup> Typhon and Ecnephia, names of particular storms or hurricanes, known only between the tropics.

<sup>†</sup> Called by failors the Ox-eye, being in appearance at first no bigger.

In wild amazement fix'd the failor stands. Art is too flow: By rapid fate oppress'd, His broad-wing'd vessel drinks the whelming tide, Hid in the bosom of the black abyss. The discount With fuch mad feas the daring \* GAMA fought, .... For many a day, and many a dreadful night, Incessant, lab'ring round the stormy Cape; By bold ambition led, and bolder thirst Of gold. For then from ancient gloom emerg'd 1005 The rifing world of trade: the Genius, then, Of navigation, that; in hopeless sloth, Had slumber'd on the vast Atlantic deep, For idle ages, starting, heard at last The + Lusitanian Prince; who, Heav'n-inspir'd, To love of useful glory rous'd mankind, And in unbounded Commerce mix'd the world.

INCREASING still the terrors of these storms,
His jaws horrisic arm'd with threefold sate,
Here dwells the direful shark. Lur'd by the scent 1015
Of steaming crouds, of rank disease, and death,
Behold! he rushing cuts the briny slood,
Swift as the gale can bear the ship along;
And, from the partners of that cruel trade,
Which spoils unhappy Guinea of her sons,

<sup>\*</sup> VASCO DE GAMA, the first who sailed round Africa, by the Cape of Good Hope, to the East Indies.

<sup>†</sup> DON HENRY, third fon to John the first, king of Portugal. His strong genius to the discovery of new countries was the chief tource of all the modern improvements in navigation.

Demands his share of prey; demands themselves. The stormy fates descend: one death involves Tyrants and flaves; when firait, their mangled limbs Crashing at once, he dyes the purple seasan controlled With gore, and riots in the vengeful meal. The med I reet a thife helm of thier,

WHEN o'er this world, by equinoctial rains and the Flooded immense, looks out the joyless fun, And draws the copious fleam: from fwampy fens, Where putrefaction into life ferments, And breathes destructive myriads; or from woods, Impenetrable shades, recesses soul, In vapours rank and blue corruption wrapt, Whose gloomy horrors yet no desperate foot Has ever dar'd to pierce; then, wasteful, forth Walks the dire Power; of pestilent disease. 1035; A thousand hideous fiends her course attend, or this. Sick Nature blafting, and to heartless woe, who And feeble desolation, casting down The towering hopes and all the pride of Man. Such as, of late, at Carthagena quench'd 1040 The British fire. You, gallant Vernon, faw The miserable scene; you, pitying, saw To infant-weakness sunk the warrior's arm: Saw the deep-racking pang, the ghaftly form, The lip pale-quivering, and the beamless eye 1045 No more with ardour bright: you heard the groans Of agonizing ships, from shore to shore; 4 %

Heard,

Heard, nightly plung'd amid the fullen waves, The frequent corfe; while on each other fix'd, In fad presage, the blank assistants seem'd, 1050 Silent, to ask, whom Fate would next demand.

WHAT need I mention those inclement skies. Where, frequent o'er the fickening city, Plague, The fiercest child of NEMESIS divine. Descends? \* From Ethiopia's poisoned woods, 1055 From stifled Cairo's filth, and fetid fields With locust-armies putrefying heap'd. This great destroyer sprung. Her awful rage The brutes escape: Man is her destin'd prey, Intemperate Man! and, o'er his guilty domes, 1060 She draws a close incumbent cloud of death: Uninterrupted by the living winds, Forbid to blow a wholesome breeze; and stain'd With many a mixture by the fun, fuffus'd. Of angry aspect. Princely wisdom, then, 1065 Dejects his watchful eye; and from the hand Of feeble justice, ineffectual, drop The fword and balance: mute the voice of joy, And hush'd the clamour of the bufy world. Empty the fireets, with uncouth verdure clad; 1070 Into the worst of defarts sudden turn'd The chearful haunt of Men: unless escap'd From the doom'd house, where matchless horror reigns.

<sup>\*</sup> These are the causes supposed to be the first origin of the Plogue, in Dr. MEAD's elegant book on that subject.

Shut up by barbarous fear, the smitten wretch, With frenzy wild, breaks loofe; and, loud to heaven Screaming, the dreadful policy arraigns, Inhuman, and unwife. The fullen door, Yet uninfected, on its cautious hinge Fearing to turn, abhors fociety: Dependants, friends, relations, Love himself, 1080 Savag'd by woe, forget the tender tie, The fweet engagement of the feeling heart. But vain their felfish care: the circling sky, The wide enlivening air is full of fate; And, ftruck by turns, in folitary pangs 1084 They fall, unbleft, untended, and unmourn'd. Thus o'er the profrate city black Despair Extends her raven wing; while, to complete The scene of desolation, stretch'd around, The grim guards stand, denying all retreat, 1000 And give the flying wretch a better death.

MUCH yet remains unfung: the rage intense
Of brazen-vaulted skies, of iron fields,
Where drought and famine starve the blasted year:
Fir'd by the torch of noon to tensold rage,
The infuriate hill that shoots the pillar'd stame;
And, rous'd within the subterranean world,
Th' expanding earthquake, that resistless shakes
Aspiring cities from their solid base,
And buries mountains in the staming gulph.
But 'tis enough; return, my vagrant Muse:
A nearer scene of horror calls thee home.

Behold,

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BEHOLD, flow-fettling o'er the lurid grove Unufual darkness broods; and growing gains The full possession of the sky, surcharg'd . 1105 With wrathful vapour, from the fecret beds, Where fleep the mineral generations, drawn. Thence Nitre, Sulphur, and the fiery spume Of fat Bitumen, steaming on the day, With various tinctur'd trains of latent flame, Pollute the fky, and in you baleful cloud, A reddening gloom, a magazine of fate, Ferment; till, by the torch ethereal rous'd, The dash of clouds, or irritating war-Of fighting winds, while all is calm below, 1115 They furious fpring. A boding silence reigns, Dread thro' the dun expanse; save the dull found That from the mountain, previous to the storm, Rolls o'er the muttering earth, disturbs the flood, And shakes the forest-leaf without a breath. 1120 Prone, to the lowest vale, the aërial tribes Descend: the tempest-loving raven scarce Dares wing the dubious dusk. In rueful gaze The cattle stand, and on the scowling heavens Cast a deploring eye; by Man forfook, Who to the crouded cottage hies him fast, Or feeks the shelter of the downward cave.

'Tis listening fear, and dumb amazement all: When to the startled eye the sudden glance Appears far fouth, eruptive thro' the cloud; 1130

And following flower, in explosion vast,
The Thunder raises his tremendous voice.
At first, heard solemn o'er the verge of heaven,
The tempest growls; but as it nearer comes,
And rolls its awful burden on the wind,
The lightnings stash a larger curve, and more
The noise astounds: till over head a sheet
Of livid stame discloses wide; then shuts,
And opens wider; shuts and opens still
Expansive, wrapping ether in a blaze.
Follows the loosen'd aggravated roar,
Enlarging, deepening, mingling; peal on peal
Crush'd horrible, convulsing heaven and earth.

Ever i the kink the letter to the Down comes a deluge of fonorous hail, Or prone-descending rain. Wide-rent, the clouds, 1145 Pour a whole flood; and yet, its flame unquench'd, Th'unconquerable lightning struggles through, Ragged and fierce, or in red whirling balls, And fires the mountains with redoubled rage. Black from the stroke, above, the smouldring pine Stands a fad shatter'd trunk; and, stretch'd below, A lifeless groupe the blasted cattle lie: Here the foft flocks, with that same harmless look They wore alive, and ruminating still In fancy's eye; and there the frowning bull, 1155 And ox half-rais'd. Struck on the castled cliff, The venerable tower and spiry fane Refign their aged pride. The gloomy woods 1.:13

Start at the flash, and from their deep recess,
Wide-flaming out, their trembling inmates shake.
Amid Carnarvon's mountains rages loud
1161
The repercussive roar: with mighty crush,
Into the flashing deep, from the rude rocks
Of Penmanmaur heap'd hideous to the sky,
Tumble the smitten cliss; and Snowden's peak, 1165
Dissolving, instant yields his wintry load.
Far-seen, the heights of heathy Cheviot blaze,
And Thule bellows thro' her utmost isses.

GUILT hears appall'd, with deeply troubled thought.

And yet not always on the guilty head

1170

Descends the fated flash. Young Celadon

And his America were a matchless pair;

With equal virtue form'd, and equal grace,

The same, distinguish'd by their sex alone:

Hers the mild lustre of the blooming morn,

And his the radiance of the risen day.

They lov'd: But such their guileses passion was, As in the dawn of time inform'd the heart.

Of innocence, and undissembling truth.

'Twas friendship heightened by the mutual wish, 1186
Th' enchanting hope, and sympathetic glow,
Beam'd from the mutual eye. Devoting all
To love, each was to each a dearer self;
Supremely happy in th' awakened power
Of giving joy. Alone, amid the shades,

1185
Still

Still in harmonious intercourse they liv'd. The rural day, and talk'd the flowing heart, Or sigh'd and look'd unutterable things.

So pass'd their life, a clear united stream,

By care unruffled; till, in evil hour, The tempest caught them on the tender walk, Heedless how far, and where its mazes stray'd, While, with each other bleft, creative love Still hade eternal Eden smile around. Presaging instant fate her bosom heav'd Unwonted fighs, and stealing oft a look Of the big gloom on CELADON her eye Fell tearful, wetting her disordered cheek. In vain assuring love, and considence In HEAVEN, repress'd her fear; it grew, and shook Her frame near dissolution. He perceiv'd Th' unequal conflict, and as angels look On dying faints, his eyes compassion shed, With love illumin'd high. " Fear not," he faid, " Sweet innocence! thou stranger to offence, 120; " And inward storm! HE, who you skies involves " In frowns of darkness, ever smiles on thee "With kind regard. O'er thee the secret shaft " That wastes at midnight, or th' undreaded hour " Of noon, flies harmless: and that very voice, 1210

"Which thunders terror thro' the guilty heart,
"With tongues of seraphs whispers peace to thine.
"Tis safety to be near thee sure, and thus

"To class persection!" From his void embrace, 1214 Mysterious Heaven! that moment, to the ground, A blackened corse, was struck the beauteous maid. But who can paint the lover, as he stood, Pierc'd by severe amazement, hating life, Speechless, and fix'd in all the death of woe! So, faint resemblance! on the marble tomb, 1220 The well-dissembled mourner stooping stands, For ever silent, and for ever sad.

As from the face of heaven the shattered clouds
Tumultuous rove, th' interminable sky
Sublimer swells, and o'er the world expands
1225
A purer azure. Thro' the lightened air
A higher lustre and a clearer calm,
Distusive, tremble; while, as if in sign
Of danger past, a glittering robe of joy,
Set off abundant by the yellow ray,
1230
Invests the fields; and nature smiles reviv'd.

'Trs beauty all, and grateful fong around,
Join'd to the low of kine, and numerous bleat
Of flocks thick-nibbling thro' the clover'd vale.
And shall the hymn be marr'd by thankless Man, 1235
Mott-favour'd; who with voice articulate
Should lead the chorus of this lower world?
Shall he, so foon forgetful of the hand
That hush'd the thunder, and serenes the sky,
Extinguish'd feel that spark the tempest wak'd, 1240
That

That sense of powers exceeding far his own, Ere yet his seeble heart has lost its fears?

CHEAR'D by the milder beam, the sprightly youth Speeds to the well-known pool, whose crystal depth A sandy bottom shews. A while he stands 1245 Gazing th' inverted landskip, half asraid To meditate the blue prosound below; Then plunges headlong down the circling slood. His ebon tresses, and his rosy cheek Instant emerge; and thro' the obedient wave, 1250 At each short breathing by his lip repell'd, With arms and legs according well, he makes, As humour leads, an easy-winding path; While, from his polish'd sides, a dewy light the Effuses on the pleas'd spectators round.

This is the purest exercise of health,
The kind refresher of the summer-heats;
Nor, when cold Winter keens the brightening flood,
Would I weak-shivering linger on the brink.
Thus life redoubles, and is oft preserv'd.

1260
By the bold swimmer, in the swift illapse
Of accident disastrous. Hence the limbs
Knit into force; and the same Roman arm,
That rose victorious o'er the conquer'd earth,
First learn'd, while tender, to subdue the wave. 1265
Even, from the body's purity, the mind
Receives a secret sympathetic aid.

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CLOSE in the covert of an hazel copfe, Where winded into pleasing solitudes Runs out the rambling dale, young DAMON fat, 1270 Pensive, and pierc'd with love's delightful pangs. There to the stream that down the distant rocks Hoarfe-murmuring fell, and plaintive breeze that play'd Among the bending willows, falfely he Of Musidora's cruelty complain'd. 1275 She felt his flame; but deep within her breaft, In bashful coyness, or in maiden pride, The foft return conceal'd: fave when it stole In fide-long glances from her downcast eye, Or from her swelling soul in stifled sighs. 1280 Touch'd by the scene, no stranger to his vows, He fram'd a melting lay, to try her heart: And, if an infant passion struggled there, To call that passion forth. Thrice happy swain! A lucky chance, that oft decides the fate 1285 Of mighty monarchs, then decided thine. For lo! conducted by the laughing Loves, This cool retreat his Musidor A fought: Warm in her cheek the fultry feafon glow'd; And, robe'd in loofe array, she came to bathe 1200 Her fervent limbs in the refreshing stream. What shall he do? In sweet confusion lost, And dubious flutterings, he a while remain'd: A pure ingenuous elegance of foul, A delicate refinement, known to few, 1295 Perplex'd his breaft, and urg'd him to retire: But

But love forbade. Ye prudes in virtue, fav. Sav. ve severest, what would you have done? Meantime, this fairer nymph than ever bleft Arcadian stream, with timid eye around The banks furveying, stripp'd her beauteous limbs, To taste the lucid coolness of the flood. Ah then! not Paris on the piny top Of Ida panted stronger, when aside The rival-goddesses the veil divine Cast unconfin'd, and gave him all their charms. Than. DAMON, thou; as from the snowy leg. And flender foot, th' inverted filk the drew : As the foft touch dissolv'd the virgin zone: And, thro' th' parting robe, th' alternate breaft, 1310 With youth wild-throbbing, on thy lawless gaze In full luxuriance rose. But, desperate youth, How durft thou risque the soul-distracting view; As from her naked limbs, of glowing white, Harmonious swell'd by Nature's finest hand, In folds loofe-floating fell the fainter lawn; And fair-expos'd she stood, shrunk from herself, With fancy blushing, at the doubtful breeze Alarm'd, and flarting like the fearful fawn? Then to the flood she rush'd; the parted flood 1320 Its lovely guest with closing waves receiv'd: And every beauty foftening, every grace Flushing anew, a mellow lustre shed: As shines the lily thro' the crystal mild; Or as the rose amid the morning dew. 1325 Fresh

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Fresh from Aurora's hand, more sweetly glows. While thus she wanton'd, now beneath the wave But ill-conceal'd; and now with fireaming locks, That half-embrac'd her in a humid veil, Rifing again, the latent Damon drew Such madning draughts of beauty to the foul, As for a while o'erwhelm'd his raptur'd thought With luxury too-daring. Check'd, at last, By love's respectful modesty, he deem'd The theft profane, if aught profane to love 1235 Can e'er be deem'd; and, struggling from the shade, With headlong hurry fled : but first these lines, Trac'd by his ready pencil, on the bank and and the With trembling hand he threw, " Bathe on, my fair, "Yet unbeheld fave by the facred eye w 13837 1340 " Of faithful love: I go to guard thy haunt, he al "To keep from thy recess each vagrant foot," " And each licentious eye." With wild furprize. As if to marble struck; devoid of sense, A stupid moment motionless she stood : 1345 So flands the \* flatue that enchants the world, So bending tries to veil the matchless boast, The mingled beauties of exulting Greece. Recovering, swift she flew to find those robes Which blifsful Eden knew not; and, array'd In careless haste, th' alarming paper snatch'd. But, when her Damon's well-known hand she faw. Her terrors vanish'd, and a softer train 3 3 - 1211 1.

Of mixt emotions, hard to be describ'd, Her sudden bosom seiz'd: shame void of guilt, 1355 The charming blush of innocence, esteem And admiration of her lover's flame, By modesty exalted: even a sense Of felf-approving beauty ftole across Her busy thought. At length, a tender calm Hush'd by degrees the tumult of her soul; And on the spreading beech, that o'er the stream Incumbent hung, she with the silvan pen Of rural lovers this confession carv'd, Which foon her DAMON kifs'd with weeping joy: 1365 "Dear youth! fole judge of what these verses mean,

" By fortune too much favour'd, but by love.

" Alas! not favour'd less, be still as now

" Discreet: the time may come you need not fly

THE fun has loft his rage! his downward orb 1370 Shoots nothing now but animating warmth, And vital lustre; that, with various ray, Lights up the clouds, those beauteous robes of heave Incessant roll'd into romantic shapes, The dream of waking fancy! Broad below, Cover'd with ripening fruits, and swelling fast Into the perfect year, the pregnant earth And all her tribes rejoice. Now the foft hour Of walking comes: for him who lonely loves To feek the distant hills, and there converse 1380 With Nature; there to harmonize his heart, . III. F.

And in pathetic fong to breathe around The harmony to others. Social friends, Attun'd to happy unifon of foul; To whose exalting eye a fairer world, 1385 Of which the vulgar never had a glimpfe, Displays its charms; whose minds are richly fraught With philosophic stores, superior light; And in whose breast, enthusiastic, burns Virtue, the fons of interest deem romance; 1390 Now call'd abroad enjoy the falling day: Now to the verdant Portico of woods, To Nature's vast Lyceum, forth they walk; By that kind School where no proud master reigns, The full free converse of the friendly heart, Improving and improv'd. Now from the world, Sacred to fweet retirement, lovers steal, And pour their fouls in transport, which the SIRE Of love approving hears, and calls it good. 1399 Which way, AMANDA, shall we bend our course? The choice perplexes. Wherefore should we chuse? All is the same with thee. Say, shall we wind Along the streams? or walk the smiling mead? Or court the forest-glades? or wander wild Among the waving harvests? or ascend, 1405 While radiant Summer opens all its pride, Thy hill, delightful \* Shene? Here let us sweep The boundless landskip: now the raptur'd eye,

<sup>\*</sup> The old name of Richmond, fignifying in Saxon Shining, or Splender.

Exulting

Exulting swift, to huge Augusta send, Now to the \* Sifter-Hills that skirt her plain, 1410 To lofty Harrow now, and now to where Majestic Windsor lifts his princely brow. In lovely contrast to this glorious view Calmly magnificent, then will we turn To where the filver THAMES first rural grows. 1415 There let the feasted eye unwearied stray: Luxurious, there, rove thro' the pendant woods That nodding hang o'er HARRINGTON's retreat; And, stooping thence to Ham's embowering walks, Beneath whose shades, in spotless peace retir'd, 1420 With HER the pleasing partner of his heart, The worthy QUEENSB'RY yet laments his GAY, And polish'd Cornbury wooes the willing Muse, Slow let us trace the matchless VALE OF THAMES: Fair-winding up to where the Muses haunt In Twit'nam's bowers, and for their Pope implore The healing God +; to royal Hampton's pile, To Clermont's terrafs'd height, and Efher's groves, Where in the sweetest solitude, embrac'd By the foft windings of the filent Mole, 1430 From courts and fenates Pelham finds repofe. Inchanting vale! beyond whate'er the Mufe Has of Achaia or Hefperia fung! O vale of blifs! O foftly-fwelling hills! On which the Power of Cultivation lies, 1435 And joys to fee the wonders of his toil.

\* Highgate and Hamstead,

HEAVENS! what a goodly prospect spreads around, Of hills, and dales, and woods, and lawns, and spires, And glittering towns, and gilded streams, till all The stretching landskip into smoke decays! 1440 Happy BRITANNIA! where the QUEEN OF ARTS, Inspiring vigour, LIBERTY abroad Walks, unconfin'd, even to thy farthest cotts, And scatters plenty with unsparing hand.

Rich is thy foil, and merciful thy clime; 1445
Thy streams unfailing in the Summer's drought;
Unmatch'd thy guardian-oaks; thy valleys float
With golden waves: and on thy mountains flocks
Bleat numberless: while, roving round their sides,
Bellow the blackening herds in lusty droves. 1450
Beneath, thy meadows glow, and rise unquell'd
Against the mower's scythe. On every hand
Thy villas shine. Thy country teems with wealth;
And property assured; in this guarded toil. 1455

Full are thy cities with the fons of art;
And trade and joy, in every bufy street,
Mingling are heard: even Drudgery himself,
As at the car he sweats, or dusty hews
The palace-stone, looks gay. Thy crouded ports,
Where rising mass an endless prospect yield,
With labour burn, and echo to the shouts
Of hurried sailor, as he hearty waves

His last adieu, and loosening every sheet, Resigns the spreading vessel to the wind.

1465

Bold, firm, and graceful, are thy generous youth, By hardship sinew'd, and by danger sir'd, Scattering the nations where they go; and sirst Or on the listed plain, or stormy seas.

Mild are thy glories too, as o'er the plans

Of thriving peace thy thoughtful sires preside;
In genius, and substantial learning, high;
For every virtue, every worth, renown'd;
Sincere, plain-hearted, hospitable, kind;
Yet like the mustering thunder when provok'd, 1475
The dread of tyrants, and the sole resource
Of those that under grim oppression groan.

Thy Sons of Glory many! Alfred thine, In whom the splendor of heroic war,
And more heroic peace, when govern'd well, 1480 Combine; whose hallowed name the virtues faint,
And his own Muses love; the best of Kings!
With him thy Edwards and thy Henrys shine,
Names dear to Fame; the first who deep impress'd
On haughty Gaul the terror of thy arms, 1485.
That awes her genius still. In Statesmen thou,
And Patriots, sertile. Thine a steady More,
Who, with a generous tho' mistaken zeal,
Withstood a brutal tyrant's useful rage,
Like Cato firm, like Aristides just, 1490

F 3.

Like

Like rigid CINCINNATUS nobly poor, A dauntless foul erect, who smil'd on death. Frugal, and wife, a WALSINGHAM is thine; A DRAKE, who made thee mistress of the deep. And bore thy name in thunder round the world. 1495 Then flam'd thy spirit high: but who can speak The numerous worthies of the MAIDEN REIGN? In RALEIGH mark their every glory mix'd; RALEIGH, the scourge of Spain! whose breast with all The fage, the patriot, and the hero burn'd. \_ 1500 Nor funk his vigour, when a coward-reign The warrior fetter'd, and at last resign'd, 'To glut the vengeance of a vanquish'd foe. Then, active still and unrestrain'd, his mind Explor'd the vast extent of ages past. And with his prifon-hours enrich'd the world; Yet found no times, in all the long refearch, So glorious, or so base, as those he prov'd, In which he conquer'd, and in which he bled. Nor can the Muse the gallant Sidney pass, The plume of war! with early laurels crown'd, The Lover's myrtle, and the Poet's bay. A HAMDEN too is thine, illustrious land, Wife, strenuous, firm, of unsubmitting foul, Who stem'd the torrent of a downward age To flavery prone, and bade thee rife again, In all thy native pomp of freedom bold. Bright, at his call, thy Age of Men effulg'd, Of Men on whom late time a kindling eye

Shall

Shall turn, and tyrants tremble while they read. 1520 Bring every sweetest flower, and let me strew The grave where Russel lies; whose temper'd blood, With calmest chearfulness for thee resign'd, Stain'd the fad annals of a giddy reign; Aiming at lawless power, tho' meanly funk 1525 In loofe inglorious luxury. With him His friend, the \* BRITISH CASSIUS, fearless bled; Of high determin'd spirit, roughly brave, By ancient learning to th' enlightened love Of ancient freedom warm'd. Fair thy renown 1530 In awful Sages and in noble Bards; Soon as the light of dawning Science spread Her orient ray, and wak'd the Muses' song. Thine is a BACON; hapless in his choice, Unfit to stand the civil storm of state. 1535 And thro' the smooth barbarity of courts. With firm but pliant virtue, forward still To urge his course: him for the studious shade Kind Nature form'd, deep, comprehensive, clear, Exact, and elegant; in one rich foul, 1540 PLATO, the STAGYRITE, and TULLY join'd. The great deliverer he! who from the gloom Of cloister'd monks, and jargon-teaching schools, Led forth the true Philosophy, there long Held in the magic chain of words and forms. 1545 And definitions void: he led her forth. Daughter of HEAVEN! that flow-ascending still,

ALGERNON SIDNEY.

F 4

Investigating

Investigating fure the chain of things, With radiant finger points to HEAVEN again. The generous \* Ashley thine, the friend of Man; Who fcann'd his Nature with a brother's eye, 1551 His weakness prompt to shade, to raise his aim, To touch the finer movements of the mind, And with the moral beauty charm the heart. Why need I name thy BOYLE, whose pious fearch Amid the dark recesses of his works, 1556 The great CREATOR fought? And why thy LOCKE. Who made the whole internal world his own? Let NEWTON, pure Intelligence, whom God To mortals lent, to trace his boundless works From laws fublimely fimple, speak thy fame In all philosophy. For lofty fense, Creative fancy, and inspection keen Thro' the deep windings of the human heart, 1564 Is not wild SHAKESPEARE thine and Nature's boaft ? Is not each great, each amiable Muse Of classic ages in thy MILTON met? A genius universal as his theme; Aftonishing as Chaos, as the bloom Of blowing Eden fair, as Heaven sublime. 1570 Nor shall my verse that elder bard forget, The gentle Spencer, Fancy's pleasing fon; Who, like a copious river, pour'd his fong O'er all the mazes of enchanted ground: Nor thee, his ancient master, laughing fage,

<sup>\*</sup> ANTONY ASHLEY COOPER, Earl of Shaftesbury.

CHAUCER,

CHAUCER, whose native manners-painting verse, Well-moraliz'd, shines thro' the Gothic cloud. Of time and language o'er thy genius thrown.

May my fong foften, as thy Daughters I, BRITANNIA, hail! for beauty is their own, 1580 The feeling heart, simplicity of life,. And elegance, and taste: the faultless form, Shap'd by the hand of harmony; the cheek, Where the live crimson, thro' the native white Soft-shooting, o'er the face diffuses bloom, 1585 And every nameless grace; the parted lip, Like the red rose-bud moist with morning-dew, Breathing delight; and, under flowing jet, Or funny ringlets, or of circling brown, The neck flight-shaded, and the swelling breast; 1590 The look refiftless, piercing to the foul, And by the foul inform'd, when dreft in love She fits high-fmiling in the confcious eye.

Island of blifs! amid the subject seas,
That thunder round thy rocky coasts, set up,
At once the wonder, terror, and delight,
Of distant nations; whose remotest shores
Can soon be shaken by thy naval arm;
Not to be shook thyself, but all assaults
Bassling, as thy hoar cliffs the loud sea-wave.

O THOU! by whose almighty Nod the scale Of empire rises, or alternate falls,

5

Send

### 106 SUMMER.

Send forth the faving VIRTUES round the land, In bright patrol: white Peace, and focial Love; The tender-looking Charity, intent 1605 On gentle deeds, and shedding tears thro' fmiles; Undaunted Truth, and Dignity of mind; Courage compos'd, and keen; found Temperance. Healthful in heart and look; clear Chastity, With blufhes reddening as she moves along, Difordered at the deep regard she draws: Rough Industry; Activity untir'd, With copious life inform'd, and all awake: While in the radiant front, superior shines That first paternal virtue, Public Zeal; 1615 Who throws o'er all an equal wide furvey, And, ever musing on the common weal, Still labours glorious with fome great defign.

Low walks the fun, and broadens by degrees,
Just o'er the verge of day. The shifting clouds 1620
Assembled gay, a richly-gorgeous train,
In all their pomp attend his setting throne.
Air, earth, and ocean smile immense. And now,
As if his weary chariot fought the bowers
Of Amphitrite, and her tending nymphs,
(So Grecian sable sung) he dips his orb;
Now half-immers'd; and now a golden curve
Gives one bright glance, then total disappears.

For ever running an enchanted round,
Passes the day, deceitful, vain and void;
As

As fleets the vision o'er the formful brain, This moment hurrying wild th' impassion'd foul, The next in nothing loft. 'Tis fo to him, The dreamer of this earth, an idle blank: 1635 A fight of horror to the cruel wretch, Who all day long in fordid pleasure roll'd, Himfelf an useless load, has squander'd vile, Upon his scoundrel train, what might have cheer'd A drooping family of modest worth. But to the generous still-improving mind, 1640 That gives the hopeless heart to sing for joy, Diffusing kind beneficence around, Boastless, as now descends the filent dew; To him the long review of order'd life Is inward rapture, only to be felt. 1645

Convess's from yonder flow-extinguish'd clouds, All ether softening, sober Evening takes
Her wonted station in the middle air;
A thousand shadows at her beck. First this
She sends on earth; then that of deeper dye 1650
Steals soft behind; and then a deeper still,
In circle following circle, gathers round,
To close the face of things. A fresher gale
Begins to wave the wood, and stir the stream,
Sweeping with shadowy gust the fields of corn; 1655
While the quail clamours for his running mate.
Wide o'er the thistly lawn, as swells the breeze,
A whitening shower of vegetable down

Amusive floats. The kind impartial care

#### 108 SUMMER.

Of Nature nought difdains: thoughtful to feed 1660 Her lowest sons, and clothe the coming year, From field to field the feathered feeds she wings.

His folded flock secure, the shepherd home Hies, merry-hearted; and by turns relieves The ruddy milk-maid of her brimming pail; The beauty whom perhaps his witless heart, Unknowing what the joy-mixt anguish means, Sincerely loves, by that best language shewn Of cordial glances, and obliging deeds. Onward they pass, o'er many a panting height, 1670 And valley funk, and unfrequented; where At fall of eve the fairy people throng, In various game, and revelry, to pass The summer-night, as village-stories tell. But far about they wander from the grave 1675 Of him, whom his ungentle fortune urg'd Against his own fad breast to lift the hand Of impious violence. The lonely tower: Is also shun'd; whose mournful chambers hold, So night-struck Fancy dreams, the yelling ghost. 1680

AMONG the crooked lanes, on every hedge, The glow-worm lights his gem; and, thro' the dark, A moving radiance twinkles. Evening yields The world to Night; not in her winter-robe Of massy Stygian woof, but loose array'd 1685/ In mantle dun. A faint erroneous ray, Glanc'd from th' imperfect furfaces of things, :7

Flings

Flings half an image on the straining eye: While wavering woods, and villages, and ffreams. And rocks, and mountain-tops, that long retain'd 1600 Th' afcending gleam, are all one fwimming fcene, Uncertain if beheld. Sudden to heaven-Thence weary vision turns; where, leading foft The filent hours of love, with purest ray Sweet Venus shines; and from her genial rife. When day-light fickens till it springs afresh, Unrival'd reigns, the fairest lamp of night. As thus th' effulgence tremulous I drink, With cherish'd gaze, the lambent lightnings shoot-Acrofs the fky; or horizontal dart 1700 In wondrous shapes: by fearful murmuring crowds, Portentous deem'd. Amid the radiant orbs, That more than deck, that animate the fky, The life-infusing suns of other worlds; Lo! from the dread immensity of space: 1705/ Returning, with accelerated course, The rushing comet to the sun descends; And as he finks below the shading earth, With awful train projected o'er the heavens, The guilty nations tremble. But, above 1710: Those superstitious horrors that enslave The fond fequacious herd, to mystic faith And blind amazement prone, the enlightened few, Whose godlike minds philosophy exalts, The glorious stranger hail. They feel a joy 1715 Divinely great; they in their powers exult, That wondrous force of thought, which mounting This.

#### IIO SUMMER.

This dusky spot, and measures all the sky:
While, from his far excursion thro' the wilds
Of barren ether, faithful to his time,
They see the blazing wonder rise anew,
In seeming terror clad, but kindly bent
To work the will of all-sustaining Love:
From his huge vapoury train perhaps to shake
Reviving moisture on the numerous orbs,
Thro' which his long ellipsis winds; perhaps
To lend new suel to declining suns,
To light up worlds, and feed th' eternal sire.

WITH thee, serene PHILOSOPHY, with thee, And thy bright garland, let me crown my fong! 1730 Effusive source of evidence, and truth! A lustre shedding o'er th' ennobled mind, Stronger than fummer-noon; and pure as that. Whose mild vibrations footh the parted foul, New to the dawning of celestial day. 1735 Hence thro' her nourish'd powers, enlarg'd by thee, She fprings aloft, with elevated pride, Above the tangling mass of low desires, That bind the fluttering crowd; and, angel-wing'd, The heights of science, and of virtue gains, Where all is calm and clear; with Nature round. Or in the starry regions, or th' abyss, To Reason's and to Fancy's eye display'd: The First up-tracing, from the dreary void, The chain of causes and effects to HIM. The world-producing Essence, who alone

Possesses.

Possesses while the Last receives
The whole magnificence of heaven and earth,
And every beauty, delicate or bold,
Obvious or more remote, with livelier sense,
Diffusive painted on the rapid mind.

1750

TUTOR'D by thee, hence POETRY exalts
Her voice to ages; and informs the page
With music, image, sentiment, and thought,
Never to die! the treasure of mankind!
Their highest honour, and their truest joy!

1755

WITHOUT thee what were unenlightened Man? A favage roaming thro' the woods and wilds, In quest of prey; and with th' unfashioned furr Rough-clad; devoid of every finer art, And elegance of life. Nor happiness Domestic, mix'd of tenderness and care, Nor moral excellence, nor focial blifs, Nor guardian law were his; nor various skill To turn the furrow, or to guide the tool 1765 Mechanic; nor the heaven-conducted prow Of navigation bold, that fearless braves The burning line or dares the wintry pole; Mother fevere of infinite delights! Nothing, fave rapine, indolence, and guile, 1770 And woes on woes, a still-revolving train! Whose horrid circle had made human life Than non-existence worse: but, taught by thee, Ours are the plans of policy, and peace; To live like brothers, and conjunctive all 1775 Embellish

#### FIZ S U M M E R.

Embellish life. While thus laborious crowds.

Ply the tough oar, Philosophy directs

The ruling helm; or like the liberal breath

Of potent Heaven, invisible, the sail.

Swells out, and bears th' inferior world along. 1780.

Nor to this evanescent speck of earth Poorly confin'd, the radiant tracts on high Are her exalted range; intent to gaze Creation thro'; and, from that full complex Of never-ending wonders, to conceive Of the Sole Being right, who spoke the Word, And Nature mov'd complete. With inward view, Thence on th' ideal kingdom swift she turns Her eye; and instant, at her powerful glance, Th' obedient phantoms vanish or appear: Compound, divide, and into order shift, Each to his rank, from plain perception up To the fair forms of Fancy's fleeting train: To reason then, deducing truth from truth; And notion quite abstract; where first begins 1795 The world of spirits, action all, and life Unfettered, and unmixt. But here the cloud, So wills ETERNAL PROVIDENCE, fits deep. Enough for us to know that this dark state, In wayward passions lost, and vain pursuits, 1800 This Infancy of Being, cannot prove The final Issue of the works of Gop. By boundless Love and perfect Wisdom form'd, And ever rifing with the rifing mind.

AUTUMN.





Autumn.

# AUTUMN.

#### The ARGUMENT.

The subject proposed. Addressed to Mr Onslow. prospect of the fields ready for harvest. Reslections in praise of industry raised by that view. Reaping. A tale relative to it. A barvest storm. Shooting and bunting, their barbarity. A ludicrous account of foxbunting. A view of an orchard. Wall-fruit. A vineyard. A description of fogs, frequent in the latter part of Autumn: whence a digression, enquiring into the rife of fountains and rivers. Birds of season confidered, that now Shift their habitation. The prodigious number of them that cover the northern and western istes of SCOTLAND. Hence a view of the country. A prospect of the discoloured, fading woods. After a gentle dusky day, moon-light. Autumnal meteors. Morning: to which succeeds a calm, pure, fun-shiny day, such as usually shuts up the season. harvest being gathered in, the country dissolved in joy. The whole concludes with a panegyric on a philosophical country life.

ROWN'D with the fickle and the wheaten sheaf, While AUTUMN, nodding o'er the yellow plain, Comes jovial on; the Doric reed once more. Well pleas'd, I tune. Whate'er the Wintry frost Nitrous prepar'd; the various-bloffom'd Spring Put in white promise forth; and Summer-suns Concocted strong, rush boundless now to view. Full, perfect all, and swell my glorious theme.

Onslow! the Muse, ambitious of thy name, To grace, inspire, and dignify her song, Would from the Public Voice thy gentle ear A while engage. Thy noble cares she knows, The patriot virtues that distend thy thought, Spread on thy front, and in thy bosom glow; While listening fenates hang upon thy tongue, Devolving thro' the maze of eloquence A roll of periods, sweeter than her song. But she too pants for public virtue, she, Tho' weak of power, yet strong in ardent will, Whene'er her country rushes on her heart, Assumes a bolder note, and fondly tries To mix the patriot's with the poet's flame. . "

WHEN

WHEN the bright Virgin gives the beauteous days, And Libra weighs in equal scales the year; From heaven's high cope the fierce effulgence shook 25 Of parting Summer, a ferener blue, With golden light enlivened, wide invests The happy world. Attemper'd funs arise, Sweet-beam'd, and shedding oft thro' lucid clouds A pleafing calm; while broad, and brown, below 30 Extensive harvests hang the heavy head. Rich, filent, deep, they stand; for not a gale Rolls its light billows o'er the bending plain: A calm of plenty! till the ruffled air Falls from its poife, and gives the breeze to blow. Rent is the fleecy mantle of the fky; The clouds fly different; and the sudden fun By fits effulgent gilds th' illumin'd field, And black by fits the shadows sweep along. A gaily-checker'd heart-expanding view, Far as the circling eye can shoot around, Unbounded toffing in a flood of corn.

THESE are thy bleffings, INDUSTRY! rough power!
Whom labour fill attends, and sweat, and pain;
Yet the kind source of every gentle art,
And all the soft civility of life:
Raiser of human kind! by Nature cast,
Naked, and helpless, out amid the woods
And wilds, to rude inclement elements;
With various seeds of art deep in the mind

Im-

Implanted, and profusely pour'd around Materials infinite; but idle all. Still unexerted in th' unconfcious breaft. and story Slept the lethargic powers; corruption still, Voracious, swallowed what the liberal hand Of bounty scatter'd o'er the savage year: And still the fad barbarian, roving, mix'd With beafts of prey; or for his acorn-meal Fought the fierce tulky boar; a shivering wretch! Aghast, and comfortless, when the bleak north, With Winter charg'd, let the mix'd tempest fly, Hail, rain, and fnow, and bitter-breathing froft: Then to the shelter of the hut he fled; And the wild feafon, fordid, pin'd away. For home he had not; home is the refort Of love, of joy, of peace and plenty, where. Supporting and supported, polish'd friends, And dear relations mingle into blifs. But this the rugged favage never felt, Even desolate in crowds; and thus his days Roll'd heavy, dark, and unenjoy'd along: A waste of time! till Industry approach'd, And rous'd him from his miferable floth: His faculties unfolded; pointed out, Where lavish Nature the directing hand Of Art demanded: shew'd him how to raise His feeble force by the mechanic powers, To dig the mineral from the vaulted earth; On what to turn the piercing rage of fire, On

#### 118 AUTUMN.

On what the torrent, and the gather'd blaft; Gave the tall ancient forest to his ax: Taught him to chip the wood, and hew the stone, Till by degrees the finish'd fabric rose; Tore from his limbs the blood-polluted furr, And wrapt them in the woolly vestment warm, Or bright in gloffy filk, and flowing lawn; With wholesome viands fill'd his table, pour'd The generous glass around, inspir'd to wake The life-refining foul of decent wit: Nor stopp'd at barren bare necessity; 90 But still advancing bolder, led him on To pomp, to pleasure, elegance, and grace; And, breathing high ambition thro' his foul, Set science, wisdom, glory in his view, And bade him be the Lord of all below. 95

Then gathering men their natural powers comAnd form'd a Public; to the general good [bin'd,
Submitting, aiming, and conducting all.
For this the Patriot-Council met, the full,
The free, and fairly reprefented Whole; 100
For this they plann'd the holy guardian laws,
Diffinguish'd orders, animated arts,
And with joint force Oppression chaining, set
Imperial Justice at the helm; yet still
To them accountable: nor slavish dream'd
That toiling millions must resign their weal,

And

And all the honey of their fearch, to such As for themselves alone themselves have rais'd.

Hence every form of cultivated life
In order set, protected, and inspir'd
Into persection wrought. Uniting all,
Society grew numerous, high, polite,
And happy. Nurse of art! the city rear'd
In beauteous pride her tower-encircled head;
And, stretching street on street, by thousands drew, 115
From twining woody haunts, or the tough yew
To bows strong-straining, her aspiring sons.

THEN COMMERCE brought into the public walk The bufy merchant; the big ware-house built; 119 Rais'd the strong crane; choak'd up the loaded street With foreign plenty; and thy stream, O THAMES, Large, gentle, deep, majestic, king of floods! Chose for his grand resort. On either hand, Like a long wintry forest, groves of masts Shot up their spires; the bellying sheet between 123 Posses'd the breezy void; the sooty hulk Steer'd fluggish on; the splendid barge along Row'd, regular, to harmony; around, The boat, light-skimming, stretch'd its oary wings; While deep the various voice of fervent toil From bank to bank increas'd; whence ribb'd with oak, To bear the BRITISH THUNDER, black, and bold, The roaring vessel rush'd into the main.

THEN

THEN too the pillar'd dome, magnific, heav'd

Its ample roof; and Luxury within

135

Pour'd out her glittering stores: the canvas smooth,

With glowing life protuberant, to the view

Embodied rose; the statue seem'd to breathe,

And soften into sless, beneath the touch

Of forming art, imagination-flush'd.

140

ALL is the gift of INDUSTRY; whate'er
Exalts, embellishes, and renders life
Delightful. Pensive Winter cheer'd by him;
Sits at the social fire, and happy hears
Th' excluded tempest idly rave along;
His harden'd fingers deck the gaudy Spring;
Without him Summer were an arid waste;
Nor to th' Autumnal months could thus transmit
Those full, mature, immeasurable stores,
That, waving round, recal my wandering song. 150

Soon as the morning trembles o'er the sky,'
And, unperceiv'd, unfolds the spreading day;
Eefore the ripened field the reapers stand,
In fair array; each by the lass he loves,
To bear the rougher part, and mitigate
By nameless gentle offices her toil.
At once they soop and swell the lusty sheaves;
While thro' their chearful band the rural talk,
The rural scandal, and the rural jest,
Fly harmless, to deceive the tedious time,

155

160 And And steal unfelt the fultry hours away. Behind the master walks, builds up the shocks: And, conscious, glancing oft on every side His fated eye, feels his heart heave with joy. The gleaners spread around, and here and there, 165 Spike after spike, their scanty harvest pick. Be not too narrow, husbandmen! but fling From the full sheaf, with charitable stealth, The liberal handful. Think, oh grateful think! How good the God of HARVEST is to you; Who pours abundance o'er your flowing fields; While these unhappy partners of your kind Wide-hover round you, like the fowls of heaven, And ask their humble dole. The various turns Of fortune ponder; that your fons may want What now, with hard reluctance, faint, ye give.

The lovely young Lavinia once had friends; And Fortune smil'd, deceitful, on her birth. For, in her helpless years depriv'd of all, Of every stay, save Innocence and Heaven, She, with her widow'd mother, seeble, old, And poor, liv'd in a cottage, far retir'd Among the windings of a woody vale; By solitude and deep-surrounding shades, But more by bashful modesty, conceal'd. Together thus they shunn'd the cruel scorn Which virtue, sunk to poverty, would meet From giddy passion and low-minded pride: Almost on Nature's common bounty seed;

Like

1 100

Like the gay birds that fung them to repose, 190 Content, and careless of to-morrow's fare. Her form was fresher than the morning rose, When the dew wets its leaves; unstain'd, and pure, As is the lily, or the mountain fnow. The modest virtues mingled in her eyes, Still on the ground dejected, darting all Their humid beams into the blooming flowers: Or when the mournful tale her mother told, Of what her faithless fortune promis'd once, Thrill'd in her thought, they, like the dewy star 200 Of evening, shone in tears. A native grace Sat fair-proportion'd on her polish'd limbs, Veil'd in a simple robe, their best attire, Beyond the pomp of dress; for loveliness Needs not the foreign aid of ornament, 205 But is when unadorn'd adorn'd the most. Thoughtless of beauty, she was beauty's felf, Recluse amid the close-embowering woods. As in the hollow breast of Appenine, Beneath the shelter of encircling hills, 210 A myrtle rifes, far from human eye, And breathes its balmy fragrance o'er the wild; So flourish'd blooming, and unseen by all, The fweet LAVINIA; till, at length, compell'd By strong Necessity's supreme command, 215 With fmiling patience in her looks, she went To glean Palemon's fields. The pride of fwains PALEMON was, the generous, and the rich: Who led the rural life in all its joy

And

#### AUTUM N.

123

And elegance, fuch as Arcadian fong 220 Transmits from ancient uncorrupted times: When tyrant custom had not shackled Man, But free to follow Nature was the mode. He then, his fancy with autumnal scenes Amusing, chanc'd beside his reaper-train 225 To walk, when poor LAVINIA drew his eye; Unconscious of her power, and turning quick With unaffected blushes from his gaze : He faw her charming, but he faw not half The charms her down-cast modesty conceal'd. That very moment love and chafte defire Sprung in his bosom, to himself unknown; For still the world prevail'd, and its dread laugh, Which scarce the firm philosopher can scorn, Should his heart own a gleaner in the field: 235 And thus in fecret to his foul he figh'd.

" WHAT pity! that so delicate a form,

" By beauty kindled, where enlivening sense

" And more than vulgar goodness seem to dwell,

" Should be devoted to the rude embrace 24

" Of some indecent clown! She looks, methinks,

" Of old Acasto's line; and to my mind.

" Recalls that patron of my happy life,

" From whom my liberal fortune took its rife;

" Now to the dust gone down; his houses, lands,

" And once fair-spreading family, dissolv'd. 246.

"Tis faid that in some lone obscure retreat,

"Urg'd by remembrance fad, and decent pride,

2 "Far

" Far from those scenes which knew their better days,"

" His aged widow and his daughter live, 250

" Whom yet my fruitless search could never find.

" Romantic wish! would this the daughter were!"

When, strict enquiring, from herself he found
She was the same, the daughter of his friend,
Of bountiful Acasto; who can speak 255
The mingled passions that surprized his heart,
And thro' his nerves in shivering transport ran?
Then blazed his smothered slame, avowed, and bold;
And as he viewed her, ardent, o'er and o'er,
Love, gratitude, and pity wept at once. 260
Confused, and frightened at his sudden tears,
Her rising beauties slushed a higher bloom,
As thus Palemon, passionate, and just,
Pour'd out the pious rapture of his soul.

"And art thou then Acasto's dear remains? 265

" She, whom my restless gratitude has sought,

" So long in vain? O heavens! the very fame,

"The foftened image of my noble friend,

" Alive his every look, his every feature,

" More elegantly touch'd. Sweeter than Spring! 270

". Thou fole furviving bloffom from the root

" That nourish'd up my fortune! Say, ah where,

" In what fequester'd defart, hast thou drawn

" The kindest aspect of delighted HEAVEN?

" Into such beauty spread, and blown so fair; 275

" Tho' poverty's cold wind, and crushing rain,

Beat

- "Beat keen, and heavy, on thy tender years?
- " O let me now, into a richer foil,
- " Transplant thee safe! where vernal suns and showers,
- " Diffuse their warmest, largest influence; 280
- " And of my garden be the pride, and joy!
- " Ill it befits thee, oh it ill befits
- " Acasto's daughter, his whose open stores,
- "Tho' vast, were little to his ampler heart,
- " The father of a country, thus to pick 285
- " The very refuse of those harvest-fields,
- "Which from his bounteous friendship I enjoy.
- "Then throw that shameful pittance from thy hand,
- " But ill apply'd to fuch a rugged task;
- " The fields, the master, all, my fair, are thine; 290
- " If to the various bleffings which thy house
- " Has on me lavish'd, thou wilt add that blifs,
- "That dearest blis, the power of blessing thee !"

HERE ceas'd the youth; yet still his speaking eye Express'd the facred triumph of his foul, 295 With conscious virtue, gratitude, and love, Above the vulgar joy divinely rais'd. Nor waited he reply. Won by the charm Of goodness irresistible, and all In fweet diforder loft, she blush'd consent. 300 The news immediate to her mother brought, While, pierc'd with anxious thought, she pin'd away The lonely moments for LAVINIA's fate; Amaz'd, and scarce believing what she heard, Joy feiz'd her wither'd veins, and one bright gleam G 3 Of

Of fetting life shone on her evening-hours:

Not less enraptur'd than the happy pair;

Who shourish'd long in tender bliss, and rear'd

A numerous offspring, lovely like themselves,

And good, the grace of all the country round.

310

DEFEATING oft the labours of the year. The fultry fouth collects a potent blaft. At first, the groves are scarcely feen to stir Their trembling tops; and a still murmur runs Along the foft-inclining fields of corn. 315 But as the aërial tempest fuller swells, And in one mighty stream, invisible, Immense, the whole excited atmosphere, Impetuous rushes o'er the founding world; Strain'd to the root, the stooping forest pours 320 A ruftling shower of yet untimely leaves. High-beat, the circling mountains eddy in, From the bare wild, the diffipated florm, And fend it in a torrent down the vale. Expos'd, and naked, to its utmost rage, 325 Thro' all the sea of harvest rolling round, The billowy plain floats wide; nor can evade, Tho' pliant to the blaft, its feizing force; Or whirl'd in air, or into vacant chaff Shook waste. And sometimes too a burst of rain, 330 Swept from the black horizon, broad, descends In one continuous flood. Still over head The mingling tempest weaves its gloom, and still The deluge deepens; till the fields around

Lie.

Lie funk, and flatted, in the fordid wave. 335 Sudden, the ditches swell; the meadows swim. Red, from the hills, innumerable streams Tumultuous roar; and high above its banks The river lift; before whose rushing tide. Herds, flocks, and harvefls, cottages, and swains, 340 Roll mingled down; all that the winds had spar'd In one wild moment ruin'd; the big hopes, And well earn'd treasures of the painful year. Fled to some eminence, the husbandman Helpless beholds the miserable wreck. 345 Driving along; his drowning ox at once Descending, with his labours scatter'd round, He fees; and instant o'er his shivering thought Comes winter unprovided, and a train Of clamant children dear. Ye masters, then. 350 Be mindful of the rough laborious hand, That finks you foft in elegance and eafe : Be mindful of those limbs in russet clad Whose toil to yours is warmth, and graceful pride; And oh be mindful of that fparing board, 355. Which covers yours with luxury profuse, Makes your glass sparkle, and your sense rejoice! Nor cruelly demand what the deep rains, And all-involving winds have fwept away.

HERE the rude clamour of the sportsman's joy, 360. The gun fast-thundering, and the winded horn, Would tempt the Muse to sing the rural Game: How, in his mid-career, the spaniel struck,

G 4 Stiff,

#### AUTUM N. 128

Stiff, by the tainted gale, with open nose, Outstretch'd, and finely fensible, draws full. . 365 Fearful, and cautious, on the latent prey; As in the fun the circling covey bask Their varied plumes, and watchful every way, Thro' the rough stubble turn the secret eye. Caught in the meshy fnare, in vain they beat 370 Their idle wings, intangled more and more: Nor on the furges of the boundless air, Tho' borne triumphant, are they fafe; the gun, Glanc'd just, and sudden, from the fowler's eye O'ertakes their founding pinions; and again, Immediate, brings them from the towering wing. Dead to the ground; or drives them wide-dispers'd, Wounded, and wheeling various, down the wind.

THESE are not subjects for the peaceful Muse, Nor will she stain with such her spotless song; Then most delighted, when she social sees The whole mix'd animal-creation round 'Tis not joy to her. Alive, and happy. This falfely-chearful barbarous game of death; This rage of pleasure, which the restless youth 385 Awakes, impatient, with the gleaming morn; When beafts of prey retire, that all night long, Urg'd by necessity, had rang'd the dark, As if their conscious ravage shun'd the light, Asham'd. Not so the sleady tyrant Man, 390 Who with the thoughtless insolence of power Inflam'd, beyond the most infuriate wrath

Of

Of the worst monster that e'er roam'd the waste, For fport alone purfues the cruel chace, Amid the beamings of the gentle days. 395 Upbraid, ye ravening tribes, our wanton rage, For hunger kindles you, and lawless want; But lavish fed, in Nature's bounty roll'd, To joy at anguish, and delight in blood, Is what your horrid bosoms never knew.

Poor is the triumph o'er the timid hare! Scar'd from the corn, and now to fome lone feat Retir'd: the rushy fen; the ragged furze, Stretch'd o'er the stony heath; the stubble chapt; The thiftly lawn; the thick entangled broom; Of the same friendly hue, the wither'd fern; The fallow ground laid open to the fun, Concoctive; and the nodding fandy bank, Hung o'er the mazes of the mountain brook. Vain is her best precaution; tho' she sits 410 Conceal'd, with folded ears; unfleeping eyes, By Nature rais'd to take the horizon in; And head couch'd close betwixt her hairy feet, In act to fpring away. The scented dew. Betrays her early labyrinth; and deep, 415 In scattered sullen openings, far behind, With every breeze she hears the coming storm. But nearer, and more frequent, as it loads The fighing gale, she springs amaz'd, and all The favage foul of game is up at once: 420 The pack full-opening, various; the shrill horn.

Re-

Refounded from the hills; the neighing fleed,
Wild for the chace; and the loud hunter's fhout;
O'er a weak, harmless, flying creature, all
Mix'd in mad tumult, and discordant joy.

425

THE stag too, fingled from the herd, where long He rang'd the branching monarch of the shades, Before the tempest drives. At first, in speed He, sprightly, puts his faith; and, rous'd by fear, Gives all his swift aerial foul to flight; Against the breeze he darts, that way the more To leave the lessening murderous cry behind: Deception fhort! tho' fleeter than the winds Blown o'er the keen-air'd mountain by the north, He bursts the thickets, glances thro' the glades, 435 And plunges deep into the wildest wood; If flow, yet fure, adhesive to the track Hot-steaming, up behind him come again Th' inhuman rout, and from the shady depth Expel him, circling thro' his every shift. 440 He fweeps the forest oft, and sobbing sees The glades, mild opening to the golden day; Where, in kind contest, with his butting friends He wont to struggle, or his loves enjoy. Oft in the full-descending flood he tries 445 To lose the scent, and lave his burning sides: Oft feeks the herd; the watchful herd, alarm'd, With felfish care avoid a brother's woe. What shall he do? His once so vivid nerves, So full of buoyant spirit, now no more 450 InInspire the course; but fainting breathless toil, Sick, seizes on his heart: he stands at bay; And puts his last weak resuge in despair, The big round tears run down his dappled face; He groans in anguish; while the growling pack, 455 Blood-happy, hang at his fair jutting chest, And mark his beauteous checker'd sides with gore.

Or this enough. But if the filvan youth,
Whose fervent blood boils into violence,
Must have the chace; behold, despising slight, 460
The rous'd-up lion, resolute, and slow,
Advancing sull on the protended spear,
And coward-band, that circling wheel aloof.
Slunk from the cavern, and the troubled wood,
See the grim wolf; on him his shaggy soe
Vindictive six, and let the russian die:
Or, growling horrid, as the brindled boar
Grins sell destruction, to the monster's heart
Let the dart lighten from the nervous arm.

THESE BRITAIN knows not; give, ye Britons, then Your sportive sury, pityless, to pour 471. Loose on the nightly robber of the fold: Him, from his craggy winding haunts unearth'd, Let all the thunder of the chace pursue. Throw the broad ditch behind you; o'er the hedge 475 High-bound, resistless; nor the deep morass Resuse, but thro' the shaking wilderness Pick your nice way; into the perilous slood

G 6

Bear

Bear fearless, of the raging instinct full; And as you ride the torrent, to the banks Your triumph found fonorous, running round, From rock to rock, in circling echos toft; Then scale the mountains to their woody tops; Rush down the dangerous steep; and o'er the lawn, In fancy swallowing up the space between, Pour all your speed into the rapid game, For happy he! who tops the wheeling chace; Has every maze evolv'd, and every guile Disclos'd; who knows the merits of the pack; Who faw the villain feiz'd, and dying hard, Without complaint, tho' by an hundred mouths Relentless torn: O glorious he, beyond. His daring peers! when the retreating horn Calls them to ghoftly halls of grey renown, With woodland honours grac'd; the fox's furr, 405. Depending decent from the roof; and spread Round the drear walls, with antick figures fierce, The stag's large front : he then is loudest heard, When the night staggers with severer toils, With feats Theffalian Centaurs never knew, And their repeated wonders shake the dome.

Bur first the suel'd chimney blazes wide; The tankards soam; and the strong table groans Beneath the smoaking sirloin, stretch'd immense From side to side; in which, with desperate knife, 505 They deep incision make, and talk the while Of Enguand's glory, ne'er to be desaced

While

While hence they borrow vigour': or amain Into the pasty plung'd, at intervals, If stomach keen can intervals allow, 5.10 Relating all the glories of the chace: Then fated Hunger bids his brother Thirst Produce the mighty bowl; the mighty bowl, Swell'd high with fiery juice, steams liberal round A potent gale, delicious, as the breath 515 Of Maia to the love-fick shepherdess, On violets diffus'd, while foft she hears Her panting shepherd stealing to her arms. Nor wanting is the brown October, drawn, Mature and perfect, from his dark retreat Of thirty years; and now his honest front Flames in the light refulgent, not afraid Even with the vineyard's best produce to vie. To cheat the thirsty moments, whist a while Walks his dull round, beneath a cloud of smoak, 525 Wreath'd, fragrant, from the pipe; or the quick dice; In thunder leaping from the box, awake The founding gammon: while romp-loving mifs Is haul'd about, in gallantry robust.

AT last these puling idlenesses laid 530 Aside, frequent and full, the dry divan Close in firm circle; and set, ardent, in-For ferious drinking. Nor evafion fly, Nor fober shift, is to the puking wretch. Indulg'd apart; but earnest, brimming bowls Lave every foul, the table floating round,

535

And

And pavement, faithless to the fuddled foot. Thus as they swim in mutual swill, the talk, Vociferous at once from twenty tongues, 1 30 Reels fast from theme to theme: from horses, hounds, To church or mistress, politicks or ghost, and are In endless mazes, intricate; perplex'dia discussione. Mean-time, with fudden interruption, loud, Th' impatient catch bursts from the joyous heart: That moment touch'd is every kindred foul; 545 And, opening in a full-mouth'd Cry of joy, The laugh, the flap, the jocund curfe go round : While, from their flumbers shook, the kennel'd hounds Mix in the music of the day again. As when the tempest, that has vex'd the deep 550 The dark night long, with fainter murmurs falls: So gradual finks their mirth. Their feeble tongues. Unable to take up the cumbrous word, Lie quite dissolv'd. Before their maudlin eyes, Seen dim, and blue, the double tapers dance, Like the fun wading thro' the misty sky. Then, fliding foft, they drop. Confus'd above; Glasses and bottles, pipes and gazetteers, As if the table even itself was drunk. Lie a wet broken scene; and wide, below, 560 Is heap'd the focial flaughter: where aftride The lubber Power in filthy triumph fits, Slumbrous, inclining still from side to side, And steeps them drench'd in potent sleep till morn. Perhaps some doctor, of tremendous paunch, Awful and deep, a black abyss of drink, OutOut-lives them all; and from his bury'd flock Retiring; full of rumination fad, Laments the weakness of these latter times.

But if the rougher fex by this fierce sport 570 Is hurried wild, let not fuch horrid joy E'er flain the bosom of the BRITISH FAIR. Far be the spirit of the chace from them! Uncomely courage, unbefeeming skill; was the To spring the fence, to rein the prancing steed; 575 The cap, the whip, the masculine attire; and in the In which they roughen to the fense, and all The winning foftness of their sex is lost. In them 'tis graceful to dissolve at woe: With every motion, every word, to wave 580 Quick o'er the kindling cheek the ready blush; And from the smallest violence to shrink Unequal, then the loveliest in their fears; And by this filent adulation, foft, To their protection more engaging Man. O may their eyes no miserable fight, Save weeping lovers, fee! a nobler game, Thro' Love's enchanting wiles purfued, yet fled, In chace ambiguous. May their tender limbs Float in the loofe simplicity of dress! 590 And, fashion'd all to harmony, alone Know they to feize the captivated foul, In rapture warbled from love-breathing lips; To teach the lute to languish; with smooth step, Disclosing

Disclosing motion in its every charm,
To swim along, and swell the mazy dance;
To train the foliage o'er the snowy lawn;
To guide the pencil, turn the tuneful page;
To lend new slavour to the fruitful year,
And heighten Nature's dainties: in their race
To rear their graces into second life;
To give Society its highest taste;
Well-ordered Home Man's best delight to make;
And by submissive wisdom, modest skill,
With every gentle care-eluding art,
To raise the virtues, animate the bliss,
And sweeten all the toils of human life:
This be the semale dignity, and praise.

YE fwains now hasten to the hazel-bank; 609
Where, down you dale, the wildly-winding brook
Falls hoarse from steep to steep. In close array,
Fit for the thickets and the tangling shrub,
Ye virgins come. For you their latest song
The woodlands raise; the clustering nuts for you.
The lover finds amid the secret shade; 615
And, where they burnish on the topmost bough,
With active vigour crushes down the tree;
Or shakes them ripe from the resigning husk,
A glossy shower, and of an ardent brown,
As are the ringlets of Melinda's hair: 620.
Melinda! form'd with every grace complete,

Yet.

In

Yet these neglecting, above beauty wise, And far transcending such a vulgar praise.

HENCE from the busy joy-resounding fields, In chearful error, let us tread the maze 625 Of Autumn, unconfin'd; and tafte, reviv'd, The breath of orchard big with bending fruit. Obedient to the breeze and beating ray, From the deep-loaded bough a mellow shower Incessant melts away. The juicy pear 630 Lies, in a foft profusion, scattered round. A various fweetness swells the gentle race; By Nature's all-refining hand prepar'd; Of temper'd fun, and water, earth, and air, In ever-changing composition mixt. 635 Such, falling frequent thro' the chiller night, The fragrant stores, the wide-projected heaps Of apples, which the lufty-handed year, T Innumerous, o'er the blushing orchard shakes. A various spirit, fresh, delicious, keen, 640 Dwells in their gelid pores: and, active, points The piercing cyder for the thirsty tongue: Thy native theme, and boon inspirer too, PHILLIPS, Pomona's bard, the fecond thou Who nobly durst, in rhyme-unfetter'd verse, With BRITISH freedom fing the BRITISH fong: How, from Silurian vats, high-sparkling wines Foam in transparent floods; some strong, to cheer The wintry revels of the labouring hind; And tafteful fome, to cool the fummer-hours. 650

16 -

In this glad season, while his sweetest beams The fun sheds equal o'er the meekened day: Oh lose me in the green delightful walks Of, Dodington, thy feat, ferene and plain; Where simple Nature reigns; and every view, 655 Disfusive, spreads the pure Dirsetian downs, In boundless prospect; yonder shagg'd with wood, Here rich with harvest, and there white with flocks ! Mean time the grandeur of thy lofty dome, Far-splendid, seizes on the ravish'd eye. 660 New beauties rife with each revolving day; New columns swell; and still the fresh Spring finds New plants to quicken, and new groves to green. Full of thy genius all! the Muses' feat: Where in the fecret bower, and winding walk, 665 For virtuous Young and thee they twine the bay. Here wandering oft, fir'd with the restless thirst Of thy applause, I folitary court Th' inspiring breeze: and meditate the book Of Nature ever open; aiming thence, 670 Warm from the heart, to learn the moral fong. Here, as I steal along the funny wall, Where Autumn basks, with fruit empurpled deep, My pleasing Theme continual prompts my thought: Prefents the downy peach; the shining plum; The ruddy, fragrant nectarine; and dark, Beneath his ample leaf, the luscious fig. The vine too here her curling tendrils shoots; Hangs out her clusters, glowing to the fouth; And scarcely wishes for a warmer sky. 680

TURN we a moment Fancy's rapid flight To vigorous foils, and climes of fair extent: Where, by the potent fun elated high, The vineyard swells refulgent on the day; Spreads o'er the vale; or up the mountain climbs, Profuse; and drinks amid the sunny rocks, From cliff to cliff encreas'd, the heightened blaze. Low bend the weighty boughs. The clusters clear, Half thro' the foliage feen, or ardent flame, Or shine transparent; while perfection breathes White o'er the turgent film the living dew. As thus they brighten with exalted juice, Touch'd into flavour by the mingling ray; The rural youth and virgins o'er the field. Each fond for each to cull th' autumnal prime, Exulting rove, and speak the vintage nigh. Then comes the crushing swain; the country floats, And foams unbounded with the mashy flood; That by degrees fermented, and refin'd, Round the rais'd nations pours the cup of joy: 700 The claret fmooth, red as the lip we press In sparkling fancy, while we drain the bowl; The mellow-tafted burgundy; and quick, As is the wit it gives, the gay champaign.

Now, by the cool declining year condens'd, 705
Descend the copious exhalations, check'd
As up the middle sky unseen they stole,
And roll the doubling sogs around the hill.
No more the mountain, horrid, vast, sublime,

Who

Who pours a sweep of rivers from his sides, And high between contending kingdoms rears The rocky long division, fills the view With great variety; but in a night Of gathering vapour, from the baffled fense Sinks dark and dreary. Thence expanding far, 715 The huge dusk, gradual, swallows up the plain: Vanish the woods: the dim-seen river seems Sullen, and flow, to roll the mifty wave. Even in the height of noon opprest, the sun Sheds weak, and blunt, his wide-refracted ray; 720 Whence glaring oft, with many a broadened orb, He frights the nations. Indistinct on earth, Seen thro' the turbid air, beyond the life Objects appear; and, wilder'd, o'er the waste The shepherd stalks gigantic. Till at last 725 Wreath'd dun around, in deeper circles still Successive closing, fits the general fog Unbounded o'er the world; and, mingling thick, A formless grey confusion covers all. As when of old (fo fung the HEBREW BARD) 730 Light, uncollected, thro' the chaos urg'd Its infant way; nor Order yet had drawn His lovely train from out the dubious gloom.

These roving miss, that constant now begin
To smoak along the hilly country, these,
With weighty rains, and melted Alpine snows,
The mountain-cisterns fill, those ample stores
Of water, scoop'd among the hollow rocks;

Whence

Had.

Whence gush the streams, the ceaseless fountains play, And their unfailing wealth the rivers draw. Some fages fay, that, where the numerous wave For ever lashes the resounding shore, Drill'd thro' the fandy stratum, every way, The waters with the fandy stratum rise; Amid whose angles infinitely strain'd, They joyful leave their jaggy falts behind, And clear and sweeten, as they soak along. Nor stops the restless sluid, mounting still, Though oft amidst th' irriguous vale it springs; But to the mountain courted by the fand, That leads it darkling on in faithful maze, Far from the parent-main, it boils again Fresh into day; and all the glittering hill Is bright with spouting rills. But hence this vain Amufive dream! why should the waters love To take fo far a journey to the hills, When the fweet valleys offer to their toil Inviting quiet, and a nearer bed? Or if, by blind ambition led aftray, They must aspire; why should they sudden stop 760. Among the broken mountain's rushy dells, And, ere they gain its highest peak, desert Th' attractive fand that charm'd their course so long? Besides, the hard agglomerating salts, The spoil of ages, would impervious choak 765 Their fecret channels; or, by flow degrees, High as the hills protrude the swelling vales: Old Ocean too, fuck'd thro' the porous globe,

770

SAY then, where lurk the vast eternal springs, That, like CREATING NATURE, lie conceal'd From mortal eye, yet with their lavish stores Refresh the globe, and all its joyous tribes? O thou pervading Genius, given to Man, To trace the fecrets of the dark abyfs, O lay the mountains bare! and wide display Their hidden structure to th' astonish'd view! Strip from the branching Alps their piny load; The huge incumbrance of horrific woods From Afian Taurus, from Imaus stretch'd Athwart the roving Tartar's fullen bounds! Give opening Hemus to my fearching eye, And high Olympus pouring many a ftream! O from the founding fummits of the north, The Dofrine Hills, thro' Scandinavia roll'd To farthest Lapland and the frozen main; From lofty Caucasus, far-seen by those Who in the Caspian and black Euxine toil; From cold Riphean Rocks, which the wild Russ Believes the \* ftony girdle of the world; And all the dreadful mountains, wrapt in florm, Whence wide Siberia draws her lonely floods; O sweep th' eternal snows! Hung o'er the deep,

<sup>\*</sup> The Moscowites call the Riphean Mountains Weliki Camerypoys, that is, the great flony Girdle: because they suppose them to encompass the whole earth.

That ever works beneath his founding base, 795 Bids Atlas, propping heaven, as Poets feign, 1 policy His subterranean wonders spread! unveil The miny caverns, blazing on the day, Of Abyfinia's cloud-compelling cliffs, And of the bending \* Mountains of the Moon! 800 O'ertopping all these giant-sons of earth, Let the dire Andes, from the radiant Line Stretch'd to the stormy seas that thunder round The fouthern pole, their hideous deeps unfold! Amazing scene! Behold! the glooms disclose, 805 I fee the rivers in their infant beds! Deep, deep I hear them, lab'ring to get free! I fee the leaning firata, artful rang'd; The gaping fiffures to receive the rains, I The melting fnows, and ever-dripping fogs. 810 Strow'd bibulous above I fee the fands. The pebbly gravel next, the layers then Of mingled moulds, of more retentive earths, The gutter'd rocks and mazy-running clefts; That, while the stealing moisture they transmit, 815 Retard its motion, and forbid its waste. Beneath th' incessant weeping of these drains, 4 I fee the rocky fiphons stretch'd immense, The mighty refervoirs, of hardened chalk, Or stiff compacted clay, capacious form'd. 820 O'erflowing thence, the congregated stores, The crystal treasures of the liquid world,

<sup>\*</sup> A range of mountains in Africa, that furround almost all Monomotaga.

#### 144 A U T U M N.

Thro' the stirr'd fands a bubbling passage burst;
And welling out, around the middle steep,
Or from the bottoms of the bosom'd hills,
In pure essuable of the bosom'd hills,
Th' exhaling sun, the vapour-burden'd air,
The gelid mountains, that to rain condens'd
These vapours in continual current draw,
And send them, o'er the fair-divided earth,
In bounteous rivers to the deep again,
A focial commerce hold, and firm support
The full-adjusted harmony of things.

When Autumn scatters his departing gleams,
Warn'd of approaching Winter, gathered, play 835
The swallow-people; and tos'd wide around,
O'er the calm sky, in convolution swift,
The feathered eddy floats: rejoicing once,
Ere to their wintry slumbers they retire;
In clusters clung, beneath the mouldring bank, 840
And where, unpierc'd by frost, the cavern sweats.
Or rather into warmer climes convey'd,
With other kindred birds of season, there
They twitter chearful, till the vernal months
Invite them welcome back: for, thronging, now 845
Innumerous wings are in commotion all.

WHERE the Rhine loses his majestic force In Belgian plains, won from the raging deep, By diligence amazing, and the strong Unconquerable hand of Liberty,

The

The stork-assembly meets; for many a day, Consulting deep, and various, ere they take Their arduous voyage thro' the liquid sty. And now their rout design'd, their leaders chose, Their tribes adjusted, clean'd their vigorous wings; 855 And many a circle, many a short essay, Wheel'd round and round, in congregation sull The sigured slight ascends; and, riding high The aerial billows, mixes with the clouds.

OR where the Northern ocean, in vast whirls, 869
Boils round the naked melancholy isles
Of farthest Thule, and the Atlantic surge
Pours in among the stormy Hebrides;
Who can recount what transmigrations there
Are annual made? what nations come and go?
And how the living clouds on clouds arise?
Infinite wings! till all the plume-dark air,
And rude resounding shore are one wild cry.

HERE the plain harmless native his small flock,
And herd diminutive of many hues,
Tends on the little island's verdant swell,
The shepherd's sea-girt reign; or, to the rocks
Dire-clinging, gathers his ovarious food;
On sweeps the sistly shore; or treasures up
The plumage, rising full, to form the bed
Of luxury. And here a while the Muse,
High-hovering o'er the broad cerulean scene,
Sees Caledonia, in romantic view:

Her

#### 146 A U T U M N.

Her airy mountains, from the waving main; hand Invested with a keen diffusive sky, 880 Breathing the foul acute; her forests huge, Incult, robust, and tall, by Nature's hand Planted of old; her azure lakes between, Pour'd out extensive, and of watry wealth Fulls winding deep, and green, her fertile vales; 885 With many a cool transflucent brimming flood it of 12 Wash'd lovely, from the Tweed (pure parent stream, Whose pastoral banks first heard my Doric reed, With, filvan Jed, thy tributary brook) To where the north-inflated tempest foams 100 890 O'er Orca's or Betubium's highest peak : just all all Nurse of a people; in misfortune's schools at the Train'd up to hardy deeds; foon visited and the By Learning, when before the Gathic rage She took her western slight. A manly race, 895 Of unsubmitting spirit, wife and brave; Who still thro' bleeding ages struggled hard, (As well unhappy WALLACE can attest, Great patriot-hero! ill-requited chief!) Too much in vain! Hence of unequal bounds Impatient, and by tempting glory borne O'er every land, for every land their life Has flow'd profuse, their piercing genius plann'd, And swell'd the pomp of peace their faithful toil. 905 As from their own clear north, in radiant streams. Bright over Europe bursts the Boreal Morn.

OH is there not some patriot, in whose power That best, that godlike Luxury is placed, a rou and Of bleffing thousands, thousands yet unborn, 1010 Thro' late posterity? some, large of soul, in To chear dejected industry? to give A double harvest to the pining swain? And teach the labouring hand the fweets of toil? How, by the finest art, the native robe wing ogis To weave: how, white as hyperborean fnow, To form the lucid lawn; with venturous oar How to dash wide the billow; nor look on, 15 1 1. Shamefully passive, while Batavian fleets Defraud us of the glittering finny swarms, That heave our friths, and croud upon our shores; How all-enlivening trade to rouse, and wing content The prosperous fail, from every growing port, Uninjur'd, round the fea-incircled globe: And thus, in foul united as in name, inclided 025 Bid BRITAIN reign the mistress of the deep? in Dad.

Her hope, her stay, her darling, land her boast, of From her first patriots and her heroes sprung,
Thy sond imploring Country turns her eye; 12 930
In thee, with all a mother's triumph, sees with all a mother's triumph, sees with the every virtue, every grace combined, the genius, wisdom, her engaging turn, it to both ther pride of honour, and her courage try'd, out to Calm, and intrepid, in the very throat and 1 3 935
Of sulpurous war, on Tenier's dreadful field.

#### T48 A U T U M N.

Nor less the palm of peace inwreathes thy brow:
For, powerful as thy sword, from thy rich tongue
Persuasion slows, and wins the high debate;
While mix'd in thee combine the charm of youth, 940
The force of manhood, and the depth of age.
Thee, FORBES, too, whom every worth attends,
As truth sincere, as weeping friendship kind,
Thee, truly generous, and in silence great,
Thy country seels thro' her reviving arts,
Plann'd by thy wisdom, by thy soul inform'd;
And seldom has she known a friend like thee.

Bur fee the fading many-colour'd woods,
Shade deepening over fhade, the country round
Imbrown; a crowded umbrage, dusk, and dun, 950
Of every hue, from wan declining green
To sooty dark. These now the lonesome Muse,
Low-whispering, lead into their leaf-strown walks,
And give the season in its latest view.

MEAN-TIME, light-shadowing all, a sober calm 955
Fleeces unbounded ether; whose least wave
Stands tremulous, uncertain where to turn
The gentle current: while illumin'd wide,
'The dewy-skirted clouds imbibe the sun,
And thro' their lucid veil his sostened force
Shed o'er the peaceful world. Then is the time,
For those whom wisdom and whom Nature charm,
To steal themselves from the degenerate crowd,
And soar above this little scene of things;

To

To tread low-thoughted vice beneath their feet; 965 To foothe the throbbing passions into peace; And woo lone Quiet in her filent walks.

Thus folitary, and in pensive guise, and in pensive guise, Oft let me wander o'er the russet mead. And thro' the faddened grove, where scarce is heard 970 One dying strain, to chear the woodman's toil. Haply fome widowed fongster pours his plaint. Far, in faint warblings, thro' the tawny copfe. While congregated thrushes, linnets, larks, And each wild throat, whose artless strains so late 975 Swell'd all the music of the swarming shades, Robb'd of their tuneful fouls, now shivering sit On the dead tree, a dull despondent flock; With not a brightness waying o'er their plumes, And nought fave chattering discord in their note. 980 O let not, aim'd from some inhuman eye, The gun the music of the coming year yiggs Destroy; and harmless, unsuspecting harm, Lav the weak tribes a miserable prey, In mingled murder, fluttering on the ground!

THE pale descending year, yet pleasing still,
A gentler mood inspires; for now the leaf
Incessant rustles from the mournful grove;
Oft startling such as, studious, walk below,
And slowly circles thro' the waving air.
But should a quicker breeze amid the boughs
Sob, o'er the sky the leafy deluge streams;

Till

#### 150 A U T U M N.

Till choak'd, and matted with the dreary shower, The forest-walks, at every rising gale, Roll wide the wither'd waste, and whistle bleak. 995 Fled is the blasted verdure of the fields; And, shrunk into their beds, the slowery race Their sunny robes resign. Even what remain'd Of stronger fruits falls from the naked tree; And woods, fields, gardens, orchards, all around 1000 The desolated prospect thrills the soul.

HE comes! he comes! in every breeze the Power Of Philosophic Melancholy comes! His near approach the fudden-starting tear, The glowing cheek, the mild dejected air, 12 The foftened feature, and the beating heart, Pierc'd deep with many a virtuous pang, declare. O'er all the foul his facred influence breathes! Inflames imagination; thro' the breaft Infuses every tenderness; and far mill all the 1010 Beyond dim earth exalts the fwelling thought. Ten thousand thousand fleet ideas, such As never mingled with the vulgar dream, Croud fast into the Mind's creative eye. As fast the correspondent passions rise, 1015 As varied, and as high : Devotion rais'd To rapture, and divine aftonishment : since soulles co The love of Nature unconfin'd, and, chief, and Of human race; the large ambitious wish, To make them bleft; the figh for fuffering worth 1020 Lost in obscurity; the noble scorn ( Last 15' . C. ) LT Of Of tyrant pride; the fearless great resolve;
The wonder which the dying patriot draws,
Inspiring glory thro' remotest time;
Th' awaken'd throb for virtue, and for fame; 1025'
The sympathies of love, and friendship dear;
With all the social Offspring of the heart.

Oh bear me then to vast embowering shades,
To twilight groves, and visionary vales;
To weeping grottoes and prophetic glooms;
Where angel forms athwart the solemn dusk,
Tremendous sweep, or seem to sweep along;
And voices more than human, thro' the void
Deep-sounding, seize th' enthusiastic ear!

OR is this gloom too much? Then lead, ye powers,
That o'er the garden and the rural feat 1036
Preside, which shining thro' the chearful land
In countless numbers blest BRITANNIA sees;
O lead me to the wide-extended walks,
The fair majestic paradise of STOWE\*! 1040
Not Persian Cyrus on Ionia's shore
E'er saw such silvan scenes; such various art
By genius sir'd, such ardent genius tam'd
By cool judicious art; that, in the strife,
All-beauteous Nature sears to be outdone. 1045
And there, O PITT, thy country's early boast,
There let me sit beneath the sheltered slopes,
Or in that † Temple where, in future times,

<sup>\*</sup> The feat of the Lord Viscount Cobbam.
† The Temple of Virtue in Stowe-Gardens.

### 152 AUTUUMINI

Thou well shalt merit a distinguish'd name; And, with thy converse blest, catch the last smiles 1050 Of Autumn beaming o'er the yellow woods. While there with thee th' inchanted round I walk, Will tread in thought the groves of Attic Land; Will from thy standard taste refine her own. Correct her pencil to the purest truth Of Nature, or, the unimpassion'd shades Forfaking, raise it to the human mind. Or if hereafter she, with juster hand, Shall draw the tragic scene, instruct her thou, To mark the varied movements of the heart. What every decent character requires, And every passion speaks: O thro' her strain Breathe thy pathetic eloquence! that moulds Th' attentive senate, charms, persuades, exalts, 1065 Of honest zeal th' indignant lightning throws, And shakes corruption on her venal throne. While thus we talk, and thro' Elyfian Vales Delighted rove, perhaps a figh-escapes: What pity, COBHAM, thou thy verdant files 1070 Of ordered trees shouldst here inglorious range, Instead of squadrons slaming o'er the field," And long-embattled hofts! when the proud foe The faithless vain disturber of mankind, Infulting Gaul, has rous'd the world to war; 1075 When keen, once more, within their bounds to press Those polish'd robbers, those ambitious slaves,

#### A U T U M N.

158

The BRITISH YOUTH would hail thy wife command. Thy temper'd ardor and thy veteran skill.

THE western sun withdraws the shortened day; 1080 And humid evening, gliding o'er the fky, In her chill progress, to the ground condens'd The vapours throws. Where creeping waters ooze, Where marshes stagnate, and where rivers wind, Cluster the rolling fogs, and swim along The dusky mantled lawn. Mean-while the moon Full-orb'd, and breaking thro' the scatter'd clouds, Shews her broad visage in the crimson'd east. Turn'd to the sun direct, her spotted disk, Where mountains rife, umbrageous dales descend, 1000 And caverns deep, as optic tube descries, A fmaller earth, gives us his blaze again, Void of its flame, and sheds a softer day. Now thro' the passing cloud she feems to stoop, Now up the pure cerulean rides fublime. 1005 Wide the pale deluge floats, and streaming mild O'er the sky'd mountain to the shadowy vale, While rocks and floods reflect the quivering gleam. The whole air whitens with a boundless tide. Of filver radiance, trembling round the world, 1100

Bur when half-blotted from the sky her light;
Fainting, permits the starry fires to burn
With keener lustre thro? the depth of heaven;
Or near extinct her deadened orb appears,
And scarce appears, of sickly beamless white;

## 154 AV ULTUUTMINA

Oft in this season, silent from the north

A blaze of meteors shoots: ensweeping first

The lower skies, they all at once converge

High to the crown of heaven, and all at once

Relapsing quick, as quickly reascend,

And mix, and thwart, extinguish, and renew,

All ether coursing in a maze of light.

FROM look to look, contagious thro' the crowd, The panic runs, and into wondrous shapes Th' appearance throws: Armies in meet array, 1115 Throng'd with aerial spears, and steeds of fire; Till the long lines of full-extended war In bleeding fight commixt, the fanguine flood Rolls a broad flaughter o'er the plains of heaven. As thus they fcan the visionary scene, On all fides swells the superstitious din. Incontinent; and bufy frenzy talks Of blood and battle; cities overturn'd, And late at night in swallowing earthquake sunk. Or hideous wrapt in fierce ascending flame; Of fallow famine, inundation, florm; Of pestilence, and every great distress; Empires subvers'd, when ruling fate has struck The unalterable hour: even Nature's felf Is deem'd to totter on the brink of time. 1130 Not so the Man of philosophic eye, And inspect sage; the waving brightness he Curious furveys, inquisitive to know

3 4

The causes, and materials, yet unfix'd, Of this appearance beautiful and new.

1135

Now black, and deep, the night begins to fall, A shade immense. Sunk in the quenching gloom, Magnificent and vast, are heaven and earth. Order confounded lies; all beauty void; Distinction lost; and gay variety 1140 One univerfal blot: fuch the fair power Of light, to kindle and create the whole. Drear is the state of the benighted wretch, Who then, bewilder'd, wanders thro' the dark, Full of pale fancies, and chimera's huge; 1145 Nor visited by one directive ray, From cottage streaming, or from airy hall. Perhaps impatient as he stumbles on, Struck from the root of flimy rushes, blue, The wild-fire scatters round, or gathered trails 1150 A length of flame deceitful o'er the moss: Whither decoy'd by the fantastic blaze, Now lost and now renew'd, he finks absorpt, Rider and horse, amid the miry gulph: While still, from day to day, his pining wife, 1155 And plaintive children his return await, In wild conjecture loft. At other times, Sent by the better Genius of the night, Innoxious, gleaming on the horse's mane, The meteor fits; and shews the narrow path, That winding leads thro' pits of death, or elfe Instructs him how to take the dangerous ford. H 6 .

THE

#### 456 AUTUMN.

The lengthened night elaps'd, the morning shines, Serene, in all her dewy beauty bright,
Unfolding fair the last autumnal day.
And now the mounting sun dispels the fog;
The rigid hoar-frost melts before his beam;
And hung on every spray, on every blade
Of grass, the myriad dew-drops twinkle round.

AH fee where robb'd, and murder'd, in that pit 1170 Lies the still heaving hive! at evening fnatch'd, Beneath the cloud of guilt-concealing night, And fix'd o'er fulphur: while, not dreaming ill, The happy people, in their waxen cells, Sat tending public cares, and planning schemes 1175 Of temperance, for Winter poor; rejoiced To mark, full flowing round, their copious stores. Sudden the dark oppressive steam ascends; And, us'd to milder scents, the tender race, By thousands, tumble from their honeyed domes, 1180 Convolv'd, and agonizing in the dust. And was it then for this you roam'd the Spring. Intent from flower to flower? for this you toil'd Ceafeless the burning Summer-heats away? For this in Autumn fearch'd the blooming waste, 1185 Nor loft one funny gleam? for this fad fate? O man! tyrannic lord! how long, how long, Shall prostrate Nature groan beneath your rage, Awaiting renovation? When obliged, Must you destroy? Of their ambrofial food 1190 Can you not borrow; and, in just return,

Afford

Afford them shelter from the wintry winds; Or, as the sharp year pinches, with their own Again regale them on fome smiling day? See where the stony bottom of their town Looks desolate, and wild; with here and there A helpless number, who the ruin'd state Survive, lamenting weak, cast out to death. Thus a proud city, populous and rich, Full of the works of peace, and high in joy, 1200 At theatre or feast, or funk in sleep, (As late, Palermo, was thy fate) is feiz'd By some dread earthquake, and convulsive hurl'd Sheer from the black foundation, stench-involv'd, Into a gulph of blue fulphureous flame. 1205

HENCE every harsher fight! for now the day, O'er heaven and earth diffus'd, grows warm, and high, Infinite splendor! wide investing all. How fill the breeze! fave what the filmy threads Of dew evaporate brushes from the plain. 1210 How clear the cloudless sky! how deeply ting'd With a peculiar blue! the ethereal arch How fwell'd immense! amid whose azure thron'd The radiant fun how gay! how calm below The gilded earth! the harvest-treasures all Now gather'd in, beyond the rage of ftorms, Sure to the swain; the circling fence shut up; And instant Winter's utmost rage defy'd. While, loofe to festive joy, the country round Laughs with the loud fincerity of mirth, 1220 Shook to the wind their cares. The toil-strung youth By

### 1581 AJUMT U MIN. A

By the quick fense of music taught alone;
Leaps wildly graceful in the lively dance.
Her every charm abroad, the village-toast,
Young, buxom, warm, in native beauty rich, 1225
Darts not-unmeaning looks; and, where her eye
Points an approving smile, with double force,
The cudgel rattles, and the wrestler twines.
Age too shines out; and, garrulous, recounts
The feats of; youth. Thus they rejoice; nor think
That, with to-morrow's sun, their annual toil 1231
Begins again the never-ceasing round.

Oн knew he but his happines, of Men The happiest he! who far from public rage, Deep in the vale, with a choice Few retir'd, Drinks the pure pleasures of the RUBAL LIFE. What tho' the dome be wanting, whose proud gate, Each morning, vomits out the fneaking crowd Of flatterers false, and in their turn abus'd? Vile intercourse! What tho' the glittering robe, i Of every hue reflected light can give, Or floating loose, or stiff with mazy gold, The pride and gaze of fools! oppress him not? What tho', from utmost land and sea purvey'd, For him each rarer tributary life Bleeds not, and his infatiate table heaps With luxury, and death? What tho' his bowl Flames not with coftly juice; nor funk in beds, Oft of gay care, he toffes out the night, Or melts the thoughtless hours in idle state? What tho' he knows not those fantastic joys, That still amuse the wanton, still deceive; it allows

A face of pleasure, but a heart of pain; Their hollow moments undelighted all ? ... Sure peace is his; a folid life, estranged 1255 To disappointment, and fallacious hope: Rich in content, in Nature's bounty rich, In herbs and fruits; whatever greens the Spring, and When heaven descends in showers; or bends the bough When Summer reddens, and when Autumn beams; Or in the wintry glebe whatever lies Conceal'd, and fattens with the richest fap: These art not wanting; nor the milky drove, Luxuriant, spread o'er all the lowing vale; Nor bleating mountains; nor the chide of streams, And hum of bees, inviting sleep fincere 1266 Into the guiltless breast, beneath the shade, Or thrown at large amid the fragrant hay; Nor ought besides of prospect, grove, or song, Dim grottoes, gleaming lakes, and fountain clear. 1270 Here too dwells simple truth; plain innocence; Unfullied beauty; found unbroken youth, Patient of labour, with a little pleas'd; Health ever blooming; unambitious toil; Calm contemplation, and poetic ease. 1275

Let others brave the flood in quest of gain,
And beat, for joyless months, the gloomy wave.
Let such as deem it glory to destroy,
Rush into blood, the sack of cities seek;
Unpierc'd, exulting in the widow's wail,
The virgin's shriek, and infant's trembling cry.
Let some, far-distant from their native soil,

Urg'd

#### 160 AUTUMN.

Urg'd or by want or hardened avarice, Find other lands beneath another fun-Let this through cities work his eager way. By legal outrage and establish'd guile, and The focial fense extinct; and that ferment Mad into tumult the feditions herd. Or melt them down to flavery. Let thefe Infnare the wretched in the toils of law. Fomenting discord, and perplexing right, An iron race! and those of fairer front, But equal inhumanity, in courts, Delusive pomp, and dark cabals, delight; Wreathe the deep bow, diffuse the lying smile, 1205 And tread the weary labyrinth of state. While he, from all the stormy passions free That restless Men involve, hears, and but hears, At distance safe, the human tempest roar, Wrapt close in conscious peace. The fall of kings, The rage of nations, and the crush of states, 1301 Move not the Man, who, from the world escap'd, In still retreats, and flowery solitudes, To Nature's voice attends, from month to month, And day to day, thro' the revolving year; Admiring, fees her in her every shape; Feels all her fweet emotions at his heart : Takes what she liberal gives, nor thinks of more. He, when young Spring protrudes the busting gems, Marks the first bud, and sucks the healthful gale 1310 Into his freshened foul; her genial hours He full enjoys; and not a beauty blows, And

And not an opening blossom breathes in vain,
In Summer he, beneath the living shade,
Such as o'er frigid Tempe wont to wave, 1315
Or Hemus cool, reads what the Muse, of these
Perhaps, has in immortal numbers fung;
Or what she dictates writes: and, oft an eye
Shot round, rejoices in the vigorous year.
When Autumn's yellow lustre gilds the world, 1320
And tempts the fickled fwain into the field,
Seiz'd by the general joy, his heart distends
With gentle throws; and, thro' the tepid gleams and
Deep musing, then he best exerts his song. All MANY
Even Winter wild to him is full of blifs. 1325
The mighty tempest, and the hoary waste,
Abrupt, and deep, stretch'd o'er the buried earth,
Awake to folemn thought. At night the skies,
Disclos'd, and kindled, by refining frost, whi aloual
Pour every lustre on th' exalted eye. alle sit to 1330
A friend a book the stealing hours secure, and has to
And mark them down for wisdom. With swift wing,
O'er land and sea imagination roams;
Or truth, divinely breaking on his mind,
Elates his being, and unfolds his powers; 1335
Or in his breast heroic virtue burns.
The touch of kindred too and love he feels;
The modest eye, whose beams on his alone
Extatic shine; the little strong embrace
Of prattling children, twin'd around his neck, 1340
And emulous to please him, calling forth
The fond parental foul. Nor purpose gay,
Amusament

Amusement, dance, or song, he sternly scorns; and For happiness and true philosophy and the contract of the social still, and smiling kind. The same of the social still, and smiling kind. The same of the social still, and smiling kind. The same of the same o

OH NATURE! all-fufficient! over all! 1 1350. Inrich me with the knowledge of thy works! Snatch me to heaven; thy rolling wonders there, bear World beyond world, in infinite extent, gallan good Profusely scattered o'er the blue immense. at ill 1994 Shew me; their motions, periods, and their laws, if Give me to fcan; thro! the disclosing deep 1 1356. Light my blind way: the mineral frata there; Thrust, blooming, thence the vegetable world; O'er that the rifing system, more complex, viological Of animals; and higher still, the mind, de 11360. The varied scene of quick-compounded thought; And where the mixing passions endless shift; These ever open to my ravish'd eye; A fearch, the flight of time can ne'er exhaust! But if to that unequal; if the blood, firstd and 1365) In fluggish streams about my heart; forbid hours of T That best ambition; under closing shades, hoboar and Inglorious, lay me by the lowly brook, ; said size I And whisper to my dreams. From THEE begin, Dwell all on THEE, with THEE conclude my fong ; And let me never never fray from THEE! 137.1 Asiafonos, WINTER.





Winter.

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# WINTER.

#### The ARGUMENT.

The subject proposed. Address to the earl of Wilmington. First approach of Winter. According to the natural course of the scason, various storms described. Rain. Wind. Snow. The driving of the snows: A man perishing among them; whence restections on the wants and miseries of human life. The wolves descending from the Alps and Apennines. A winterevening described: as spent by philosophers; by the country-people; in the city. Frost. A view of Winter within the polar Circle. A thaw. The whole concluding with moral restections on a future state.

# WINTER.

CEE, WINTER comes, to rule the varied year, Sullen and fad, with all his rifing train; Vapours, and Clouds, and Storms. Be these my theme, These! that exalt the foul to folemn thought, And heavenly musing. Welcome, kindred glooms! 5 Congenial horrors, hail! with frequent foot, Pleas'd have I, in my chearful morn of life, When nurs'd by careless solitude I liv'd, And fung of Nature with unceasing joy, Pleas'd have I wander'd thro' your rough domain; 10 Trod the pure virgin-snows, myself as pure: Heard the winds roar, and the big torrent burst; Or feen the deep fermenting tempest brew'd. In the grim evening sky. Thus pass'd the time, Till thro' the lucid chambers of the fouth Look'd out the joyous Spring, look'd out, and fmil'd.

To thee, the patron of her first essay,
The Muse, O WILMINGTON! renews her song.
Since has she rounded the revolving year:
Skim'd the gay Spring; on eagle-pinions borne,
Attempted thro' the Summer-blaze to rise;
Then swept o'er Autumn with the shadowy gale;
And now among the wintry clouds again,

Roll'd

Roll'd in the doubling storm, she tries to soar; To swell her note with all the rushing winds; To fuit her founding cadence to the floods; As is her theme, her numbers wildly great: Thrice happy! could she fill thy judging ear With bold description, and with manly thought. Nor art thou skill'd in awful schemes alone, And how to make a mighty people thrive: But equal goodness, sound integrity, A firm unshaken uncorrupted foul Amid a sliding age, and burning strong, Not vainly blazing for thy country's weal, A fleady spirit regularly free; These, each exalting each, the statesmen light Into the patriot; these, the public hope And eye to thee converting, bid the Muse Record what envy dares not flattery call.

Now when the chearless empire of the sky
To Capricorn the Centaur Archer yields,
And fierce Aquarius, stains th' inverted year;
Hung o'er the farthest verge of heaven, the sun
Scarce spreads thro' ether the dejected day.
Faint are his gleams, and inessected shoot
His struggling rays, in horizontal lines,
Thro' the thick air; as cloath'd in cloudy storm,
Weak, wan, and broad, he skirts the southern sky;
And, soon-descending, to the long dark night,
Wide-shading all, the prostrate world resigns.
Nor is the night unwish'd; while vital heat,

Light,

Light, life, and joy, the dubious day forfake. Mean-time, in fable cincture, shadows vast, Deep-ting'd and damp, and congregated clouds, 55 And all the vapoury turbulence of heaven. Involve the face of things. Thus Winter falls. A heavy gloom oppressive o'er the world. Thro' Nature shedding influence malign, And rouses up the sceds of dark disease. The foul of Man dies in him, loathing life, And black with more than melancholy views. The cattle droop; and o'er the furrowed land, Fresh from the plough, the dun discolour'd flocks, Untended spreading, crop the wholesome root. Along the woods, along the moorish fens, Sighs the fad Genius of the coming from; baA And up among the loofe disjointed cliffs, And fractur'd mountains wild, the brawling brook And cave, prefageful, fend a hollow moan, 70 Refounding long in liftening Fancy's ear.

They comes the father of the tempest forth, Wrapt in black glooms. First joyless rains obscure Drive thro' the mingling skies with vapour foul; Dash on the mountain's brow, and shake the woods, That grumbling wave below. The unsightly plain 76 Lies a brown deluge; as the low-bent clouds Pour flood on flood, yet unexhausted still Combine, and deepening into night shut up The day's fair face. The wanderers of heaven, 80 Rach to his home, retire; save those that love

Louis of the and a law house the foresti.

To take their passime in the troubled air,
Or skimming flutter round the dimply pool.
The cattle from the untasted fields return,
And ask, with meaning lowe, their wonted stalls, 83
Or ruminate in the contiguous shade.
Thither the houshold feathery people crowd,
The crested cock, with all his semale train,
Pensive, and dripping; while the cottage-hind
Hangs o'er the enlivening blaze, and taleful there 90
Recounts his simple trolick: much he talks,
And much he laughs, nor recks the storm that blows
Without, and rattles on his humble roof.

WIDE o'er the brim, with many a torrent swell's, And the mix'd ruin of its banks o'erspread, 95 At last the rous'd-up river pours along: Resistless, roaring, dreadful, down it comes, From the rude mountain, and the mostly wild, Tumbling thro' rocks abrupt, and sounding far; Then o'er the sanded valley floating spreads, 100 Calm; sluggish, selent; till again, constrain'd Between two meeting hills, it bursts a way, Where rocks and woods o'erhang the turbid stream; There gathering triple force, rapid, and deep, 104 It boils, and wheels, and soams, and thunders through.

NATURE! great parent! whose unceasing hand!
Rolls round the Seasons of the changeful year,
(How mighty, how majestic, are thy works!
With what a pleasing dread they swell the soul!

That

That fees aftonish'd! and aftonish'd fings!
Ye too ye winds! that now begin to blow,
With boisterous sweep, I raise my voice to you.
Where are your stores, ye powerful beings! fay,
Where your aërial magazines reserv'd,
To swell the brooding terrors of the storm?
In what far-distant region of the sky,
Hush'd in deep silence, sleep ye when 'tis calm?

WHEN from the pallid sky the sun descends, With many a spot, that o'er his glaring orb Uncertain wanders, stain'd; red fiery streaks Begin to flush around. The reeling clouds Stagger with dizzy poife, as doubting yet Which master to obey: while rising slow, Blank, in the leaden-colour'd east, the moon Wears a wan circle round her blunted horns. Seen thro' the turbid fluctuating air, The stars obtuse emit a shivered ray; Or frequent feem to shoot athwart the gloom, And long behind them trail the whitening blaze. Snatch'd in short eddies, plays the wither'd leaf; 130 And on the flood the dancing feather floats. With-broadened nostrils to the sky up-turn'd, The conscious heiser snuffs the stormy gale. Even as the matron, at her nightly task, With pensive labour draws the flaxen thread. 135 The wasted taper and the crackling slame Foretell the blaft. But chief the plumy race, The tenants of the sky, its changes speak.

T

Retiring

Retiring from the downs, where all day long They pick'd their scanty fare, a blackening train 140 Of clamorous rooks thick-urge their weary flight. And feek the closing shelter of the grove: Assiduous, in his bower, the wailing owl Plies his fad fong. The cormorant on high Wheels from the deep, and fcreams along the land. Loud shrieks the soaring hern; and with wild wing The circling fea-fowl cleave the flaky clouds. Ocean, unequal press'd, with broken tide And blind commotion heaves; while from the shore, Eat into caverns by the refless wave, 150 And forest-rustling mountain, comes a voice, That folemn founding bids the world prepare. Then iffues forth the florm with fudden burft. And hurls the whole precipitated air, Down, in a torrent. On the passive main 155 Descends th' ethereal force, and with strong gust Turns from its bottom the discolour'd deep. Thro' the black night that fits immense around, Lash'd into foam, the fierce conflicting brine Seems o'er a thousand raging waves to burn : 160 Mean-time the mountain-billows, to the clouds In dreadful tumult fwell'd, furge above furge, Burst into chaos with tremendous roar. And anchor'd navies from their stations drive. Wild as the winds across the howling waste 165 Of mighty waters: now th' inflated wave Straining they scale, and now impetuous shoot Into the fecret chambers of the deep, The

The wintry Baltick thundering o'er their head. Emerging thence again, before the breath Of full-exerted heaven they wing their course, And dart on distant coasts; if some sharp rock. Or shoal insidious break not their career. And in loofe fragments fling them floating round.

Nor less at land the loofened tempest reigns. 175 The mountain thunders; and its flurdy foffs Stoop to the bottom of the rocks they shade. Lone on the midnight sleep, and all aghast, The dark way-faring stranger breathless toils. And, often falling, climbs against the blast. 183 Low waves the rooted forest, vex'd, and sheds What of its tarnish'd honours yet remain; Dash'd down, and scatter'd, by the tearing wind's Assiduous fury, its gigantic limbs. Thus firuggling thro' the dislipated grove, The whirling tempest raves along the plain: And on the cottage thatch'd, or lordly roof, Keen-fastening, shakes them to the solid base. Sleep frighted flies; and round the rocking dome. For entrance eager, howls the favage blaft. 100 Then too, they fay, thro' all the burthen'd air, Long groans are heard, shrill founds, and distant fighs. That, uttered by the Demon of the night, Warn the devoted wretch of woe and death.

Huge uproar lords it wide. The clouds commix'd With stars swift gliding sweep along the sky. 196

#### 172 W I N T E R.

All nature reels. Till Nature's King, who oft Amid tempessuous darkness dwells alone, And on the wings of the careering wind Walks dreadfully serene, commands a calm; 200 Then straight air, sea, and earth are hush'd at once.

As yet 'tis midnight deep. The weary clouds, Slow-meeting, mingle into folid gloom.

Now, while the drowfy world lies lost in sleep,

Let me associate with the serious Night, 205

And Contemplation her sedate compeer;

Let me shake off th' intrusive cares of day,

And lay the meddling senses all aside.

WHERE now, ye lying vanities of life!
Ye ever-tempting ever-cheating train!
210
Where are you now? and what is your amount?
Vexation, difappointment, and remorfe.
Sad, fickening thought! and yet deluded Man,
A fcene of crude disjointed visions past,
And broken slumbers, rifes still resolv'd,
215
With new-slush'd hopes, to run the giddy round.

FATHER of light and life! thou GOOD SUPREME!

O teach me what is good! teach me THYSELF!

Save me from folly, vanity, and vice,

From every low pursuit! and feed my soul

220

With knowledge, conscious peace, and virtue pure;

Sacred, substantial, never-fading bliss!

THE keener tempests rise: and fuming dun From all the livid east, or piercing north, Thick clouds afcend; in whose capacious womb 225 A vapoury deluge lies, to fnow congeal'd. Heavy they roll their fleecy world along; And the sky saddens with the gathered storm. Thro' the hush'd air the whitening shower descends, At first thin wavering; 'till at last the flakes Fall broad, and wide, and fast, dimming the day, With a continual flow. The cherish'd fields Put on their winter-robe of purest white. 'Tis brightness all; fave where the new snow melts. Along the mazy current. Low the woods Bow their hoar head; and, ere the languid fun Faint from the west emits his evening ray, Earth's univerfal face, deep hid, and chill, Is one wild dazzling waste, that buries wide The works of Man. Drooping, the labourer-ox 240 Stands cover'd o'er with fnow, and then demands The fruit of all his toil. The fowls of heaven, Tam'd by the cruel season, croud around The winnowing store, and claim the little boon Which Providence assigns them. One alone, 245 The red-breaft, facred to the houshold gods, Wifely regardful of th' embroiling sky, In joyless fields, and thorny thickets, leaves His shivering mates, and pays to trusted Man His annual visit. Half-afraid, he first 250 Against the window beats; then, brisk, alights On the warm hearth; then, hopping o'er the floor, I 3

#### WINTER 174

Eyes all the smiling family askance, And pecks, and starts, and wonders where he is: 'Till more familiar grown, the table-crumbs Attract his flender feet. The foodless wilds Pour forth their brown inhabitants. The hare. Tho' timorous of heart, and hard befet By death in various forms, dark fnares, and dogs, And more unpitying Men, the garden feeks, Urg'd on by fearless want. The bleating kind Eye the bleak heaven, and next the gliffening earth, With looks of dumb despair; then, fad-dispers'd, Dig for the withered herb thro' heaps of snow.

Now, shepherds, to your helpless charge be kind, Baffle the raging year, and fill their penns With food at will; lodge them below the storm, And watch them strict: for from the bellowing east, In this dire feafon, oft the whirlwind's wing Sweeps up the burthen of whole wintry plains At one wide waft, and o'er the hapless flocks, Hid in the hollow of two neighbouring hills, The billowy tempest whelms; 'till, upward urg'd, The valley to a shining mountain swells, Tipt with a wreath high-curling in the fky. 275

As thus the fnows arise; and foul, and fierce, All Winter drives along the darkened air; In his own loofe-revolving fields, the fwain Difaster'd stands; sees other hills ascend, Of unknown joyless brow; and other scenes, 280

In

Of horrid prospect, shag the trackless plain: Nor finds the river, nor the forest, hid Beneath the formless wild: but wanders on From hill to dale, still more and more astray; Impatient flouncing thro' the drifted heaps, 285 Stung with the thoughts of home; the thoughts of home Rush on his nerves, and call their vigour forth In many a vain attempt. How finks his foul! What black despair, what horror fills his heart! When for the dusky spot, which fancy feign'd His tufted cottage rifing thro' the fnow; He meets the roughness of the middle waste, Far from the track, and bleft abode of Man; While round him night refilless closes fast, And every tempest, howling o'er his head, Renders the favage wilderness more wild. Then throng the busy shapes into his mind, Of cover'd pits, unfathomably deep, A dire descent! beyond the power of frost, Of faithless bogs; of precipices huge, Smooth'd up with fnow; and, what is land, unknown, What water, of the still unfrozen spring, In the loofe marsh or solitary lake, Where the fresh fountain from the bottom boils. These check his fearful steps; and down he finks 305 Beneath the shelter of the shapeless drift, Thinking o'er all the bitterness of death, Mix'd with the tender anguish Nature shoots, Thro' the wrung bosom of the dying Man, His wife, his children, and his friends unseen. 310

I 4

In vain for him th' officious wife prepares
The fire fair-blazing, and the vestment warm;
In vain his little children, peeping out
Into the mingling storm, demand their fire,
With tears of artless innocence. Alas! 315
Nor wife, nor children, more shall he behold,
Nor friends, nor facred home. On every nerve
The deadly Winter seizes; shuts up sense;
And, o'er his inmost vitals creeping cold,
Lays him along the snows, a stiffened corse,
320
Stretch'd out, and bleaching in the northern blast.

AH little think the gay licentious proud, Whom pleasure, power, and affluence surround; They, who their thoughtless hours in giddy mirth, And wanton, often cruel, riot waste; Ah little think they, while they dance along, How many feel, this very moment, death And all the fad variety of pain. How many fink in the devouring flood, Or more devouring flame. How many bleed, 330 By shameful variance betwixt Man and Man. How many pine in want, and dungeon glooms; Shut from the common air, and common use Of their own limbs. How many drink the cap Of baleful grief, or eat the bitter bread 335 Of misery. Sore pierc'd by wintry winds, How many shrink into the fordid hut Of cheerless poverty. How many shake With all the fiercer tortures of the mind,

Unbounded

Unbounded passion, madness, guilt, remorse; Whence tumbled headlong from the height of life, They furnish matter for the tragic Muse. Even in the vale, where wisdom loves to dwell, With friendship, peace, and contemplation join'd, How many, rack'd with honest passions, droop In deep retir'd distress. How many stand Around the death-bed of their dearest friends, And point the parting anguish. Thought fond Man Of these, and all the thousand nameless ills, That one incessant struggle render life, 350 One scene of toil, of suffering, and of fate, Vice in his high career would stand appall'd, And heedless rambling Impulse learn to think; The conscious heart of Charity would warm, And her wide wish Benevolence dilate; The focial tear would rife, the focial figh; And into clear perfection, gradual blifs, Refining still, the focial passions work.

And here can I forget the generous \* band, 359
Who, touch'd with human woe, redressive search'd
Into the horrors of the gloomy jail?
Unpitied, and unheard, where misery moans;
Where sickness pines; where thirst and hunger burn,
And poor missortune feels the lash of vice.
While in the land of liberty, the land 365
Whose every street and public meeting glow
With open freedom, little tyrants rag'd;

<sup>\*</sup> The Jail Committee, in the Year 1729.

## 178 W I N T E R.

Snatch'd the lean morfel from the starving mouth; Tore from cold wintry limbs the tatter'd weed; Even robb'd them of the last of comforts, sleep; 370 The free-born BRITON to the dungeon chain'd. Or, as the lust of cruelty prevail'd, At pleasure mark'd him with inglorious stripes; And crush'd out lives, by secret barbarous ways, That for their country would have toil'd, or bled. 375 O great defign! if executed well, With patient care, and wisdom-temper'd zeal. Ye fons of mercy! yet resume the search; Drag forth the legal monsters into light, Wrench from their hands oppression's iron rod, 380 And bid the cruel feel the pains they give. Much still untouch'd remains; in this rank age, Much is the patriot's weeding hand requir'd. The toils of law, (what dark infidious Men Have cumbrous added to perplex the truth, 385 And lengthen simple justice into trade) How glorious were the day! that faw these broke, And every Man within the reach of right.

By wintry famine rous'd, from all the tract
Of horrid mountains which the shining Alps, 390
And wavy Appenine, and Pyrences,
Branch out stupendous into distant lands;
Cruel as death, and hungry as the grave!
Burning for blood! bony, and ghaunt, and grim!
Assembling wolves in raging troops descend; 395
And, pouring o'er the country, bear along,
Keen

Keen as the north-wind sweeps the glossy snow. All is their prize. They fasten on the steed, Press him to earth, and pierce his mighty heart. Nor can the bull his awful front defend, Or shake the murdering savages away. Rapacious, at the mother's throat they fly, And tear the fcreaming infant from her breaft. The godlike face of Man avails him nought. Even beauty, force divine! at whose bright glance The generous lion stands in softened gaze, 406 Here bleeds, a hapless undistinguish'd prey. But if, appriz'd of the severe attack, The country be shut up, lur'd by the scent, On church yards drear (inhuman to relate!) The disappointed prowlers fall, and dig The shrouded body from the grave; o'er which, Mix'd with foul shades, and frighted ghosts, they howl.

Among those hilly regions, where embrac'd
In peaceful vales the happy Grisons dwell;
Oft, rushing sudden from the loaded cliss,
Mountains of snow their gathering terrors roll.
From steep to steep, loud-thundering down they come,
A wintry waste in dire commotion all;
And herds, and flocks, and travellers, and swains, 420
And sometimes whole brigades of marching troops,
Or hamlets sleeping in the dead of night,
Are deep beneath the smothering ruin whelm'd.

Now, all amid the rigours of the year, In the wild depth of Winter, while without

425

The ceaseless winds blow ice, be my retreat, Between the groaning forest and the shore Beat by the boundless multitude of waves, A rural, shelter'd, solitary, scene: Where ruddy fire and beaming tapers join, To cheer the gloom. There studious let me sit, And hold high converse with the MIGHTY DEAD; Sages of antient time, as gods rever'd, As gods beneficent, who bleft mankind With arts, with arms, and humaniz'd a world. Rous'd at the inspiring thought, I throw aside The long-liv'd volume; and, deep-musing, hail The facred shades, that flowly-rifing pass Before my wondering eyes. First Socrates, Who, firmly good in a corrupted state, Against the rage of tyrants fingle stood, Invincible! calm Reason's holy law. That Voice of God within th' attentive mind. Obeying, fearless, or in life, or death: Great moral teacher! Wifest of Mankind! 445 SOLON the next, who built his common-weal On equity's wide base; by tender laws A lively people curbing, yet undamp'd Preferving still that quick peculiar fire, Whence in the laurel'd field of finer arts. 450 And of bold freedom, they unequal'd shone, The pride of smiling GREECE, and human-kind. Lycurgus then, who bow'd beneath the force Of firicest discipline, severely wife, All human passions. Following him, I see, 455

As

As at Thermopylæ he glorious fell, The firm \* DEVOTED CHIEF, who prov'd by deeds The hardest lesson which the other taught. Then ARISTIDES lifts his honest front: Spotless of heart, to whom th' unflattering voice 460 Of freedom gave the noblest name of Just; In pure majestic poverty rever'd; Who, even his glory to his country's weal Submitting, swell'd a haughty + Rival's fame. Rear'd by his care, of fofter ray appears at 165 CIMON fweet-foul'd; whose genius, rifing strong, Shook off the load of young debauch; abroad The scourge of Persian pride, at home the friend Of every worth and every splendid art; Modest, and simple, in the pomp of wealth. Then the last worthies of declining GREECE, 10 Late call'd to glory, in unequal times, and hand Pensive, appear. The fair Corinthian boast, TIMOLEON, happy temper! mild, and firm, Who wept the Brother, while the Tyrant bled. 475 And, equal to the best, the THEBAN PAIR, Whose virtues, in beroic Concord join'd, Their country rais'd to freedom, empire, fame. He too, with whom Athenian honour funk, 11 And left a mass of fordid lees behind, PHOCION the Good; in public life fevere, To virtue still inexorably firm; But when, beneath his low illustrious roof,

<sup>\*</sup> Leonidas. † Themistocles.

<sup>1</sup> PELOPIDAS and EPAMINONDAS.

#### 182 WINTER.

Sweet peace and happy wisdom smooth'd his brow,
Not friendship softer was, nor love more kind. 485
And he, the last of old Lycurous' sons.
The generous victim to that vain attempt,
To save a rotten state, Agis, who saw
Even Sparta's self to servile avarice sunk.
The two Achaian heroes close the train. 490
Aratus, who a while relum'd the soul
Of fondly lingering liberty in Greece:
And he her darling as her latest hope,
The gallant Philopoemen; who to arms
Turn'd the luxurious pomp he could not cure; 495
Or toiling in his farm, a simple swain;
Or, bold and skilful, thundering in the field.

Or rougher front, a mighty people come! A race of heroes! in those virtuous times Which knew no stain, fave that with partial slame 500 Their dearest country they too fondly lov'd: Her better Founder first, the light of ROME, NUMA, who foften'd her rapacious fons: SERVIUS the King, who laid the folid base. On which o'er earth the wast republic spread. 505 Then the great confuls venerable rife. The \* Public Father, who the Private quell'd, And on the dread tribunal sternly fad. He, whom his thankless country could not lose, CAMILLUS, only vengeful to her foes. 510 FABRICIUS, scorner of all-conquering gold;

<sup>\*</sup> MARCUS JUNIUS BRUTUS.

And CINCINNATUS, awful from the plough. Thy \* WILLING VICTIM, Carthage, bursting loofe From all that pleading Nature could oppose, From a whole city's tears, by rigid faith 515 Imperious call'd, and honour's dire command. Scipio, the gentle chief, humanely brave, Who foon the race of spotless glory ran, And, warm in youth, to the Poetic Shade With Friendship and Philosophy retir'd. 520 Tully, whose powerful eloquence a while Restrain'd the rapid fate of rushing Rome. Unconquer'd CATO, virtuous in extreme. And thou, unhappy BRUTUS, kind of heart, Whose steady arm, by awful virtue urg'd, Lifted the Roman feel against thy Friend. Thousands besides the tribute of a verse Demand: but who can count the stars of heaven? Who fing their influence on this lower world?

Behold, who yonder comes! in fober state, 530 Fair, mild, and strong, as is a vernal sun:
'Tis Phabus' self, or else the Mantuan Swain!
Great Homer too appears, of daring wing,
Parent of song! and equal by his side,
The British Muse; join'd hand in hand they walk,
Darkling, full up the middle steep to same.

536
Nor absent are those shades, whose skilful touch
Pathetic drew th' impassion'd heart, and charm'd

#### 184 WINTER.

Transported Athens with the MORAL SCENE:
Nor those who, tuneful, wak'd th' enchanting LYRE-

FIRST of your kind! fociety divine! 541 Still visit thus my nights, for you referv'd, And mount my foaring foul to thoughts like yours. Silence, thou lonely power! the door be thine; See on the hallowed hour that none intrude, 545 Save a few chosen friends, who sometimes deign To bless my humble roof, with fense refin'd, Learning digested well, exalted faith, Unstudy'd wit, and humour ever gay. Or from the Muses' hill will Pope descend, 550 To raise the facred hour, to bid it smile, And with the focial spirit warm the heart: For tho' not sweeter his own Homer sings, Yet is his life the more endearing fong.

WHERE art thou, HAMMOND? thou the darling pride,
The friend and lover of the tuneful throng! 556
Ah why, dear youth, in all the blooming prime
Of vernal genius, where disclosing fast
Each active worth, each manly virtue lay,
Why wert thou ravish'd from our hope so soon? 560
What now avails that noble thirst of same,
Which stung thy servent breast! that treasur'd store.
Of knowledge, early gain'd? that eager zeal
To serve thy country, glowing in the band.
Of YOUTHFUL PATRIOTS, who sustain her name?
What now, alas! that life-diffusing charm
566

Of sprightly wit? that rapture for the Muse, That heart of friendship, and that soul of joy, Which bade with foftest light thy virtues smile? Ah! only shew'd, to check our fond pursuits, 570 And teach our humbled hopes that life is vain!

Thus in some deep retirement would I pass

The winter-glooms, with friends of pliant foul, Or blithe, or folemn, as the theme inspir'd: With them would fearch, if Nature's boundless frame Was call'd, late-rising from the void of night, 576 Or forung eternal from th' ETERNAL MIND; Its life, its laws, its progress, and its end. Hence larger prospects of the beauteous whole Would, gradual, open on our opening minds; 580 And each diffusive harmony unite In full perfection to th' aftonish'd eye. Then would we try to fcan the moral World, Which, tho' to us it feems embroil'd, moves on In higher order; fitted, and impell'd, 585 By Wisdom's finest hand, and issuing all In general Good. The fage historic Muse Should next conduct us thro' the deeps of time: Shew us how empire grew, declin'd, and fell, In scatter'd states; what makes the nations smile, 590 Improves their foil, and gives them double funs; And why they pine beneath the brightest skies, In Nature's richest lap. As thus we talk'd, Our hearts would burn within us, would inhale That portion of divinity, that ray 595

Of purest heaven, which lights the public foul Of patriots, and of heroes. But if doom'd, In powerless humble fortune, to repress These ardent risings of the kindling foul; Then, even superior to ambition, we 600 Would learn the private virtues; how to glide Thro' shades and plains, along the smoothest stream Of rural life: or fnatch'd away by hope, Thro' the dim spaces of futurity. With earnest eye anticipate those scenes Of happiness, and wonder; where the mind, In endless growth, and infinite ascent, Rifes from flate to flate, and world to world. But when with these the serious thought is foil'd, We, shifting for relief, would play the shapes 610 Of frolic fancy; and incessant form Those rapid pictures, that assembled train Of fleet ideas, never join'd before, Whence lively Wit excites to gay furprize; Or folly-painting Humour, grave himfelf, Calls Laughter forth, deep-shaking every nerve.

MEAN-TIME the village rouzes up the fire; While well attested, and as well believ'd, Heard folemn, goes the goblin-story round; Till fuperstitious horror creeps o'er all. 620 Or, frequent in the founding hall, they wake The rural gambol. Rustic mirth goes round; The simple joke that takes the shepherd's heart, Eafily pleas'd; the long loud laugh, fincere;

The

The kifs, fnatch'd hasty from the side-long maid, 625. On purpose guardless, or pretending sleep:

The leap, the slap, the haul; and, shook to notes

Of native music, the respondent dance.

Thus jocund sleets with them the winter-night.

THE city fwarms intense. The public haunt, 630 Full of each theme, and warm with mixt discourse, Hums indistinct. The fons of riot flow Down the loofe stream of false inchanted joy, To swift destruction. On the rankled foul The gaming fury falls; and in one gulph 635 Of total ruin, honour, virtue, peace, Friends, families, and fortune, headlong fink. Up-springs the dance along the lighted dome, Mix'd and evolv'd, a thousand sprightly ways. The glittering court effuses every pomp; The circle deepens: beam'd from gaudy robes, Tapers, and sparkling gems, and radiant eyes, A foft effulgence o'er the palace waves; While, a gay infect in bis fummer-shine, The fop, light-fluttering, fpreads his mealy wings. 645

Dread o'er the scene, the ghost of Hamlet stalks;
Othello rages; poor Monimia mourns;
And Belvidera pours her soul in love.
Terror alarms the breast; the comely tear
Steals o'er the cheek: or else the Comic Muse 650
Holds to the world a picture of itself,
And raises sly the fair impartial laugh.

Some-

Sometimes she lists her strain, and paints the scenes Of beauteous life; whate'er can deck mankind, Or charm the heart, in generous \*Bevil shew'd. 655

O Thou, whose wisdom, solid yet refin'd, Whose patriot-virtues, and consummate skill To touch the finer springs that move the world, Join'd to whate'er the Graces can bestow, And all Apollo's animating fire, 660 Give thee, with pleafing dignity, to shine At once the guardian, ornament, and joy, Of polish'd life; permit the Rural Muse, O CHESTERFIELD, to grace with thee her fong! Ere to the shades again she humbly flies, 665 Indulge her fond ambition, in thy train, (For every Muse has in thy train a place) To mark thy various full-accomplish'd mind: To mark that spirit, which, with British scorn, Rejects th' allurements of corrupted power; 670 That elegant politeness, which excels, Even in the judgment of presumptuous France, The boasted manners of her shining court; That wit, the vivid energy of fense, The truth of Nature, which, with Attic point, And kind well-temper'd fatire, fmoothly keen, Steals thro' the foul, and without pain corrects. Or, rifing thence with yet a brighter flame, O let me hail thee on fome glorious day.

<sup>\*</sup> A character in the Conscious Lovers, written by Sir Richard Steele.

When

When to the listening senate, ardent, croud

BRITANNIA's sons to hear her pleaded cause.

Then drest by thee, more amiably fair,

Truth the soft robe of mild persuasion wears:

Thou to assenting reason giv'st again

Her own enlighten'd thoughts; call'd from the heart,

Th' obedient passions on thy voice attend;

686

And even resuctant party seels a while

Thy gracious power: as thro' the varied maze

Of eloquence, now smooth, now quick, now strong,

Prosound and clear, you roll the copious slood.

To thy lov'd haunt return, my happy Muse: For now, behold, the joyous winter-days, Frosty, succeed; and thro' the blue serene For fight too fine, th' ethereal nitre flies; Killing infectious damps, and the fpent air Storing afresh with elemental life. Close crouds the shining atmosphere; and binds Our strengthened bodies in its cold embrace, Constringent; feeds, and animates our blood; Refines our spirits, thro' the new-strung nerves, 700 In swifter fallies darting to the brain; Where fits the foul, intenfe, collected, cool, Bright as the skies, and as the season keen. All Nature feels the renovating force Of Winter, only to the thoughtless eye 705 In ruin feen. The frost-concocted glebe Draws in abundant vegetable foul, And gathers vigour for the coming year.

A stronger glow sits on the lively cheek Of ruddy fire: and luculent along The purer rivers slow; their sullen deeps, Transparent, open to the shepherd's gaze, And murmur hoarser at the fixing frost.

710

Shakes

WHAT art thou, frost? and whence are thy keen stores Deriv'd, thou fecret all-invading power, 715 Whom even th' illusive fluid cannot fly? Is not thy potent energy, unfeen, Myriads of little falts, or hook'd, or shap'd Like double wedges, and diffus'd immense Thro' water, earth, and ether? Hence at eve, 720 Steam'd eager from the red horizon round, With the fierce rage of Winter deep fuffus'd, An icy gale, oft shifting, o'er the pool Breathes a blue film, and in its mid career Arrests the bickering stream. The loosened ice, 725 Let down the flood, and half dissolv'd by day, Ruftles no more; but to the fedgy bank Fast grows, or gathers round the pointed stone, A crystal pavement, by the breath of heaven Cemented firm; till, seiz'd from shore to shore, The whole imprison'd river growls below. Loud rings the frozen earth, and hard reflects A double noise; while, at his evening watch, The village dog deters the nightly thief; The heifer lows: the distant water-fall 735 Swells in the breeze; and, with the hasty tread Of traveller, the hollow-founding plain

Shakes from afar. The full ethereal round, Infinite worlds disclosing to the view, Shines out intenfely keen; and, all one cope Of flarry glitter, glows from pole to pole. From pole to pole the rigid influence falls, Thro' the still night, incessant, heavy, strong, And feizes Nature fait. It freezes on; Till morn, late-rifing o'er the drooping world, 745 Lifts her pale eye unjoyous. Then appears The various labour of the filent night: Prone from the dripping eave, and dumb cascade, Whose idle torrents only seem to roar, The pendant icicle; the frost-work fair, 750 Where transient hues, and fancy'd figures rife; Wide-spouted o'er the hill, the frozen brook, A livid tract, cold-gleaming on the morn; The forest bent beneath the plumy wave; And by the frost refin'd the whiter snow, Incrusted hard, and founding to the tread Of early shepherd, as he pensive seeks His pining flock, or from the mountain top, Pleas'd with the flippery furface, swift descends.

On blithsome frolicks bent, the youthful swains, 760. While every work of Man is laid at rest,

Fond o'er the river croud, in various sport.

And revelry dissolv'd; where mixing glad,

Happiest of all the train! the raptur'd boy

Lashes the whirling top. Or, where the Rhine 765.

Branch'd

#### 192 W I N T E R.

Branch'd out in many a long canal extends,
From every province swarming, void of care,
Ratavia rushes forth; and, as they sweep,
On sounding skates, a thousand different ways,
In circling poise, swift as the winds, along,
770
The then gay land is maddened all to joy.
Nor less the northern courts, wide o'er the snow,
Pour a new pomp. Eager, on rapid sleds,
Their vigorous youth in bold contention wheel
The long-resounding course. Mean-time, to raise
775
The manly strife, with highly blooming charms,
Flush'd by the season, Scandinavia's dames,
Or Russia's buxom daughters glow around.

Pure, quick, and sportful, is the wholesome day; But foon elaps'd. The horizontal fun, Broad o'er the fouth, hangs at his utmost noon: And, ineffectual, strikes the gelid cliff: His azure gloss the mountain still maintains, Nor feels the feeble touch. Perhaps the vale Relents a while to the reflected ray: 785 Or from the forest falls the cluster'd snow, Myriads of gems, that in the waving gleam Gay-twinkle as they scatter. Thick around Thunders the sport of those, who with the gun. And dog impatient bounding at the shot. 790 Worse than the season, desolate the fields; And, adding to the ruins of the year, Diffress the footed or the feathered game.

Bur

Bur what is this? Our infant Winter finks,
Divested of his grandeur, should our eye
Astonish'd shoot into the Frigid Zone;
Where, for relentless months, continual night
Holds o'er the glittering waste her starry reign.

THERE, thro' the prison of unbounded wilds, Barr'd by the hand of Nature from escape. Wide-roams the Russian exile. Nought around Strikes his fad eye, but defarts lost in fnow; And heavy-loaded groves; and folid floods, That stretch, athwart the solitary vast, Their icy horrors to the frozen main; And chearless towns far-distant, never bless'd, Save when its annual course the caravan Bends to the golden coast of rich \* Cathar. With news of human-kind. Yet there life glows; Yet cherish'd there, beneath the shining waste, The furry nations harbour; tipt with jet, Fair ermines, spotless as the snows they press; Sables, of gloffy black; and dark-embrown'd, Or beauteous freakt with many a mingled hue, Thousands besides, the costly pride of courts. There, warm together press'd, the trooping deer Sleep on the new-fallen snows; and, scarce his head Rais'd o'er the heapy wreath, the branching elk Lies flumbering fullen in the white abyss.

<sup>\*</sup> The old name for China.

The ruthless hunter wants nor dogs nor toils, 820 Nor with the dread of founding bows he drives The fearful flying race; with ponderous clubs. As weak against the mountain-heaps they push Their beating breast in vain, and piteous brav. He lays them quivering on th' enfanguin'd fnows, 825 And with loud shouts rejoicing bears them home. There thro' the piny forest half-absorpt, Rough tenant of these shades, the shapeless bear. With dangling ice all horrid, stalks forlorn. Glow-pac'd, and fourer as the storms increase, 830 He makes his bed beneath th' inclement drift. And, with stern patience, scorning weak complaint, Hardens his heart against assailing want.

Wide o'er the spacious regions of the north,
That see Boötes urge his tardy wain,
A boisterous race, by frosty \* Caurus pierc'd,
Who little pleasure know and fear no pain,
Prolific swarm. They once relum'd the slame
Of lost mankind in polish'd slavery sunk,
Drove martial † horde on horde, with dreadful sweep
Resistless rushing o'er th' enseebled south,
And gave the vanquish'd world another form.
Not such the sons of Lapland: wisely they
Despise th' insensate barbarous trade of war;
They ask no more than simple Nature gives,

845

<sup>\*</sup> The North-West Wind. † The wandering Scythian-Clans.

They love their mountains and enjoy their forms.

No false desires, no pride-created wants, Disturb the peaceful current of their time;

And thro' the reftless ever-tortur'd maze Of pleasure, or ambition, bid it rage. Their rain-deer form their riches. These their tents. Their robes, their beds, and all their homely wealth Supply, their wholesome fare, and chearful caps. Obsequious at their call, the docile tribe Yield to the fled their necks, and whirl them fwift 8:5 O'er hill and dale, heap'd into one expanse Of marbled fnow, as far as eye can sweep With a blue crust of ice unbounded glaz'd. By dancing meteors then, that ceaseless shake A waving blaze refracted o'er the heavens, 860 And vivid moons, and stars that keener play With doubled luftre from the gloffy wafte, Even in the depth of Polar Night, they find A wondrous day: enough to light the chase, Or guide their daring steps to Finland-fairs. 86; Wish'd Spring returns; and from the hazy south, While dim Aurora flowly moves before, The welcome fun, just verging up at first, By fmall degrees extends the fwelling curve! Till feen at last for gay rejoicing months, 870 Still round and round, his spiral course he winds, And as he nearly dips his flaming orb, Wheels up again, and reascends the sky." In that glad feafon, from the lakes and floods, K 2 Where

#### 196 W I N T E R.

Where pure \* Niemi's fairy mountains rife,
And fring'd with rofes † Tenglio rolls his stream,
They draw the copious fry. With these, at eve,
They chearful-loaded to their tents repair;
Where, all day long in useful cares employ'd,
Their kind unblemish'd wives the fire prepare.
830
Thrice happy race! by poverty secur'd
From legal plunder and rapacious power:
In whom fell interest never yet has sown
The seeds of vice: whose spotless swains ne'er knew
Injurious deed, nor, blasted by the breath
885
Of faithless love, their blooming daughters woe.

Still pressing on, beyond Tornéa's lake, And Hecla staming thro' a waste of snow, And farthest Greenland, to the pole itself, Where, failing gradual, life at length goes out, 890

<sup>\*</sup> M. de Maupertuis, in his book on the Figure of the Karth, after having described the beautiful Lake and Mountain of Niemi in Lapland, says——" From this beight we had deportunity several times to see those vapours rise from the Lake which the people of the country call Haltios, and which they deem to be the guardian Spirits of the Mountains. We had been frighted with stories of Bears that haunted this place, but saw none. It seem'd rather a place of resort for Fairies and Genii, than Bears."

<sup>†</sup> The same Author observes — "I was surprized to see upon the banks of this river (the Tenglio) Roses of as lively a red " s: any that are in our gardens."

The Muse expands her solitary slight;
And, hovering o'er the wild stupendous scene,
Beholds new seas beneath \* another sky.
Thron'd in his palace of cerulean ice,
Here Winter holds his unrejoicing court;
And thro' his airy hall the loud misrule
Of driving tempest is for ever heard:
Here the grim tyrant meditates his wrath;
Here arms his winds with all-subduing frost;
Moulds his serce hail, and treasures up his snows, 900
With which he now oppresses half the globe.

THENCE winding eastward to the Tartar's coast, She sweeps the howling margin of the main; Where undissolving, from the first of time, Snows fwell on fnows amazing to the fky; And icy mountains high on mountains pil'd, Seem to the shivering sailor from afar, Shapeless and white, an atmosphere of clouds. Projected huge, and horrid, o'er the furge, Alps frown on Alps; or rushing hideous down, 910 As if old Chaos was again return'd, Wide-rend the deep, and shake the solid pole. Ocean itself no longer can refift The binding fury; but, in all its rage Of tempest taken by the boundless frost, 915 Is many a fathom to the bottom chain'd,

The other Hemisphere.

K 3 And

And bid to roar no more: a bleak expanse, Shagg'd o'er with wavy rocks, chearlefs, and void Of every life, that from the dreary months Flies conscious southward. Miserable they! 020 Who, here entangled in the gathering ice, Take their last look of the descending sun : While, full of death, and fierce with tenfold frost, The long long night, incumbent o'er their heads, Falls horrible. Such was the + BRITON's fate, 925 As with first prow, (what have not BRITONS dar'd!) He for the passage sought, attempted since -So much in vain, and feeming to be shut By jealous Nature with eternal bars. In these fell regions, in Arzina caught, 930 And to the stony deep his idle ship Immediate feal'd, he with his hapless crew, Each full exerted at his feveral task, Froze into statues; to the cordage glued The failor, and the pilot to the helm. 935

HARD by these shores, where scarce his freezing stream. Rolls the wild Oby, live the last of Men;
And half enlivened by the distant sun,
That rears and ripens Man, as well as plants,
Here human Nature wears its rudest form.

940
Deep from the piercing season sunk in caves,

† Sir Hugh Willoughby, fent by Queen Elizabeth to discover the North-East Passage.

Here

Here by dull fires, and with unjoyous cheer, They waste the tedious gloom. Immers'd in furs, Doze the gross race. Nor sprightly jest, nor song, Nor tenderness they know; nor aught of life, Beyond the kindred bears that stalk without. Till morn at length, her roses drooping all, Sheds a long twilight brightening o'er their fields, And calls the quivered favage to the chace.

WHAT cannot active government perform, New-moulding Man? Wide-stretching from these, A people favage from remotest time, Thores, A huge neglected empire one VAST MIND, By HEAVEN inspir'd, from Gothic darkness call'd. Immortal PETER! first of monarchs! He His stubborn country tam'd, her rocks, her fens, Her floods, her feas, her ill-submitting sons ; And while the fierce Barbarian he fubdu'd. To more exalted foul he rais'd the Man. Ye shades of ancient heroes, ye who toil'd. 960 Thro' long fuccessive ages to build up A labouring plan of state, behold at once The wonder done! behold the matchless prince! Who left his native throne, where reign'd till then A mighty shadow of unreal power; 965 Who greatly spurn'd the slothful pomp of courts; And roaming every land, in every port His fceptre laid aside, with glorious hand Unwearied plying the mechanic tool,

K 4

Gathered

Gather'd the feeds of trade, of useful arts, 970 Of civil wisdom, and of martial skill. Charg'd with the stores of Europe home he goes! Then cities rife amid th' illumin'd waste: O'er joyless desarts smiles the rural reign : Far-distant flood to flood is social join'd: 975 Th' aftonish'd Euxine hears the Baltick roar: Proud navies ride on feas that never foam'd With daring keel before; and armies firetch Each way their dazzling files, repressing here The frantic Alexander of the north. 980 And awing there stern Othman's shrinking sons. Sloth flies the land, and Ignorance, and Vice, Of old dishonour proud: it glows around, Taught by the ROYAL HAND that rous'd the whole, One scene of arts, of arms, of rising trade: For what his wisdom plann'd, and power enforc'd, More potent still, his great example shew'd.

MUTTERING, the winds at eve, with blunted point, Blow hollow-blustering from the south. Subdu'd, The frost resolves into a trickling thaw. 990 Spotted the mountains shine; loose sleet descends, And sloods the country round. The rivers swell, Of bonds impatient. Sudden from the hills, O'er rocks and woods, in broad brown cataracts, A thousand snow-fed torrents shoot at once; 995 And, where they rush, the wide-resounding plain Is left one slimy waste. Those sullen seas,

That

That wash'd th' ungenial pole, will rest no more Beneath the shackles of the mighty north; But, roufing all their waves, refiftless heave. And hark! the lengthening roar continuous runs Athwart the rifted deep: at once it bursts, And piles a thousand mountains to the clouds. Ill fares the bark with trembling wretches charg'd, That, tost amid the floating fragments, moors Beneath the shelter of an icy isle, While night o'erwhelms the fea, and horror looks More horrible. Can human force endure Th' assembled mischiefs that besiege them round? Heart-gnawing hunger, fainting wearinefs. The roar of winds and waves, the crush of ice, Now ceasing, now renew'd with louder rage, And in dire echoes bellowing round the main. More to embroil the deep, Leviathan And his unwieldy train, in dreadful sport, Tempest the loosened brine, while thro' the gloom, Far, from the bleak inhospitable shore, Loading the winds, is heard the hungry howl Of famish'd monsters, there awaiting wrecks. Yet PROVIDENCE, that ever-waking eye, Looks down with pity on the feeble toil Of mortals loft to hope, and lights them fafe, Thro' all this dreary labyrinth of fate.

'Tis done! dread Winter spreads his latest glooms, And reigns tremendous o'er the conquer'd year. 1025 How How dead the vegetable kingdom lies! How dumb the tuneful! Horror wide extends-His desolate domain. Behold, fond Man! See here thy pictur'd life; pass some few years, Thy flowering Spring, thy Summer's ardent strength, Thy fober Autumn fading into age, 1031 And pale concluding Winter comes at last, And thuts the scene. Ah! whither now are fled. Those dreams of greatness? those unfolid hopes Of happiness? those longings after same? 1035 Those reftless cares? those busy buftling days? Those gay-spent, festive nights? those veering thoughts Lost between good and ill, that shar'd thy life? All now are vanish'd! VIRTUE sole-survives. Immortal never-failing friend of Man, 1040 His guide to happiness on high. And fee! 'Tis come, the glorious morn! the fecond birth Of heaven, and earth! awakening Nature hears The new creating word, and starts to life, In every heightened form, from pain and death 1045 For ever free. The great eternal scheme, Involving all, and in a perfect whole Uniting, as the prospect wider spreads, To reason's eye refin'd clears up apace. Ye vainly wife! ye blind presumptuous! now, 1050 Confounded in the dust, adore that POWER, And WISDOM oft arraign'd: fee now the cause, Why unaffuming worth in fecret liv'd, And dy'd, neglected: why the good Man's share

In life was gall and bitterness of soul: 1055. Why the lone widow and her orphans pin'd In starving folitude; while luxury, In palaces, lay firaining her low thought, To form unreal wants: why heaven-born truth, And moderation fair, wore the red marks 1050 Of superstition's scourge: why licens'd pain, That cruel spoiler, that embosom'd foe, Imbittered all our blifs. Ye good diftrest! Ye noble few! who here unbending stand Beneath life's pressure, yet bear up a while, 1063 And what your bounded view, which only faw A little part, deem'd Evil, is no more: The florms of WINTRY TIME will quickly pass, And one unbounded Spring encircle all.

A

# H Y M N.

THESE, as they change, Almighty Father, thefe,

Are but the varied Gon. The rolling year Is full of Thee. Forth in the pleasing Spring THY beauty walks, THY tenderness and love. Wide flush the fields; the softening air is balm; Echo the mountains round; the forest smiles; And every sense, and every heart is joy. Then comes THY glory in the Summer-months, With light and heat refulgent. Then THY fun Shoots full perfection thro' the swelling year: 10 And oft THY voice in dreadful thunder speaks; And oft at dawn, deep noon, or falling eve, By brooks and groves, in hollow-whispering gales. THY bounty shines in Autumn unconfin'd, And spreads a common feast for all that lives. In Winter awful THOU! with clouds and storms Around

Around THEE thrown, tempest o'er tempest roll'd, Majestic darkness! on the whirlwind's wing, Riding sublime, Thou bidst the world adore, And humblest Nature with THY northern blast. 20

MYSTERIOUS round! what skill, what force divine, Deep felt, in these appear! a simple train, Yet fo delightful mix'd, with fuch kind art, Such beauty and beneficence combin'd; Shade, unperceiv'd, fo foftening into shade; 25 And all fo forming an harmonious whole; That, as they still succeed, they ravish still. But wandering oft, with krute unconscious gaze, Man marks not THEE, marks not the mighty hand, That, ever-busy, wheels the filent spheres; 30 Works in the fecret deep; shoots, sleaming, thence The fair profusion that o'erspreads the Spring: Flings from the sun direct the flaming day; Feeds every creature; hurls the tempest forth; And, as on earth this grateful change revolves, 35 With transport touches all the springs of life.

NATURE, attend! join every living foul,
Beneath the spacious temple of the sky,
In adoration join; and, ardent, raise
One general song! To Him, ye vocal gales, 40
Breathe soft, whose Spirit in your freshness breathes:
Oh talk of Him in solitary glooms!
Where, o'er the rock, the scarcely waving pine
4
Fills

Fills the brown shade with a religious awe. And ye, whose bolder note is heard afar, 45 Who shake th' astonish'd world, lift high to heaven Th' impetuous fong, and fay from whom you rage. His praise, ye brooks, attune, ye trembling rills; And let me catch it as I muse along. Ye headlong torrents, rapid, and profound; 50 Ye fofter floods, that lead the humid maze Along the vale; and thou, majestic main. A fecret world of wonders in thyfelf, Sound His stupendous praise: whose greater voice Or bids you roar, or bids your roarings fall. 55 Soft-roll your incense, herbs, and fruits, and flowers, In mingled clouds to HIM; whose sun exalts, Whose breath perfumes you, and whose pencil paints. Ye forests bend, ye harvests wave, to HIM; Breathe your still fong into the reaper's heart, 60 As home he goes beneath the joyous moon. Ye that keep watch in heaven, as earth afleep Unconscious lies, effuse your mildest beams, Ye constellations, while your angels strike, Amid the spangled sky, the silver lyre. 65 Great source of day! best image here below Of thy Creator, ever pouring wide, From world to world, the vital ocean round, On Nature write with every beam His praise. The thunder rolls: be hush'd the prostrate world; 70 While cloud to cloud returns the folemn hymn. Bleat out afresh, ye hills: ye mosfy rocks,

Return

Retain the found: the broad responsive lowe, Ye valleys, raise; for the GREAT SHEPHERD reigns : And his unsuffering kingdom yet will come. Ye woodlands all, awake: a boundless fong Burst from the groves! and when the restless day. Expiring, lays the warbling world afleep, Sweetest of birds! sweet Philomela, charm The listening shades, and teach the night His praise. 80 Ye chief, for whom the whole creation fmiles. At once the head, the heart, and tongue of all, Crown the great hymn! in fwarming cities vall, Assembled men, to the deep organ join The long-refounding voice, oft-breaking clear, 85 At folemn paufes, through the swelling base; And, as each mingling flame increases each, In one united ardor rife to heaven. Or if you rather chuse the rural shade, And find a fane in every facred grove; 00 There let the shepherd's flute, the virgin's lay, The prompting feraph, and the poet's lyre, Still fing the God of SEASONS, as they roll. For me, when I forget the darling theme, Whether the bloffom blows, the fummer-ray 95 Russets the plain, inspiring Autumn gleams; Or Winter rifes in the blackening east; Be my tongue mute, may fancy paint no more, And, dead to joy, forget my heart to beat!

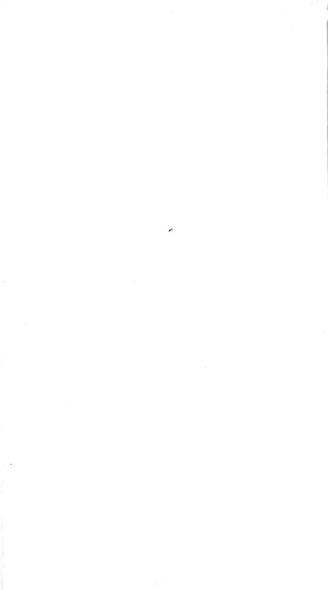
## 208 A H Y M N.

SHOULD fate command me to the farthest verge 100 Of the green earth, to distant barbarous climes, Rivers unknown to fong; where first the fun Gilds Indian mountains, or his fetting beam Flames on th' Atlantic isles; 'tis nought to me: Since God is ever present, ever felt, 105 In the void waste as in the city full; And where HE vital breathes there must be joy. When even at last the solemn hour shall come. And wing my mystic slight to future worlds, I chearful will obey; there, with new powers, 110 Will rifing wonders fing: I cannot go Where UNIVERSAL LOVE not smiles around. Sustaining all you orbs, and all their sons; From feeming Evil fill educing Good, And Better thence again, and Better still, 115 In infinite progression. But I lose Myself in HIM, in LIGHT INEFFABLE! Come then, expressive silence, muse HIS praise.

THE END.









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